

**PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL CONDOMINIUM TOWER
& RETIREMENT HOME DEVELOPMENT
1157-1171 NORTH SHORE BOULEVARD EAST
CITY OF BURLINGTON**

PROJECT No. : 18204

FUNCTIONAL SERVICING REPORT

Prepared For:

Spruce Partners

Prepared By:

The Odan/Detech Group Inc.

Original: September 19th, 2018

Revised: November 9th, 2018

Revised: August 15th, 2019

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The property under study is an approximately 1.22 Ha (3.0 acre) site located at 1157-1171 North Shore Boulevard East in the City of Burlington. The site is bound by the following:

- North Shore Boulevard to the south
- An existing residential highrise development to the east
- Existing detached house lots and a townhouse condominium to the north
- The Queen Elizabeth Way freeway (MTO Lands) to the west

Refer to the Key Plan in Appendix A for the site's layout and adjacent developments.

The site presently comprises two existing low rise residential buildings with associated driveway and parking structure.

For detailed topography of the existing site conditions as of March 12, 2018, refer to the topographic survey prepared by Mackay, Mackay & Peters Limited.

It is proposed to construct a residential highrise and retirement home development on the site. The proposed development comprises a driveway access from North Shore Boulevard at the site's southeast corner. The development comprises a single tower from ground floor to the 7th floor and two separate towers from the 8th floor to the 17th floor. Refer to the Site Plan by Montgomery Sisam Architects Inc. in Appendix A for the proposed development's layout. The development comprises 419 units total.

A road widening conveyance of North Shore Boulevard of varying width (typ. 5m) is being taken by the City of Burlington in the proposed development. The site's area post-development is 1.185 Ha.

This report will evaluate the serviceability of the site with respect to sanitary waste water, water and storm water management (SWM) and will implement the City's SWM criteria.

2.0 SCOPE OF WORK

THE ODAN/DETECH GROUP INC. was retained by **Spruce Partners** to review the Site, collect data, evaluate the Site for the proposed use and present the findings in a Functional Servicing Report in support of a Rezoning Application.

- a) Collecting existing servicing drawings from the CITY in order to establish availability and feasibility of Site servicing;
- b) Meetings/conversations with CITY Engineers and Design Team.
- c) Evaluation of the data and presentation of the findings in a Functional Servicing Report in support of a Rezoning Application.

3.0 SANITARY SEWERS

i) Existing Infrastructure

There is an existing 1800mm Region of Halton sanitary trunk sewer flowing westerly beneath the south boulevard of North Shore Boulevard, adjacent to the site's south frontage. Region plans show that the existing residential development on the site drains sanitary flows by an existing sanitary sewer connection directly into this trunk sewer. Refer to the Functional Servicing Plan for the existing sanitary lateral, to be abandoned. There is no local sanitary sewer beneath North Shore Boulevard.

Refer to the Functional Servicing Plan for the existing sanitary sewer infrastructure.

ii) Proposed Sanitary Servicing

Region of Halton engineering staff have preliminarily stated that the subject site may drain directly into the existing 1800mm sanitary trunk sewer adjacent to the site's south boundary, and that the receiving sewer has capacity for the proposed development. Refer to the email in Appendix A.

Refer to the Functional Servicing Plan for the proposed Sanitary Service Connection. Sanitary flows are calculated as follows.

The sanitary sewer design criteria and unit flow is provided in the Regional Municipality of Halton's *Water and Wastewater Linear Design Manual* (April 2015), as follows. The following information is provided in Tables 3-1 and 3-2 of the foregoing manual.

- Unit flow: q = average daily residential per capita dry weather unit flow = 0.275 m³/cap/day
- I/I = Unit of peak inflow/infiltration = 0.286 L/s/ha
- Apartment (over 6-storey): 285 p/ha and 0.275 m³/p/day or 0.003183 x 10⁻³ m³/p/s
- Apartment (less than 6-storey): 135 p/ha and 0.275 m³/p/day or 0.003183 x 10⁻³ m³/p/s
- Notwithstanding the above unit population, however, a unit population of 2.7 P/unit is assumed for the proposed condominium tower and retirement home development because the Region standard 285 P/ha unit population would result in a unit population of approximately 1.0 P/unit for the foregoing proposed statistics, which is unrealistic

The proposed sanitary flows are as follows. Refer to the detailed calculation on the following pages. A pumped flow rate of groundwater is included, as per Section 6.0.

TABLE 1 – Post-Development Sanitary Flow

Component	Population (P)	Average Flow (l/s)	Peak Sanitary Flow (l/s)	Inflow & Infiltration (l/s)	Pumped Groundwater Flow (l/s)	Total Flow (l/s)
Proposed	1131	3.14	11.8	0.35	3.2	15.4

Region of Halton engineering review staff confirmed in the enclosed email correspondence (Appendix A) that the receiving Halton Region sanitary trunk sewer has capacity for the proposed flows. The attached flow is marginally larger than originally anticipated on account of the pumped groundwater – Region staff are requested to review accordingly.

SANITARY & WATER FLOW CALCULATIONS				SCENARIO:		PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT		
This program calculates the sanitary discharge from various land use				FILL IN COLOURED CELLS AS REQUIRED				
COMMERCIAL SITE AREA (ha) =			NOTE:					
RESIDENTIAL SITE AREA (ha) =	1.23							
TOTAL SITE AREA (ha) =	1.23							
LAND USE	NUMBER OF UNITS	SITE AREA, (ha)	GROSS FLOOR AREA, m2	TOTAL POPULATION	TOTAL DAILY FLOW (LITERS)	AVERAGE DAILY FLOW l/sec	PEAKING FACTOR, M	TOTAL FLOW FROM LAND USE, l/sec
RESIDENTIAL Detached, using 55 person/site area				0	0	0.00	4.50	0.00
RESIDENTIAL Semi Houses, using 100 persons/site area				0	0	0.00	4.50	0.00
RESIDENTIAL Apartments (<6 st), using 135 persons/site area				0	0	0.00	4.50	0.00
RESIDENTIAL Apartments (>6 st), using 285 persons/site area				0	0	0.00	4.50	0.00
RESIDENTIAL Density 3, using 2.7 persons/unit	419			1131	271512	3.14	3.76	11.83
COMMERCIAL, Using 90 persons/ha (Floor Ha)				0	0	0.00	3.60	0.00
COMMERCIAL, Using 0.60 L/sec per ha				0	0	0.00	2.50	0.00
TOTAL				V1=	271512	Q1=	11.83	
						Q2=	0.00	
Q = (MqP/86400) + A * I (L/sec)						Qinfil	0.35	
						Qtot	12.18	
Q1= total flow from Residential Land Use (L/sec)			where : P is population					
Q2= total flow from Commercial Land Use (L/sec)			q = 0.275 m3/d/p = 0.004 L/sec/person for residential and					
Qinfil = total flow from infiltration (L/sec)			q = 0.60 L/sec/ha for commercial and offices					
Qtot = total flow (Land use + infiltration)			A = gross site area					
			i = 0.286 L/sec/ha (infiltration rate)					
V1= Total Volume from Land Use in liters			Peaking Factor M = 1 + [14 / (4 + (P/1000,1/2))] (for residential)					
			Peaking Factor M = 0.8* {1 + [14 / (4 + (P/1000,1/2))]} (for Commercial)					

4.0 WATER DISTRIBUTION

i) Background Information & Existing Infrastructure

There is an existing 250mm Ductile Iron watermain beneath the south side of North Shore Boulevard East, adjacent to the site's south frontage. Refer to the Functional Servicing Plan for the layout of the adjacent watermains.

ii) Design Considerations

Fire and domestic water service will be provided by the above existing watermain. Refer to the Functional Servicing Plan for the proposed water services.

There are existing fire hydrants on the south side of North Shore Blvd, opposite the site, and on the north side, east of the subject site. Both existing adjacent hydrants are more than 45m from any point on the proposed building (refer to the radius shown on the Functional Servicing Plan) therefore a new hydrant is proposed as shown on the Functional Servicing Plan.

The pressures and volumes must be sufficient for Peak hour conditions and under fire conditions as established by the Ministry of Environment and the Fire Underwriters Survey booklet (1999). The minimal residual pressure under fire conditions is 140 kPa (20.3 psi).

The allowable pressures are as follows:

Condition	Allowable Pressures (kpa)	
	min.	max.
1) Min. Hour	275	700
2) Peak Hour	275	700
3) Peak Day + Fire Flow	140	700

The water demand for redeveloped Building is calculated as follows:

a)	Average Day domestic demand – (Table 1)	3.1 L/s
b)	Peak day demand - 2.25 x average daily demand	7.0 L/s
c)	Fire flow as per FUS 1999 manual	217 L/s

TABLE 2 – Fire Flow Demand for Proposed Development

	L/s	USGM
Peak Day Demand	7.0	111
Fire Flow (per FUS) Demand	217	3434
Total Development Water Demand	224	3545

In the following FUS calculations, the following assumptions were made:

- a) The proposed building will be sprinklered and the sprinklers monitored according to the NFPA 13 criteria
- b) The buildings will be of fire-resistive construction (reinforced concrete)
- c) The building's contents will be of non-combustible nature
- d) The horizontal separation distance from the adjacent buildings is as shown on the following *Fire Separation Distance Plan*

A hydrant flow test was conducted on the 250mm watermain beneath North Shore Boulevard and is provided on the following pages. The test report shows that there is a flow rate of 7392 USGM available at 20 psi residual pressure based on extrapolating from the static pressure to the First Pitot Reading.

If the flow rate at 20 psi is conservatively calculated based on the static pressure and the second pitot reading using the NFPA Section 4.10.1.2 calculation, rather than the first pitot reading, as follows, there is a flow rate of 4469 USGM available at a residual pressure of 20 psi.

$$Q_R = Q_F * \frac{h_r^{0.54}}{h_f^{0.54}}$$

Where:

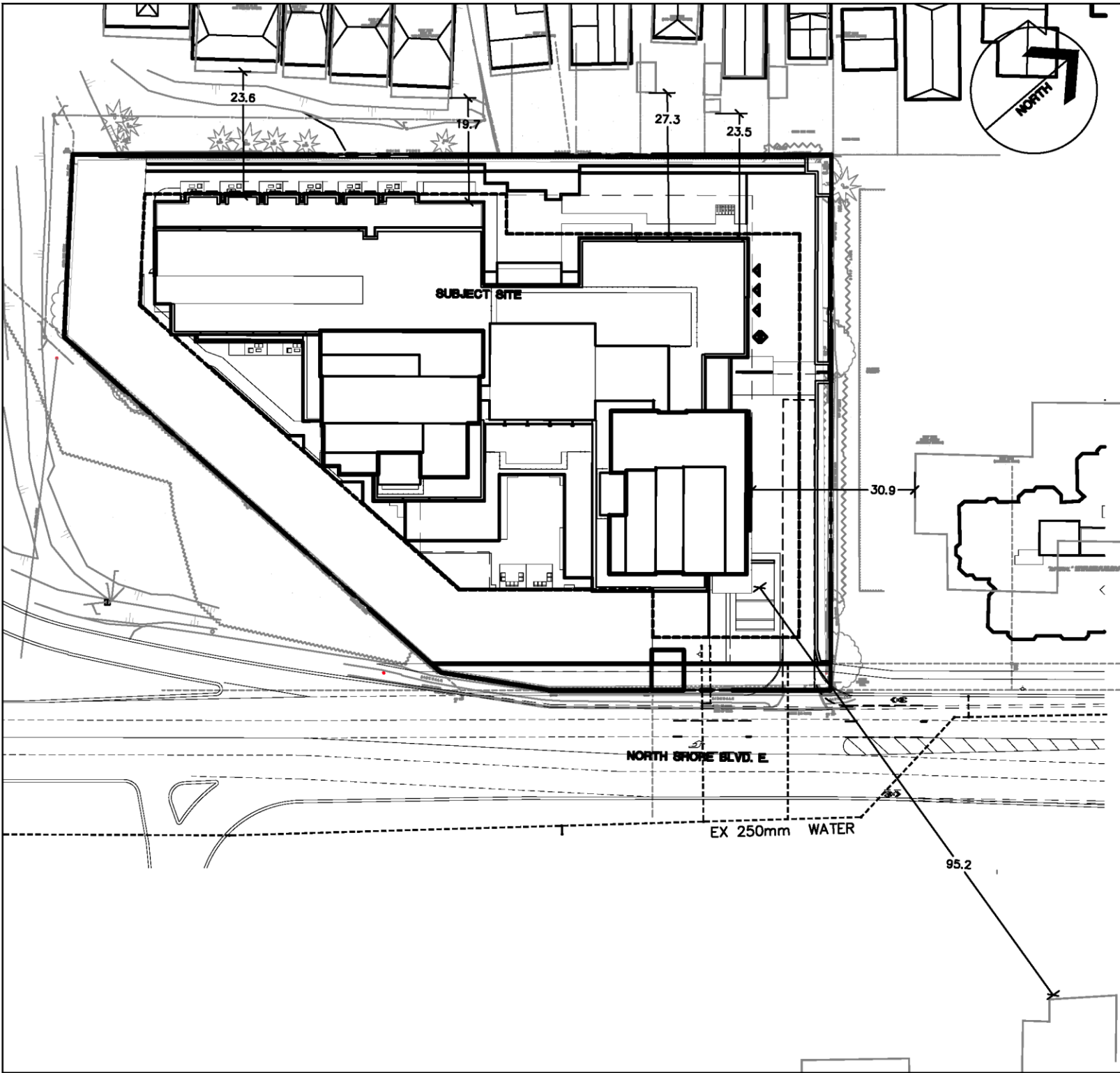
Q_R = Flow at 20 psi

Q_F = Total flow measured during test

h_r = Pressure drop to 20 psi

h_f = Pressure drop measured during test

The available flow (conservatively calculated based on the second, lower, pitot reading to be 4469 USGM) is greater than the development water demand – 3545 USGM – therefore it follows that the existing watermain is adequate to service the subject site.



LEGEND

 PROPERTY LINE

DRAWING :

**FIRE SEPARATION
DISTANCE PLAN**

DATE:	PROJ. NO.:	SCALE:
JUNE 2018	18204	1:1000

PROJECT : **PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL
DEVELOPMENT**
1167-1171 NORTH SHORE BLVD. E.
BURLINGTON, ON



The Odan/Detech Group Inc. P: (905) 632-3811 F: (905) 632-3263
5239 SOUTH SERVICE ROAD, BURLINGTON, ONTARIO, L7L 9K2

WATER SUPPLY FOR PUBLIC FIRE PROTECTION , FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY
 GUIDE FOR DETERMINATION OF REQUIRED FIRE FLOWS

F = 220 x C x √ A
 Where:
F = required fire flow in liters per minute
C = Coefficient related to the type of construction
A = the total floor area in square meters (excluding basements) in the building considered

LOCATION:	<input type="text" value="Burlington"/>	PROJECT: 1157 North Shore Boulevard
OBC OCCUPANCY:	<input type="text" value="Residential"/>	PROJECT No 18204
BUILDING FOOT PRINT (m2):	<input type="text" value="5133"/>	
# OF STOREYS	<input type="text" value="17"/>	
CONSTRUCTION CLASS:	<input type="text" value="Fire Resistive"/>	
AUTOMATED SPRINKLER PROTECTION		
NFPA 13 sprinkler standard	Credit	Total
Standard Water Supply	yes 30%	50%
Fully Supervised System	yes 10%	
	yes 10%	
	50%	
CONTENTS FACTOR:	<input type="text" value="Limited Combustible"/>	CHARGE: -15%
EXPOSURE 1 (south) N/A	Distance to Exposure Building (m) Length - Height	>45 0%
EXPOSURE 2 (east) Existing Apartment	Distance to Exposure Building (m) Length - Height	30 10%
EXPOSURE 3 (west) N/A	Distance to Exposure Building (m) Length - Height	>45 0%
EXPOSURE 4 (north) Existing House Garage	Distance to Exposure Building (m) Length - Height	19.7 15%
		Total: 25% no more than 75%
ARE BUILDINGS CONTIGUOUS:	<input type="text" value="Yes"/>	
FIRE RESISTANT BUILDING	Are vertical openings and exterior vertical communications protected with a minimum one (1) hr rating	<input type="text" value="No"/>
CALCULATIONS	C = 0.6 Fire Resistive A = 22609 m ² 2 Largest Floors + 50% floors above up to 8	
Round to Nearest 1000 L/min	F = 19848 L/min F = 20000 L/min must be > 2000 L/min	
CORRECTION FACTORS:	OCCUPANCY -3000 L/min FIRE FLOW ADJUSTED FOR OCCUPANCY 17000 L/min REDUCTION FOR SPRINKLER -8500 L/min EXPOSURE CHARGE 4250 L/min	
REQUIRED FIRE FLOW	F = 12750 L/min Round to Nearest 1000 L/min F = 13000 L/min 3434 usgm F = 217 L/sec	

Coefficient related to type of construction	
1.5	Wood Frame
1	Ordinary
0.8	Non combustible
0.6	Fire Resistive

Contents	Charge
Non-Combustible	-25%
limited Combustible	-15%
Combustible	0%
Free Burning	15%
Rapid Burning	25%

Separation	Charge
0-3 m	25%
3.1 -10 m	20%
10.1 - 20 m	15%
20.1 - 30 m	10%
30.1 - 45	5%
> 45 m	0%

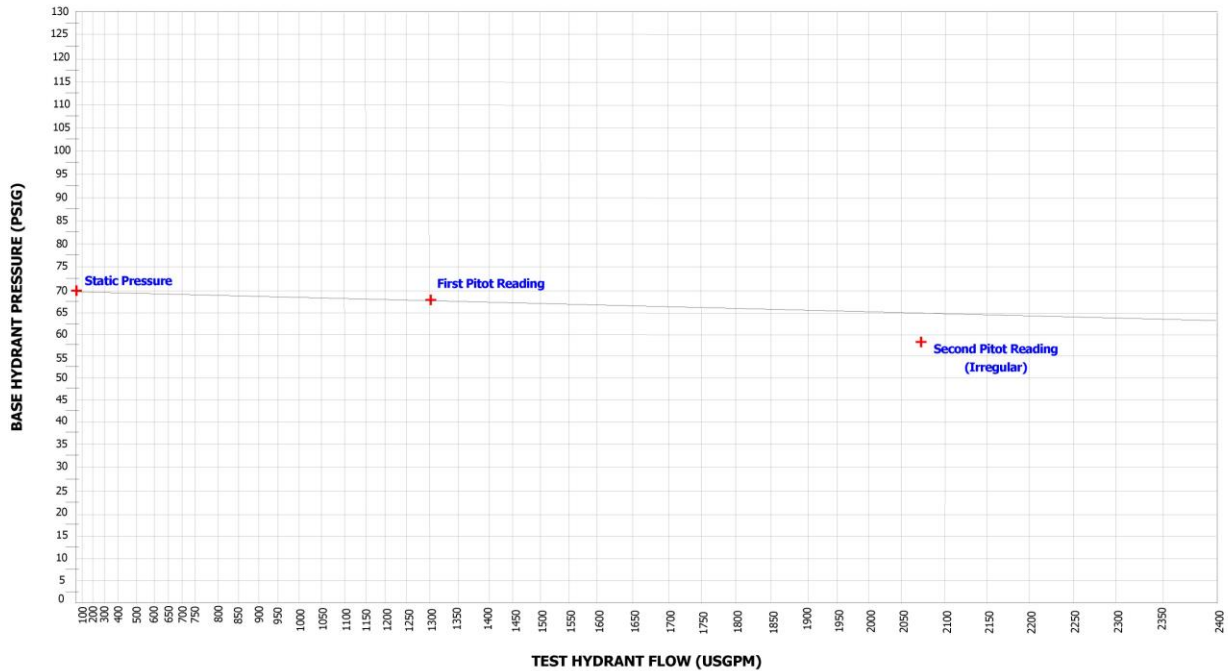
STOREY AREAS m ²	
5860	1+mezz
4875	2
4370	3
4369	4
4366	5
4364	6
1899	7
1460	8
1460	9
1460	10



Telephone: (905) 547-6770
 Toll Free: (800)-734-5732
 E-mail: jww@bellnet.ca
 Website: www.jacksonwaterworks.ca


FIRE HYDRANT FLOW TEST RESULTS

TEST #1 of 1



No. of Ports Open	Port Dia. (in)	Pitot Reading (psig)	Pitot Conversion (usgpm) Conversion Factor = 0	Residual Pressure (psig)
1	2.50	60	1300	68
2	2.50	38/38	2068	58
THEORETICAL FLOW @ 20psi			7392	

Test Date	13 April 2018
Test Time	10:15am
Pipe Diameter (in)	10
Static Pressure (psig)	70

Site Information	
Site Name or Developer Name	Spruce Partners Inc. Engineer: Odan Detech Group
Site Address/Municipality	1157-1171 North Shore Boulevard East, Burlington
Location of Test Hydrant	Near 1157-1171 North Shore Boulevard East
Location of Base Hydrant	Near 1225 North Shore Boulevard East
Comments	Testing has been completed in accordance with NFPA-291 guidelines wherever and whenever possible and practical. Conversion factors for pitot tube readings have been used depending on hose nozzle internal design and installation profile. Refer to attached cover letter for additional information.
Verified By	 Mark Schmidt

221 Sherman Avenue North, Hamilton, Ontario L8L 6N2

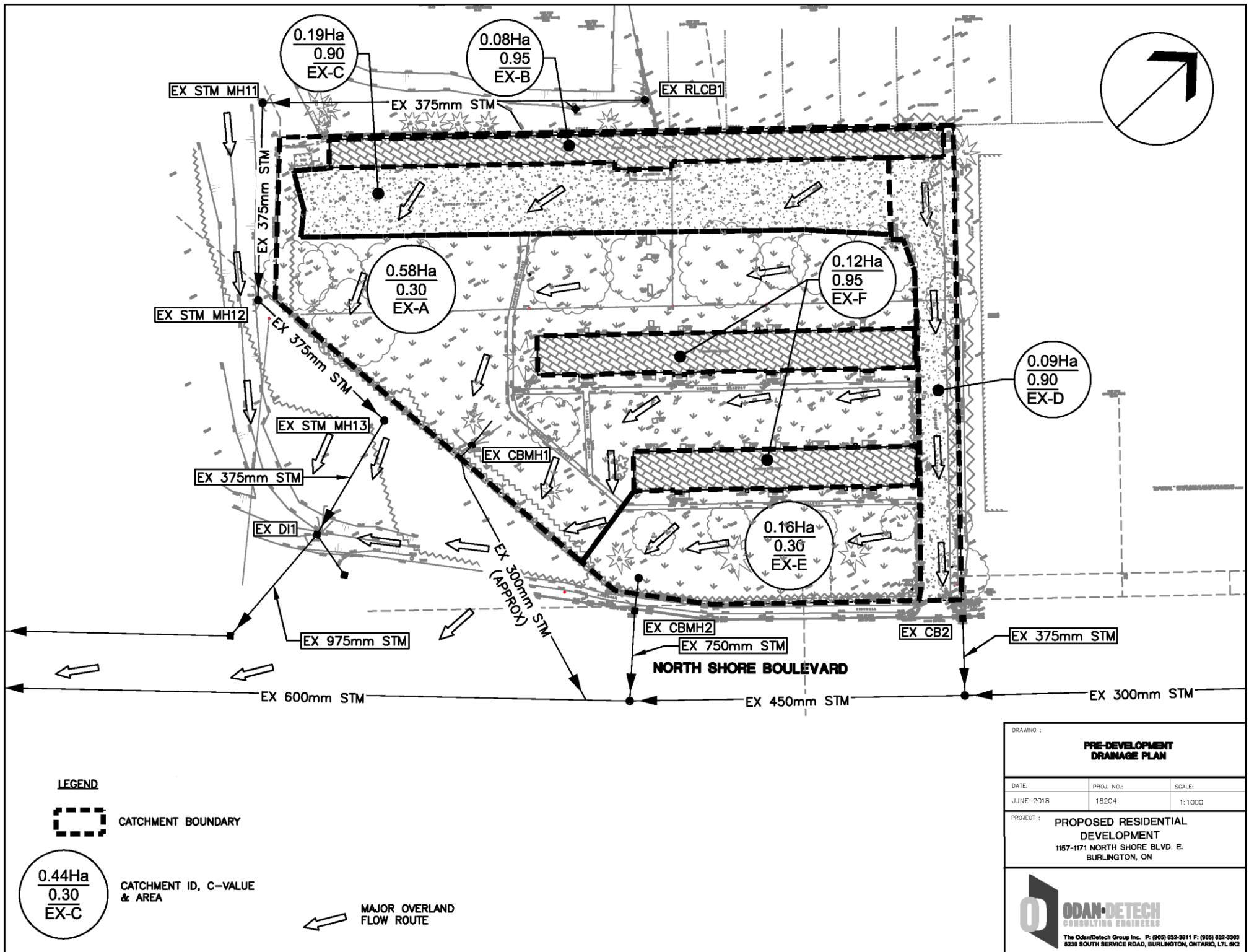
5.0 STORM DRAINAGE & STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

i) Background Information & Existing Infrastructure

The following storm sewers presently exist beneath the streets bordering the subject site:

- 1) There is an existing 450mm/600mm storm sewer flowing westerly beneath the south side of North Shore Boulevard, adjacent to the site's south frontage. This sewer increases in size to 600mm west of the site and ultimately discharges into the Hamilton Harbour via Indian Creek west of the Queen Elizabeth Way. A portion of the subject site (Catchment EX-D, EX-E, EX-F) appears to presently drain into this sewer via overland flow and by an existing catchbasin-manhole near the site's west property line. Refer to the Pre-Development Drainage Plan on the following page for pre-development drainage patterns.
 - a. There is a catchbasin-manhole structure (EX CBMH2) in the north gutter of North Shore Boulevard which drains by a 750mm pipe southerly beneath North Shore Boulevard into the 600mm storm pipe flowing westerly beneath the south side of North Shore. The subject site existing topography is a portion of the site (EX-D, EX-E, EX-F) sheet flows overland into this structure as shown on the Pre-Development Drainage Plan on the following page.
 - b. There is additionally a catchbasin-manhole (EX CBMH1) within the site which the field notes from CCTV investigation by Markit Locates (Appendix B) identifies is connected to the 600mm storm sewer beneath North Shore Blvd. via a 300mm lead which is at-least partially collapsed.
- 2) There is an existing 975mm storm sewer flowing westerly beneath the north side of North Shore Boulevard, commencing southwest of the site in the adjacent MTO lands. This sewer receives flows from a portion of the subject site (Catchment EX-A, EX-B, EX-C) as well as the MTO Lands to the west, and the adjacent townhouse condominium to the north via the existing 375mm storm sewer, as follows.
- 3) There is an existing 375mm storm sewer adjacent to the north and west site limits. This sewer receives flows from the existing townhouse condominium to the north and conveys it into the above 975mm storm sewer on North Shore Boulevard. This sewer appears in the Buried Utility Map by Markit Locates in Appendix B.

Refer to the Pre-Development Drainage Plan on the following page for an overview of existing infrastructure and drainage patterns.



DRAWING :

PRE-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN

DATE:	PROJ. NO.:	SCALE:
JUNE 2018	18204	1:1000

PROJECT : **PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT**
1157-1171 NORTH SHORE BLVD. E.
BURLINGTON, ON

ODAN-DETECH
CONSULTING ENGINEERS

The OdanDetech Group Inc. P: (905) 632-3811 F: (905) 632-3263
5239 SOUTH SERVICE ROAD, BURLINGTON, ONTARIO, L7L 9K3

ii) Design Criteria

City of Burlington staff have provided the following stormwater management design criteria.

- 1) Quantity Control: Control 2-year to 100-year post-development storm flows to their respective pre-development storm flows.
- 2) Quality Control: 80% TSS Removal with a treatment train approach.

Design storm data for the City of Burlington 2-year to 100-year storms are shown below as per City standard S-IDF.

IDF-Curve	Intensity when <i>t</i>, time of concentration, is 10 minutes:
$I_2 = 592.6 / (6 + t)^{0.780}$	$I_2 = 68.2 \text{ mm/hr}$
$I_5 = 697.4 / (5 + t)^{0.764}$	$I_5 = 88.1 \text{ mm/hr}$
$I_{10} = 798.5 / (5 + t)^{0.763}$	$I_{10} = 101.1 \text{ mm/hr}$
$I_{25} = 926.9 / (5 + t)^{0.762}$	$I_{25} = 117.7 \text{ mm/hr}$
$I_{50} = 1019.4 / (5 + t)^{0.761}$	$I_{50} = 129.8 \text{ mm/hr}$
$I_{100} = 1114.1 / (5 + t)^{0.761}$	$I_{100} = 141.9 \text{ mm/hr}$

iii) Pre-Development (Allowable) Discharge Flow Rate

City staff have stated that the post-development storm flows should be controlled to the pre-development flows for 2-year through 100-year storms. The pre-development 2-year to 100-year storms are therefore determined as follows.

The pre-development catchment areas appear on the Pre-Development Drainage Plan on the prior page. The pre-development storm flows will be modelled using Visual OTTHYMO 2.3.2, with catchment statistics as follows. For drainage areas with significant imperviousness the calculation of effective rainfall in Visual OTTHYMO is accomplished using the “Standhyd” method. This method is used in urban watersheds to simulate runoff by combining two parallel standard unit hydrographs resulting from the effective rainfall intensity over the pervious and impervious surfaces. For pervious surfaces, losses are calculated using the SCS modified CN method.

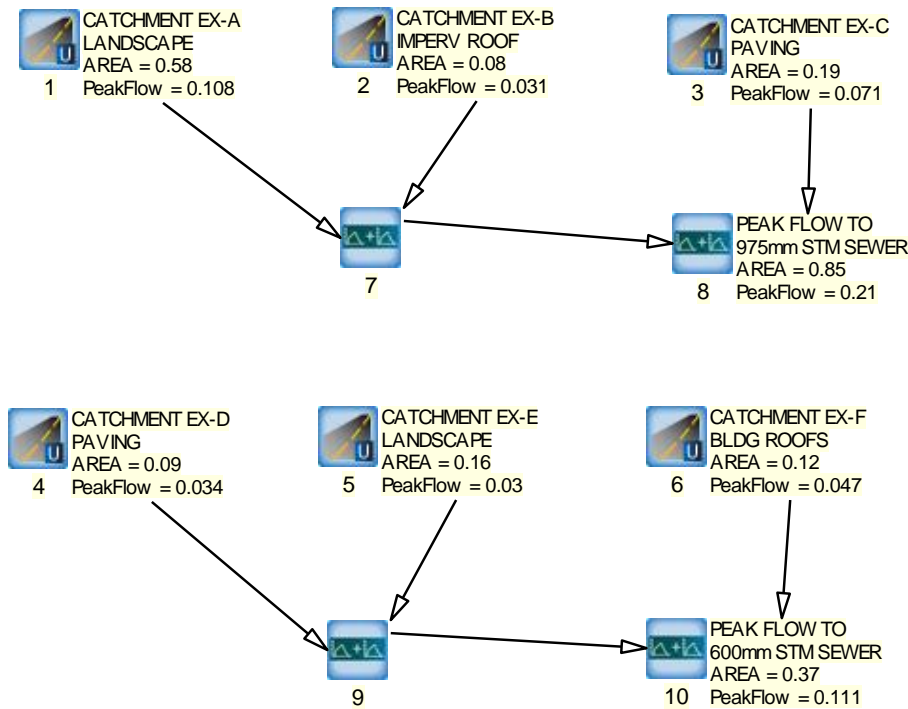
Pre-Development storm catchment areas as modelled in Visual OTTHYMO are as follows in Table 3. Refer to the Pre-Development Drainage Plan (above) for the areas.

TABLE 3 – Pre-Catchment Characteristics for the Site

Receiving Outlet Sewer	Area I.D.	Area (ha)	Hydrograph Method	% impervious	Imperviousness directly connected %	Loss Method for Pervious Area	CN for Pervious Area	Initial Abstraction for Pervious (mm)	Time to peak (T _p)
975mm N. Shore Blvd.	EX-A	0.58	StandHyd	30	30	SCS	80	1	-
	EX-B	0.08	StandHyd	99	99	SCS	80	1	-
	EX-C	0.19	StandHyd	90	90	SCS	80	1	-
600mm N. Shore Blvd.	EX-D	0.09	StandHyd	90	90	SCS	80	1	-
	EX-E	0.16	StandHyd	30	30	SCS	80	1	-
	EX-F	0.12	StandHyd	99	99	SCS	80	1	-

The foregoing areas were inputted into the Pre-Development Visual OTTHYMO Model as follows. Refer to the model output in Appendix B for the detailed output etc.

Figure 1 - Pre-Development Visual OTTHYMO Model showing Peak Flows in 100-Y Storm



The pre-development flows in each of the design storms based on the Visual OTTHYMO Output is as follows. It is shown below that the post-development flows into the receiving sewers by the proposed storm service connections is no more than the following flows.

TABLE 4 – Allowable Flow Rate

Design Storm	Pre-Development or Allowable Discharge to 975mm North Shore Blvd. Sewer (L/s)	Pre-Development or Site Allowable Discharge to 600mm North Shore Blvd. Sewer (L/s)
2-year	84	48
5-year	114	64
10-year	133	74
25-year	159	87
50-year	178	100
100-year	210	111

iv) Post Development Flow Analysis

City staff have stated that stormwater management quantity controls should be provided in the proposed development such that post-development flows are controlled so that they are no more than pre-development for each of the respective design storms, to the respective outlets, as shown in Table 4, above.

MTO was consulted regarding feasibility of maintaining the pre-development outlet to the 975mm storm sewer beneath the north side of North Shore Blvd. The email correspondence is provided in Appendix B. MTO Stated that they would not accept a storm drainage outlet to the 975mm storm sewer; that the outlet should strictly be the 600mm storm sewer beneath North Shore Blvd. Stormwater management criteria is thus the flow rates discharging to that sewer as established in Table 4.

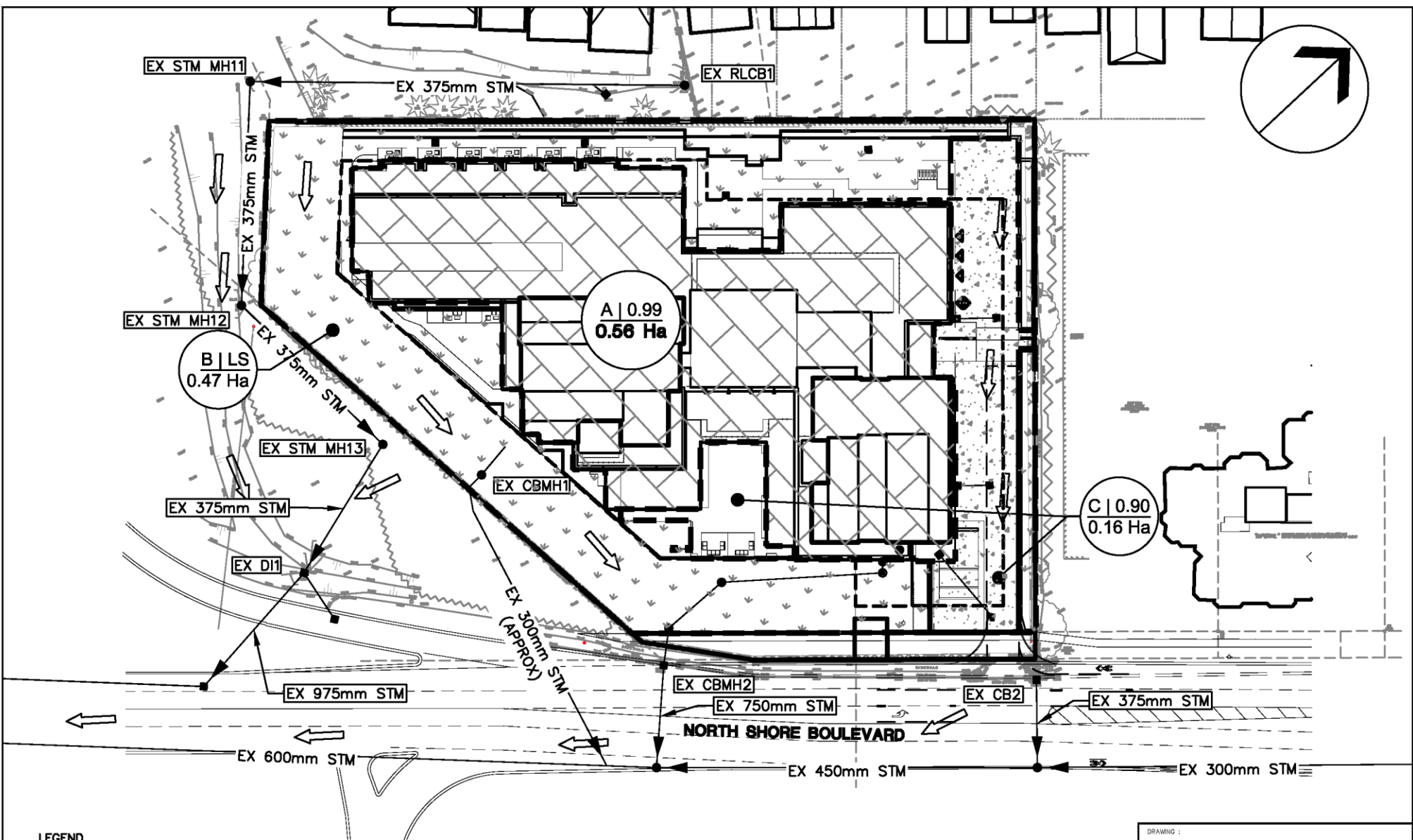
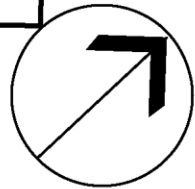
Storm runoff from all building roofs, including podiums and townhouses, will drain by mechanical roof drains, to mechanical storm piping, which will drain into the 100-year storm tank uncontrolled. There will be no rooftop ponding as per MTO Criteria. The ground-level areas will drain by a combination of area drains (where the areas are above the below-grade structure) and swales – such as in the MTO setback – which will drain to CB1 and thereafter drain to the 100-Year storm tank.

The storm tank will drain by site outlets to a storm connection to the existing structure on North Shore Blvd. The storm connection in the R.O.W. will also serve as the orifice tube, in accordance with MTO criteria.




Stormwater storage with controlled discharge will be required based on the foregoing criteria. The site has therefore been modelled using Visual OTTHYMO 2.3.2, as follows. For drainage areas with significant imperviousness the calculation of effective rainfall in Visual OTTHYMO is accomplished using the “Standhyd” method. This method is used in urban watersheds to simulate runoff by combining two parallel standard unit hydrographs resulting from the effective rainfall intensity over the pervious and impervious surfaces. For pervious surfaces, losses are calculated using the SCS modified CN method.

TABLE 5 - Catchment Characteristics for the Post-Developed Site

Area I.D.	Area (ha)	Hydrograph Method	% impervious	imperviousness directly connected %	Loss Method for Pervious Area	CN for Pervious Area	Initial Abstraction for Pervious (mm)	Time to peak (T _p)
A – Roof	0.56	StandHyd	99	99	SCS	80	1	-
B – Landscape	0.47	NashHyd	-	-	SCS	80	5	0.11
C - Paved	0.16	StandHyd	90	90	SCS	80	1	-



LEGEND

-  CATCHMENT BOUNDARY
-  BUILDING ROOF & IMPERVIOUS
-  LANDSCAPING

 CATCHMENT ID, % IMPERVIOUSNESS & AREA  MAJOR OVERLAND FLOW ROUTE

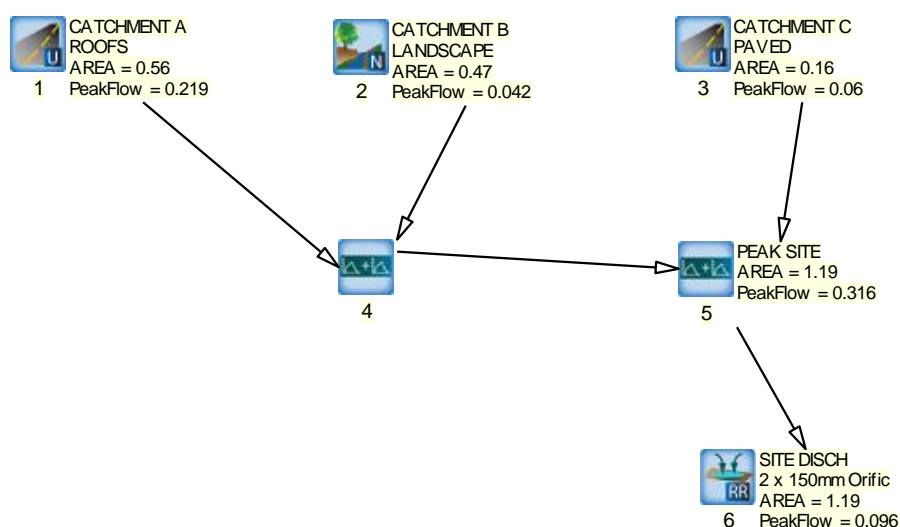
DRAWING :		
POST-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN		
DATE:	PROJ. NO.:	SCALE:
JUNE 2018	18204	1:1000
PROJECT :		
PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT 1157-1171 NORTH SHORE BLVD. E. BURLINGTON, ON		
 ODAN-DETECH CONSULTING ENGINEERS <small>The Odan-Detech Group Inc. P. (905) 632-3811 F. (905) 632-3983 6239 SOUTH SERVICE ROAD, BURLINGTON, ONTARIO, L7R 9C7</small>		

The runoff from the proposed development is greater than the pre-development scenario, therefore stormwater quantity controls are required to meet the pre-development stormwater quantity control criteria identified above.

Stormwater quantity control will be provided by a concrete storm tank located as shown on the Functional Servicing Plan. Two orifice tubes, as shown on the Functional Servicing Plan, will address the quantity control criteria.

The post-development Visual OTTHYMO hydrology and reservoir routing Model is as follows. Refer to the detailed output in Appendix B.

Figure 2 - Post-Development Visual OTTHYMO Model



The results of the Visual OTTHYMO model for the controlled discharge from the two orifices is as follows.

TABLE 6 – Controlled discharge rate and stormwater storage volume

Location	Design Storm	Site Allowable Discharge (L/s)	Controlled Discharge (L/s)	Required Stormwater Storage (m ³)
Entire Site Post-Development	2-year	48	38	106
Entire Site Post-Development	5-year	64	57	137
Entire Site Post-Development	10-year	74	68	158
Entire Site Post-Development	25-year	87	80	187
Entire Site Post-Development	50-year	100	89	211
Entire Site Post-Development	100-year	111	96	239

The stage/storage/discharge relationship for the orifices is as follows. The footprint of the storm tank must be 170m² which can be accommodated on the site as shown on the Functional Servicing Plan. A tank volume of 138m³ is required in the 100-year storm, which is provided as shown on the Functional Servicing Plan to storage depth 1.40m (elevation 79.65).

The stage/storage/discharge relationship for the storm tank is as follows. Two orifices are required to meet the storm-to-storm criteria for 2-year through 100-year storms.

The two orifices are both 150mm-diameter orifice tubes and are at elevations 78.25 and 78.85, as shown in the below Stage/Discharge relationship. Refer to the Functional Servicing Plan and Section E-E for the two proposed orifice tubes' locations.

Note that the two orifice tubes are located in the ROW so as to comply with MTO criteria.

The 238m³ storage tank will be a concrete tank constructed with the subject site below-grade parking garage structure.

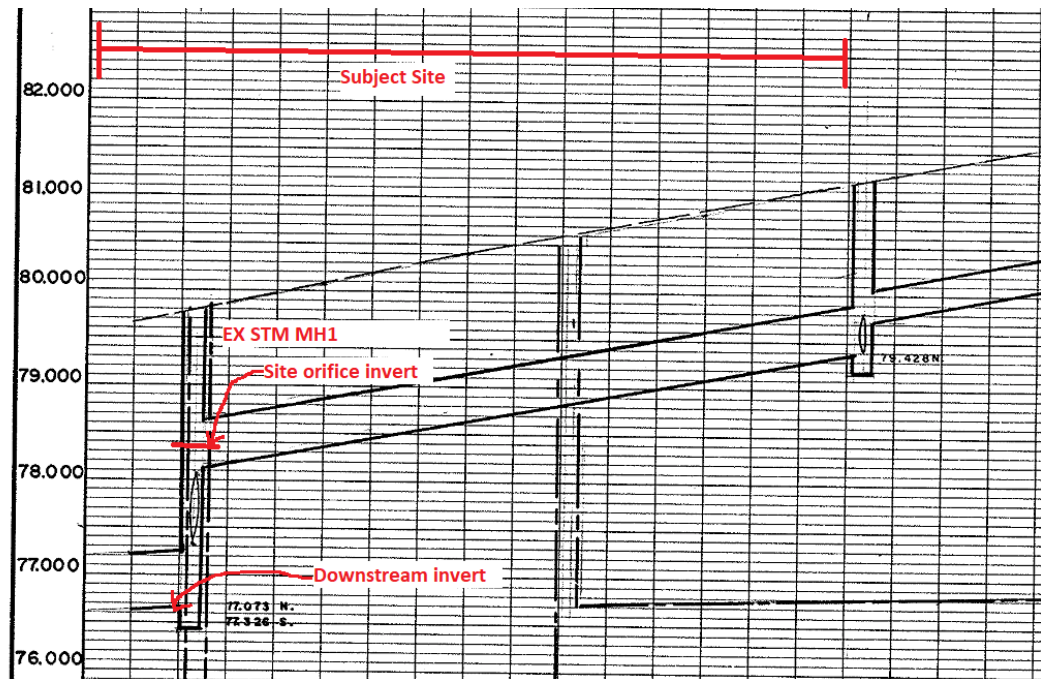
Stage Discharge		orifice 1		orifice 2					
Elevation Increment:	0.20	m	0.20						
Orifice Coefficient:	0.62		0.62						
Orifice area	0.0177	m ²	0.0177						
Orifice Size:	150	mm	150						
Orifice Invert	78.25	m	78.85						
Orifice centroid	78.325		78.925						

Elevation Description	Bottom Elevation (m)	Top Elevation (m)	Volume (m ³)	Discharge orifice1 (m ³ /s)	Discharge orifice2 (m ³ /s)	Total Discharge (m ³ /s)	Stage (m)	Tank Area (m ²)	
Bottom of Tank	78.00	78.25	0			0.000	0.00	0	0.0000
	78.00	78.45	34	0.017		0.017	0.20	170	0.0170
	78.00	78.65	68	0.028		0.028	0.40	170	0.0170
	78.00	78.85	102	0.035		0.035	0.60	170	0.0170
	78.00	79.05	136	0.041	0.017	0.058	0.80	170	0.0170
	78.00	79.25	170	0.047	0.028	0.074	1.00	170	0.0170
	78.00	79.45	204	0.051	0.035	0.087	1.20	170	0.0170
Roof of Tank	78.00	79.65	238	0.056	0.041	0.097	1.40	170	0.0170

This analysis assumes the following:

- 1) There is capacity in the receiving North Shore Boulevard storm sewer for the subject site. This, given that the site drained to this outlet pre-development and stormwater quantity can be controlled such that it is in compliance with each respective pre-development storm in the post-development scenario as per the foregoing analysis.
- 2) There is no backwater/tailwater effect in the receiving storm sewer system impacting free-flow of water through the site orifices. That is, the two orifices flow by free-flow from the outlet and the driving head is as per the above orifice relationship. The rationale for this downstream condition assumption is as follows:
 - a. There is a significant fall across the manhole on the mainline North Shore Boulevard 600mm storm sewer that the site drains into. Figure 3, as follows, is an excerpt from City Plan-Profile drawing no. MN-5_21 showing EX STM MH2 – note that the site orifice invert is 78.00, whereas the invert of the outlet is 76.64; 1.4m lower. This is a significant freeboard – the effect of flows and surcharging in the downstream 600mm storm sewer will be mitigated by this freeboard.

Figure 3 - Excerpt from plan-profile MN-5_21 of North Shore Boulevard marked-up showing outlet condition at subject site storm sewer connection



v) **Water Quality**

City engineering staff identified the stormwater quality control criteria applying to the runoff from this site to be Enhanced Quality Control (80% total suspended solids removal), with a treatment-train approach to quality control.

City engineering staff recognize conventional Oil-Grit Separators as providing 50% TSS Removal. Most Canadian municipalities now consider the *Canadian Environmental Verification (CETV)* the approval authority for Oil-Grit Separators.

The CETV certification for the *Stormceptor STC-model* conventional Oil-Grit Separator by Imbrium Systems Inc. concurs with the town engineering staff comment that the conventional OGS provides 50% TSS removal. Figure 4, as follows, is an excerpt from the *CETV Verification Statement – Imbrium Systems Inc. Stormceptor ... Oil-Grit Separators* (November 2017).

Figure 4 shows that the Stormceptor conventional OGS provides typically 50-70% TSS removal, therefore the conclusion holds that a conventional OGS does not satisfactorily address the stormwater quality criteria for this site because it does not provide 80% TSS.

Figure 4 - Excerpt from CETV Verification Statement for Stormceptor OGS

Table I. Removal efficiencies (%) of the EF4 at specified surface loading rates

Particle size fraction (µm)	Surface loading rate (L/min/m ²)						
	40	80	200	400	600	1000	1400
>500	90	58	58	100*	86	72	100*
250 - 500	100*	100*	100	100*	100*	100*	100*
150 - 250	90	82	26	100*	100*	67	90
105 - 150	100*	100*	100*	100*	100*	100*	100
75 - 105	100*	92	74	82	77	68	76
53 - 75	Undefined ^a	56	100*	72	69	50	80
20 - 53	54	100*	54	33	36	40	31
8 - 20	67	52	25	21	17	20	20
5 - 8	33	29	11	12	9	7	19
<5	13	0	0	0	0	0	4
All particle sizes by mass balance	70.4	63.8	53.9	47.5	46.0	43.7	49.0

TSS Removal efficiency is ~50%

^a An outlier in the feed sample sieve data resulted in a negative removal efficiency for this size fraction.

* Removal efficiencies were calculated to be above 100%. Calculated values ranged between 101 and 171% (average 128%). See text and [Bulletin # CETV 2016-11-0001](#) for more information.

The CETV also provides certification for stormwater quality filters that provide TSS removal by mechanical filtration through a filter media. One such model is the Jellyfish Filter by Imbrium Systems. The CETV verification statement for the Jellyfish Filter by Imbrium Systems states that it provides a minimum 80% TSS Removal. Figure 5, as follows, is an excerpt from the *CETV Verification Statement – Imbrium Systems Inc. Jellyfish Filter ...* (August 2017).

Figure 5 shows that the Jellyfish Filter provides 80% TSS Removal, therefore it addresses the City criteria for 80% TSS Removal. The entire Jellyfish Filter CETV Verification Statement is provided here in Appendix B.

Figure 5 - Excerpt from CETV Verification Statement for Jellyfish Filter

Table 4. Summary statistics for influent and effluent event mean concentrations for selected constituents

Water Quality Variable	Sampling Location	Min	Max	Median	Range	Mean	SD	Load based removal efficiency (%)
TSS	Influent (mg/L)	16.30	261.00	79.30	244.70	86.26	51.37	87.2
	Effluent (mg/L)	3.20	21.70	11.80	18.50	10.99	4.79	
SSC	Influent (mg/L)	78.20	1401.70	444.50	1323.50	482.26	338.34	98.6
	Effluent (mg/L)	2.80	18.10	7.30	15.30	7.88	3.77	
TP	Influent (µg/L)	887.00	8793.00	3063.00	7906.00	3550.20	1914.50	64.2
	Effluent (µg/L)	472.00	4769.00	1480.00	4297.00	1688.08	1059.98	
TN	Influent (µg/L)	1170.00	10479.00	3110.00	9309.00	3519.32	2161.47	46.3
	Effluent (µg/L)	553.00	6579.00	1610.00	6026.00	2091.76	1613.61	
Zn	Influent (µg/L)	0.005	7600.00	1500.00	7600.00	1792.00	1852.91	76.1
	Effluent (µg/L)	0.005	2760.00	450.00	2760.00	561.64	594.70	
Cu	Influent (µg/L)	0.001	880.40	79.50	880.40	171.28	229.33	92.1
	Effluent (µg/L)	0.001	51.30	6.90	51.30	14.36	17.22	
Oil and Grease	Influent (mg/L)	0.20	4.06	0.93	3.86	1.07	0.82	46.4
	Effluent (mg/L)	0.00	2.32	0.35	2.32	0.50	0.60	

It is accordingly proposed to provide a Jellyfish Filter by Imbrium to address City criteria for 80% TSS Removal. This is lieu of providing a conventional OGS with a treatment-train approach to providing 80% TSSR. The Jellyfish filter will be sized at the SPA stage.

6.0 GROUNDWATER

A memorandum titled *Preliminary Groundwater Summary Results* was prepared by Pinchin Environmental dated February 21, 2019. The memo provides quantitative and qualitative results regarding groundwater conditions derived from monitored wells installed on-site.

Pinchin's memo concludes in page 7 that the steady-state flow rate of groundwater is 103.6 m³/day (1.2 L/s) average flow.

Pinchin's memo concludes in page 5 that there are quality exceedances for discharge to either the Regional Sanitary Sewer (against Regional Municipality of Halton criteria) or City of Burlington storm sewers. From page 5, it is evident that only TSS (total suspended solids) is in exceedance of the sanitary sewer discharge criteria, whereas there are exceedances in TSS, BOD (biochemical oxygen demand) and Manganese for discharge to the storm sewer.

Given the quality of the water and relative ease of treatment in the different scenarios, it is proposed to discharge the collected foundation drainage/groundwater into the Regional sanitary sewer. Thus, groundwater entering the building's foundation drains will drain into the mechanical sump, and thereafter be pumped by the mechanical foundation drain pump into the building's proposed sanitary outlet.

The pump flow rate of groundwater/foundation drainage water is thus considered in site sanitary flow calculations.

Given that the average flow rate is 1.2 L/s, a mechanical sump pump flow rate of 3.2 L/s (50 US gallons per minute) is assumed as the peak flow rate of foundation drainage that will be pumped into the sanitary outlet. This flow rate is included in Table 1, above, whereby the pumped flow rate of groundwater is included in sanitary flow calculations.

It is preliminarily anticipated that filtration by the foundation drain filter socks, filtration through the standard foundation drain sand pit, and settlement in the sump, the TSS exceedance for discharge to the Regional sanitary sewer will be addressed.

7.0 CONCLUSIONS

From the foregoing investigation, the site is serviceable utilizing existing sanitary, storm and watermain infrastructure within and adjacent to the site. Storm water management can be accommodated with on-site storage as described in this report.

The following table summarizes the SWM and Servicing components of the proposed development.

TABLE 7 - Summary

	<i>Proposed Development</i>
Peak Sanitary Discharge (L/s) (including groundwater flow)	15.4
Proposed Sanitary Service	Proposed 300mm Sanitary Service
Receiving Sanitary Sewer	Existing Receiving 1800mm Regional Trunk Sewer
Existing Watermain	North Shore Blvd – 250mm
Development Water Demand	3545 USGM
Available Flow in Watermain at 20 psi	4469 USGM
Allowable release rate from site (100-Y)	111 L/s
Proposed Controlled release rate from site (100-Y)	96 L/s
100-Y Storm SWM Storage (m ³)	238

8.0 REFERENCES

1. Regional Municipality of Halton's *Water and Wastewater Linear Design Manual* (April 2015)

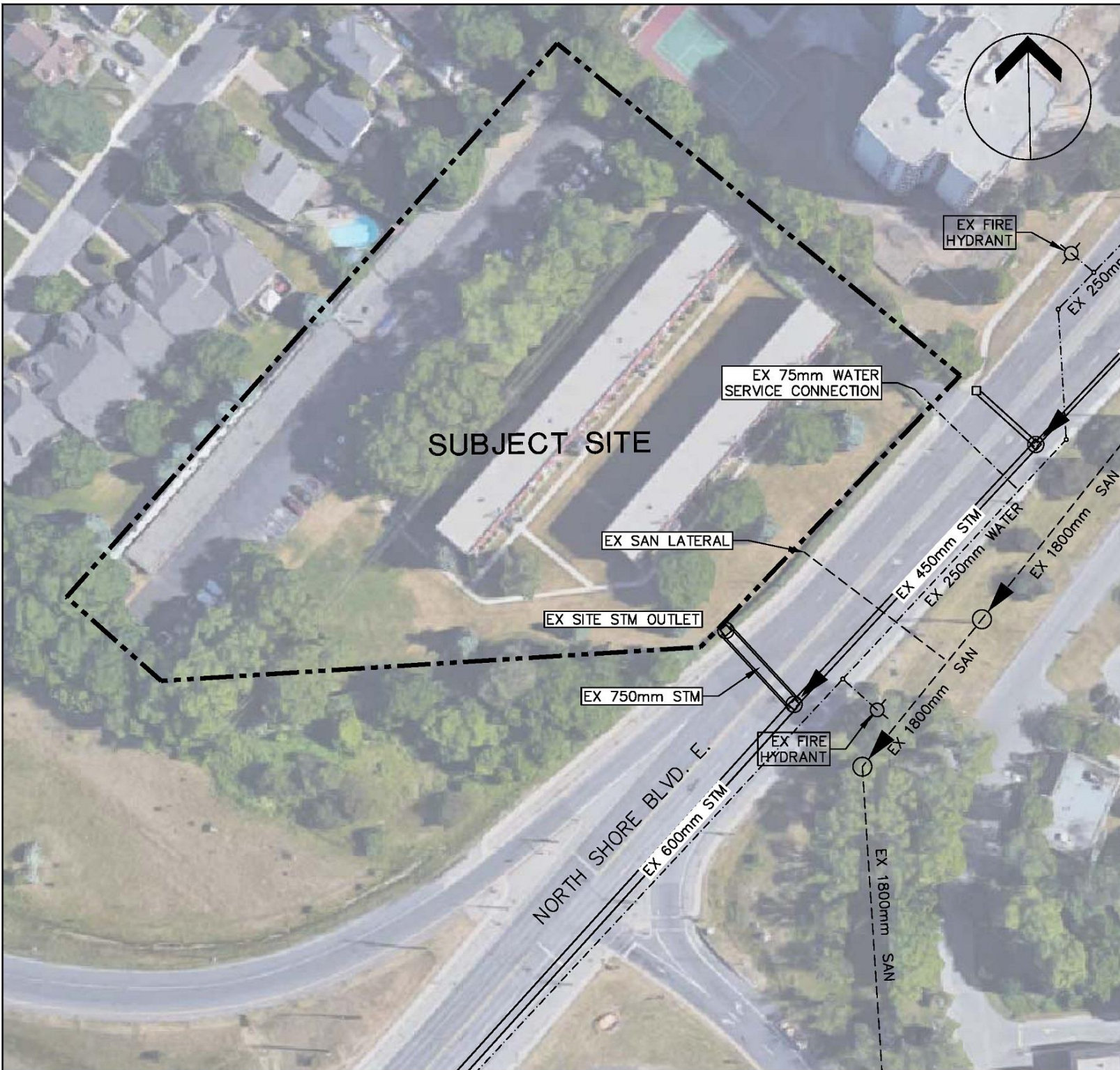
Respectfully Submitted;
The Odan Detech Group Inc.



Daniel Bancroft, P.Eng.

APPENDIX A

Existing Site	Aerial view of Site and surrounding areas
Site Plan	by MontgomerySisam
Statistics	by MontgomerySisam
Email Correspondence from Region Engineering Staff	



LEGEND
 PROPERTY LINE

SUBJECT SITE

NORTH SHORE BLVD. E.

DRAWING :		
KEY PLAN & EXISTING SERVICES		
DATE:	PROJ. NO.:	SCALE:
FEB. 2018	18204	N.T.S.
PROJECT :		
PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT 1157-1171 NORTH SHORE BLVD. E. BURLINGTON, ON		



ODAN-DETECH
 CONSULTING ENGINEERS
 The Odan/Detech Group Inc. P: (800) 832-3811 F: (800) 832-3383
 8230 SOUTH SERVICE ROAD, BURLINGTON, ONTARIO, L7L 9K2

Development Statistics

19.08.14

Montgomery Sisam Architects

		Statistic	Figure	Unit	Comments
Table A: DEVELOPMENT STATISTICS	(A)	Existing Site Area	12,186	sm	3.01 Acres
	(B)	ROW Dedication	336	sm	.08 Acres
	(C)	New Site Area (A - B)	11,850	sm	2.93 Acres
	(D)	GFA	42,532	sm	* See Table D
	(E)	FAR (D / C)	3.59		
	(F)	Unit Count	419	Units	* See Table B
	(G)	Resident Population	600	People	
	(H)	Staff Population	180	People	* On site at any given time
	(I)	Total Population on Site	780	People	

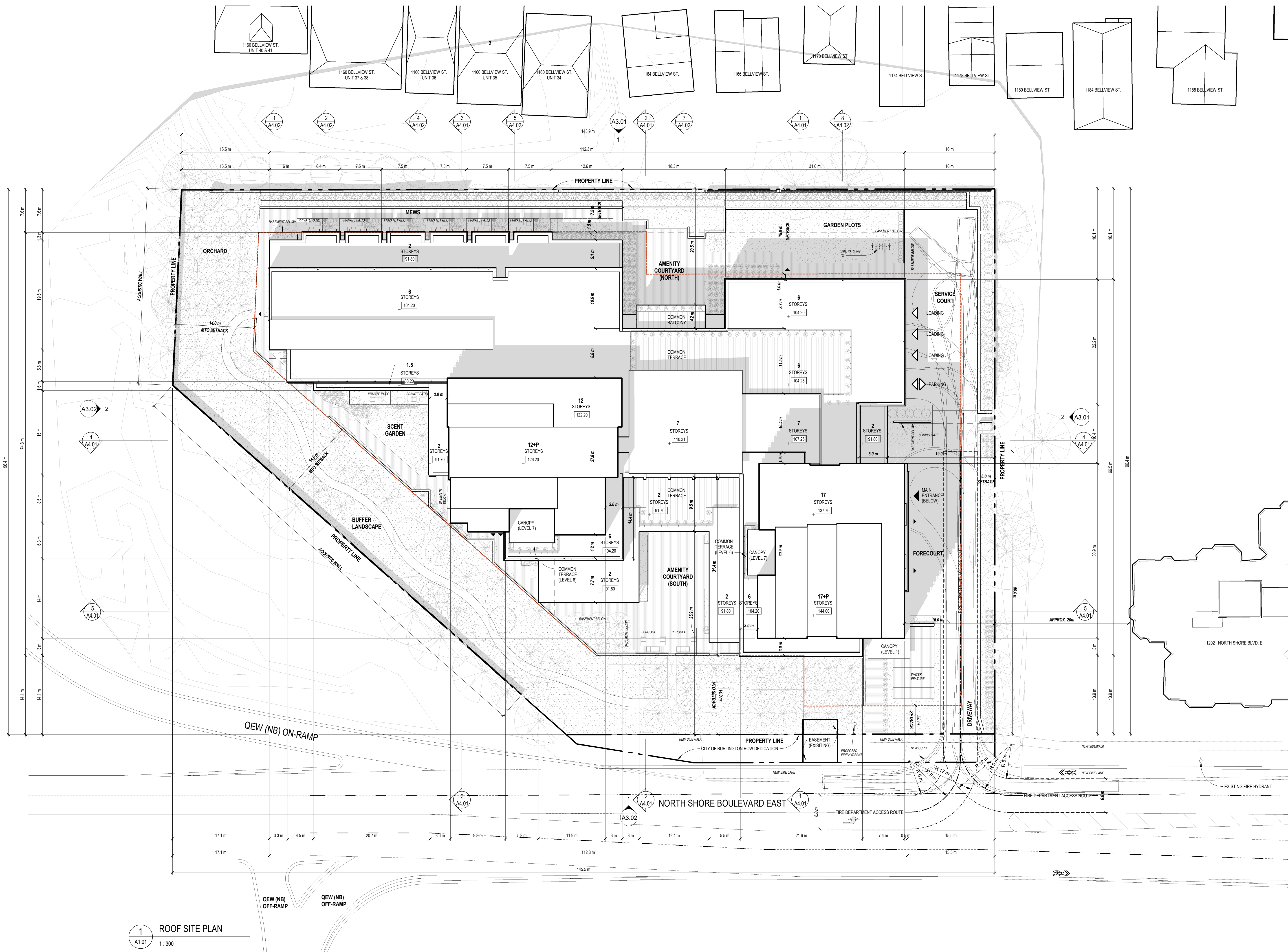
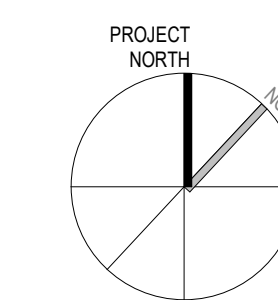
		Neighbourhood	Percentage	Unit Count	Comments
Table B: UNIT NEIGHBOURHOOD BREAKDOWN	(A)	Assisted Living	37%	155	
	(B)	Memory Care	13%	55	
	(C)	Independent Living	50%	209	
	(D)	Total Units		419	

		Neighbourhood	Percentage	Unit Count	Comments
Table C: UNIT TYPE BREAKDOWN	(A)	Assisted Living - Studio	80%	124	
	(B)	Assisted Living - 1 Bed	20%	31	
	(C)	Memory Care - Studio	80%	44	
	(D)	Memory Care - 1 Bed	20%	11	
	(E)	Independent Living - Studio	22%	46	
	(F)	Independent Living - 1 Bed	36%	75	
	(G)	Independent Living - 1 Bed + Den	25%	53	
	(H)	Independent Living - 2 Bed	17%	35	
	(I)	Total Units		419	
	(J)	Premium Independent Living	31%	65	

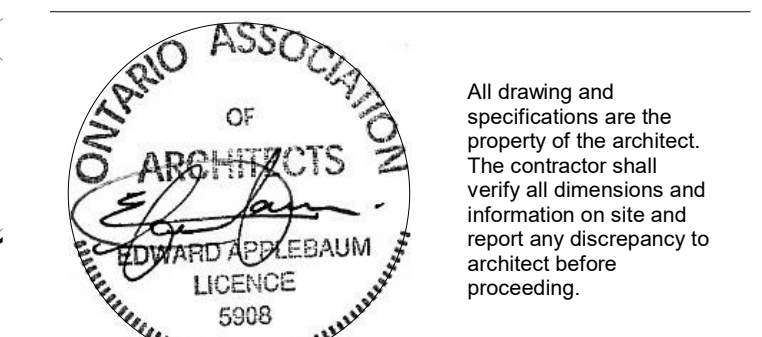
ZONING GROSS FLOOR AREA (GFA)	
Level	Area
LEVEL 17	7,855 SF 7,855 SF
LEVEL 16	7,855 SF 7,855 SF
LEVEL 15	7,855 SF 7,855 SF
LEVEL 14	7,855 SF 7,855 SF
LEVEL 13	7,855 SF 7,855 SF
LEVEL 12	15,711 SF 15,711 SF
LEVEL 11	15,711 SF 15,711 SF
LEVEL 10	15,711 SF 15,711 SF
LEVEL 9	15,711 SF 15,711 SF
LEVEL 8	15,711 SF 15,711 SF
LEVEL 7	20,441 SF 20,441 SF
LEVEL 6	48,978 SF 48,978 SF
LEVEL 5 - AL	48,995 SF 48,995 SF
LEVEL 4 - AL	47,028 SF 47,028 SF
LEVEL 3 - MC	47,004 SF 47,004 SF
LEVEL 2	52,477 SF 52,477 SF
MEZZANINE	14,437 SF 14,437 SF
LEVEL 1	48,848 SF 48,848 SF
LEVEL P1	14,104 SF 14,104 SF
LEVEL P2	1,874 SF 1,874 SF
Grand total	457,813 SF

INDOOR AMENITY AREA	
Level	Area
LEVEL 17	457 SF 457 SF
LEVEL 16	457 SF 457 SF
LEVEL 15	457 SF 457 SF
LEVEL 14	457 SF 457 SF
LEVEL 13	457 SF 457 SF
LEVEL 12	932 SF 932 SF
LEVEL 11	932 SF 932 SF
LEVEL 10	932 SF 932 SF
LEVEL 9	932 SF 932 SF
LEVEL 8	932 SF 932 SF
LEVEL 7	5,864 SF 5,864 SF
LEVEL 6	4,888 SF 4,888 SF
LEVEL 5 - AL	4,842 SF 4,842 SF
LEVEL 4 - AL	4,847 SF 4,847 SF
LEVEL 3 - MC	4,792 SF 4,792 SF
LEVEL 2	8,558 SF 8,558 SF
LEVEL 1	16,919 SF 16,919 SF
Grand total	55,258 SF

OUTDOOR AMENITY AREA	
Level	Area
LEVEL 7	5,299 SF 5,299 SF
LEVEL 6	1,938 SF 1,938 SF
LEVEL 5 - AL	1,989 SF 1,989 SF
LEVEL 4 - AL	1,938 SF 1,938 SF
LEVEL 3 - MC	4,026 SF 4,026 SF
LEVEL 1	11,929 SF 11,929 SF
Grand total	27,098 SF



2 19.08.14 RE-ISSUED FOR REZONING MSA
 1 18.09.17 ISSUED FOR REZONING MSA
 # date: revision: by:
 revisions:



All drawing and specifications are the property of the architect. The contractor shall verify all dimensions and information on site and report any discrepancy to architect before proceeding.

AMICA NORTH SHORE

1157 - 1171 North Shore Boulevard
 Burlington, ON

ROOF SITE PLAN

scale: As indicated
 drawn by: KK
 reviewed by: KH
 job number: 17099
 plot date: 2019/08/14
 drawing number:

A1.01

1 ROOF SITE PLAN
 A1.01 1:300

C:\Users\krawczyk\Documents\MSA_NorthShore_2019_C_krawczyk\A1.01.dwg
 2019-08-13 14:25:55 PM

Email Correspondence from Region Engineering Staff

From: Kisneris, John [mailto:John.Kisneris@halton.ca]
Sent: Wednesday, February 28, 2018 2:25 PM
To: 'daniel@odandetech.com' <daniel@odandetech.com>
Cc: drago@odandetech.com
Subject: RE: 1157 - 1171 North Shore Blvd E. sanitary sewers

Hi Daniel.

Regarding your preliminary water and wastewater servicing capacity inquiry for a preliminary development proposal at 1157 - 1171 North Shore Boulevard East for a total of 407 units. Please be advised that I have been informed by the Region's Public Works department that the capacity can be accommodated in the Region's systems.

As for the sanitary sewer connection lateral, the Region cannot confirm at this time whether it is adequate for the proposed development. It can only be confirmed when more work is done toward the future site plan application submission by the owner. For example when the engineering consultant undertakes to complete an existing sanitary sewer connection lateral physical locate, a physical size confirmation, a condition inspection and assessment (CCTV) of the existing sanitary lateral, a confirmation of the development size and scope, a confirmation whether any land division severance will be requested by the developer (individual water and wastewater services, and cannot cross lot lines), whether there would be an need for a local wastewater main (sanitary sewer), etc., whether any sewage pumping is required, and the developer's engineering consultant has proposed site services on proposed draft site servicing plan drawings, and completes a Functional Servicing Report (if required). Only then can the Region review the information.

As you know, watermain and wastewater main (sanitary) servicing capacity is not guaranteed at the preliminary proposal stage. Servicing of development in the Burlington area of Halton Region is on a first-come-first-serve basis. The owner can pre-consult about servicing capacity with the Region at any time in the future going forward. Capacity will be reviewed again and commented upon at the time of Planning application receipt. Should a servicing capacity issue be identified at that time then it will have to be dealt with, working through it with the Region. Servicing capacity is deemed to be in hand at the issuance of a Regional Servicing Agreement, Special Financial Agreement, and Regional Services Permit (all if required), which is reviewed and obtained toward the end of the City's Site Plan approval process.

Please let me know if you have any questions. Thanks.

...Interim emails omitted - DB

From: Daniel Bancroft - Odan Detech Group [<mailto:daniel@odandetech.com>]
Sent: Monday, February 05, 2018 12:21 PM
To: 'Kisneris, John' <John.Kisneris@halton.ca>
Cc: 'drago@odandetech.com' <drago@odandetech.com>
Subject: RE: 1171 North Shore Blvd E. sanitary sewers

Hi John,

In red:

So just to be clear, you would like me to find out whether there is capacity in the Region's trunk sewer across the street ? **Correct.**

You do not have any other information that I described below that has an impact on servicing. **Correct.**

Can you please tell me what is going to happen to the existing buildings on the property ? **They would be demolished in the proposed development.**

Can you please tell me how many units currently exist in each building ? **56 Units**

Can you please tell me how many bedrooms there are in each unit ?

Existing: 3 x 1BR, 53 x 2BR

Proposed:

- 1. Tower 1 (24 storey)**
 - a. 130 x 1BR**
 - b. 80 x 2BR**
 - c. 25 x 3BR**
- 2. Tower 2 (12 storey)**
 - a. 120 x Studio + 52 x 1BR**

Can you please tell me how big the property is ? **Approx. 1.18 Ha**

Thanks for your help. Let us know next steps/any other info required from us.

Regards
Daniel



Daniel Bancroft, P.Eng.
The Odan/Detech Group Inc.

P : (905) 632-3811 ext.133 | F : (905) 632-3363
5230, SOUTH SERVICE ROAD, UNIT 107 | BURLINGTON, ONTARIO | L7L 5K2
www.odandetech.com | daniel@odandetech.com

APPENDIX B

Email Correspondence from MTO Review Staff

Pre-Development Visual OTTHYMO Output (2-year to 100-year storms)

Post-Development Visual OTTHYMO Output (2-year to 100-year storms)

CETV Verification Statement – Imbrium Systems Inc. Stormceptor OGS

CETV Verification Statement – Imbrium Systems Inc. Jellyfish Filter

Buried Utility Map by Markit Locates

Field Locate Notes by Markit Locates

Email Correspondence from MTO Review Staff

From: Polus, Asia (MTO) [mailto:Asia.Polus@ontario.ca]
Sent: Tuesday, July 30, 2019 11:04 AM
To: daniel@odandetech.com
Cc: White, Mark J. (MTO) <Mark.J.White@ontario.ca>; Lawrence, Morgan (MTO) <Morgan.Lawrence@ontario.ca>
Subject: FW: OP and Zoning By-law – 505-05/18 and 505-07/18 - 1157-1171 North Shore Blvd - Pipe Connection

Hi Daniel,

Further to your e-mail please note that your request was reviewed and the following was provided by MTO Drainage Department:

- MTO doesn't allow any pipes within our Right-of-Way (ROW). Existing Drainage Plan in Functional Servicing Report dated November, 2018 and the one provided along with recent email show different connections of 375mm sewer (see Attached files).
- MTO is asking consultant to connect their drainage as proposed in their first submission and Functional Servicing Report dated November, 2018 as MTO doesn't allow pipes within MTO's ROW.
- Should the information provided through attached (updated) existing drainage plan (18204 STM Catchment key plan STM PRE-DEV(1).pdf) is correct then MTO should further investigate as no pipes are permitted as noted earlier.

I trust that the above is clear, however if you have any questions please feel free to ask.

Regards

W. Asia Polus
Corridor Management Planner

Ministry of Transportation
Central Region, Highway Corridor Management Section
159 Sir William Hearst Ave. 7th Floor
Toronto, ON M3M 0B7
Tel. 416 - 235-3991
Fax 416 - 235-4267

From: Daniel Bancroft - Odan Detech Group <daniel@odandetech.com>
Sent: July-25-19 8:57 AM
To: Polus, Asia (MTO) <Asia.Polus@ontario.ca>
Subject: RE: OP and Zoning By-law – 505-05/18 and 505-07/18 - 1157-1171 North Shore Blvd

Hi Asia,

Further to our phone conversation just now,

My question is: Given that there are two existing drainage outlets presently serving the subject site (below) – how may we connect a proposed development of 1157 N. Shore Blvd. to the 975mm storm sewer beneath the North Side of N. Shore Blvd? This, given that that this the predominant outlet for the existing site. Would you have us connect directly to EX STM MH13 or the downstream 375mm pipe? Does that 375mm pipe belong to MTO? ...Or would MTO have us install a new pipe through the trees/landscaped area belonging to MTO, all the way to EX DI1?

Background: City of Burlington has stated that storm drainage should match post-dev't to pre-dev't flows to the respective pre-dev't storm outlets.

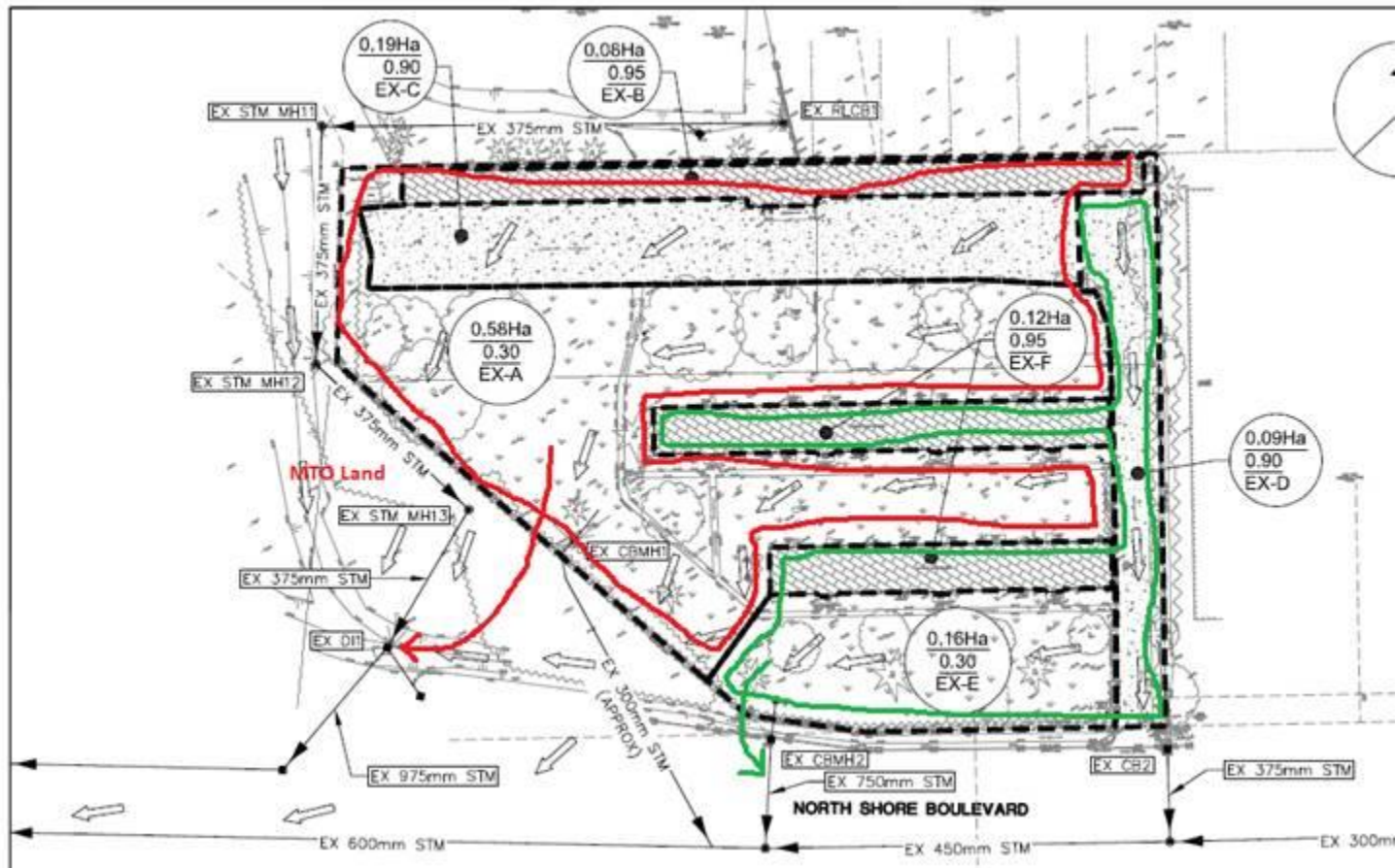
Two existing storm drainage outlets (see attached Pre-Development Drainage Plan & markup below):

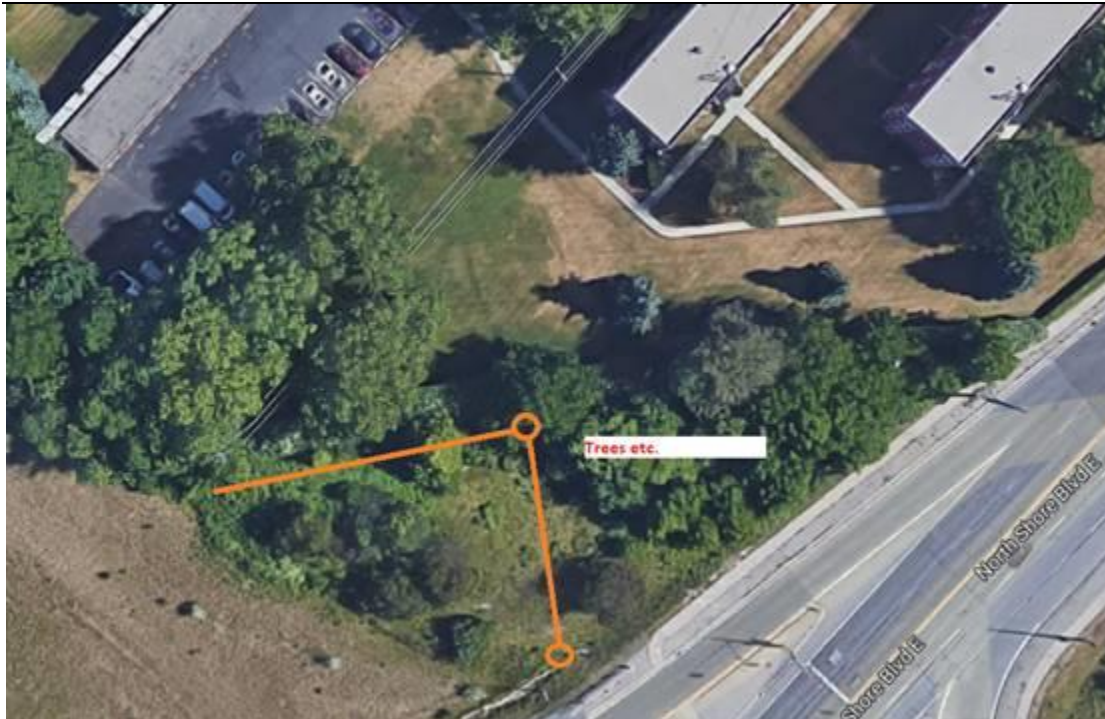
- 1) 975mm Storm beneath north side of N. Shore Blvd.
- 2) 600mm Storm beneath south side of N. Shore Blvd.

We recognize all other MTO Criteria and will comply (>5m orifice tube in ROW; only conventional SWM tanks; no rooftop storage etc.).

Appreciate your help on this.

Thanks!
Daniel





Daniel Bancroft, P.Eng.
The Odan/Detech Group Inc.

P : (905) 632-3811 ext.133 | **F :** (905) 632-3363
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From: Daniel Bancroft - Odan Detech Group [<mailto:daniel@odandetech.com>]
Sent: Wednesday, July 24, 2019 1:57 PM
To: 'Asia.Polus@ontario.ca' <Asia.Polus@ontario.ca>
Subject: FW: OP and Zoning By-law – 505-05/18 and 505-07/18 - 1157-1171 North Shore Blvd

Hi Asia – I just left you a voicemail regarding below comments.

Can you please call me to touch base on drainage items when you've a moment?

Thanks,
Daniel



Daniel Bancroft, P.Eng.
The Odan/Detech Group Inc.

P : (905) 632-3811 ext.133 | **F :** (905) 632-3363
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From: "Stern, Lisa" <Lisa.Stern@burlington.ca>
Date: Tuesday, January 8, 2019 at 1:16 PM
To: Tyler Grinyer <tgrinyer@bousfields.ca>
Subject: FW: OP and Zoning By-law – 505-05/18 and 505-07/18 - 1157-1171 North Shore Blvd

Please find the MTO's comments below. I have put a call in to Kevin to get further clarification on the traffic comments provided.

From: Polus, Asia (MTO) [<mailto:Asia.Polus@ontario.ca>]
Sent: Thursday, January 03, 2019 12:58 PM
To: Stern, Lisa
Cc: Scholz, Kevin (MTO); Lawrence, Morgan (MTO)
Subject: OP and Zoning By-law – 505-05/18 and 505-07/18 - 1157-1171 North Shore Blvd

**RE: Application to amend the OP and Zoning By-law – 505-05/18 and 505-07/18
To permit a Senior Living Campus
1157-1171 North Shore Blvd
N/E corner of QEW and North Shore Blvd
Burlington**

**Con BB, Lot 30
First Submission**

Hi Lisa,

The above noted submission was reviewed by MTO and the following are the ministry comments:

With respects to the application, please note that in general the ministry has no objection to the proposed OP and Zoning By-law however as you are aware the land affected is located next to the QEW property limits and therefore the proponent must address all ministry's concerns and requirements regarding the development proposal to the MTO satisfaction prior to any ministry approval will be issued.

Current submission regarding the above noted subject has included a Drainage and Traffic components and these documents were reviewed by appropriate MTO offices and the following comments should be noted:

Drainage comments:

1. Please provide separate Stormwater Management Report at time of detail design for MTO's review and approval. Report should be signed and stamped by a P.Eng.
2. The owner must be advised that all proposed permanent buildings and structures both above and below ground, utilities, frontage roads/fire routes, essential parking spaces, storm water management facilities, including ponds and associated berms, storages, and noise walls must be set back 14.0 metres (45 feet) from the Highway Right-of-way limit.
3. Please note that MTO only allows restrictor pipe of approximately 5m length for quantity control and part of it should be located within Municipal limits.
4. Please note that rooftop storage and unconventional underground storage such as chambers and infiltration systems are not permitted by MTO. Underground storages provided in manholes, stormsewer, super pipe or storage tank are permitted as such storages are accessible through a manhole and can be easily inspected for their continued functionality.

Traffic comments:

Please note that the following comments are initial comments only and they must be completed prior to continuing our review of the provided TIS Report:

1. Provide electronic copy of synchro models for TIS at 1161-1167 North Shore Blvd.
2. Concerns with the proximity of the QEW East Off Ramp to development site access. Vehicles exiting the Toronto Bound off ramp would have difficulty

accessing an eastbound left turn lane into site. Please propose measures to mitigate this concern and demonstrate how vehicles will safely access a properly designed left turn lane.

3. The proxy site used for trip generation has half the number of units as the proposed development. Therefore the proponent must assign additional trips to traffic generated by the proposed development.

General comments:

1. On some of the architectural building “artist concept” sketches, it appears that there is some type of canopy or awning over the primary “Amenity Courtyard” which extends out towards North Shore Blvd. It’s hard to tell, but this awning looks like it potentially encroaches into the 14 m MTO setback. It is not shown on the civil drawings. If this awning is in fact being proposed by the proponent, we would like to see where this awning extends to in relation to the 14 m setback.
2. On the Functional Servicing Drawing (Sheet 18204-1A), one corner of the building shown in the upper left side of the sheet encroaches into the 14 m MTO setback. This does not match what is shown on the architectural plans. Please provide some clarification which one is correct?
3. Although the proponent has provided a 14 m MTO setback on the QEW side of the building, it would appear that the proponent plans to make considerable use of this space for outdoor recreational purposes for residents. In fact, one of the “Amenity Patios” extends to approximately 4 m from the MTO property line, which is not acceptable. By looking at the landscape plan, it appears that the proponent wishes to create a rather extensive (and presumably expensive) landscaped area within the 14 m setback. I would suggest that this land use is very much integral to the overall site layout. It is obviously being placed there for the exclusive use and enjoyment by the building residents, so we would not consider what we see in these conceptual landscaping plans to be merely a “landscape buffer”. We would have a lot of concerns about this being built exactly as shown within the 14 m setback – the site would, without question, be negatively affected if MTO needed to acquire lands within that 14 m setback at a later date.
4. In the event that the 14 m setback is required by MTO in the future for highway purposes, how will pedestrians reach the western side of the building? The corners of the building touch the 14 m MTO setback line, meaning would be no room left for a path around the western side of the building.
5. MTO Building and Land Use permits are required prior to any grading/construction activity within 45m of QEW limits, or within 395m radius of centrepont of QEW and North Shore Bulevard. All above and below ground structures (including but not limited to, fire routes, stormwater management

facilities and servicing/utilities) must be setback a minimum of 14m from all MTO property limits. The 14m setback from the ministry ROW must be clearly indicated on all plans submitted for our review.

6. Furthermore, the ministry would like to see a lighting plan and report for the site. The MTO will only accept plan in LUX unit. Also, the Hwy property limits must be clearly defined so that our electrical office can verify the amount of acceptable light trespass on the Hwy ROW.
7. In general, required parking must be setback a minimum of 14m from the QEW property limits. The Ministry will only allow surplus parking to be located within the 14m setback limit. Surplus parking must be labelled as “surplus” on the site plan.
8. All plans and reports must be stamped and signed, and circulated to the MTO through municipal site plan application process for a formal review and comments.
9. The ministry controls all signage within 400m of any provincial highway ROW.
10. We would request that all signage issues be kept as a separate entity from the site plan approval process, however, if the proponent prefer to have all signage approved as part of the site plan approval process, then all details regarding signage must be submitted to this ministry.
11. Sign permits must be obtained from this office for any sign visible to the highway prior to the placement of the sign. Any proposed sign shall be located at min of 3m setback.

Please note that any enquires and/or further submission regarding this development proposal should be sent to Kevin Scholz attention, he is included in this e-mail and he can be reached at 416-235-5383.

I trust that the above is clear and satisfactory.

If you require any additional clarification do not hesitate to contact Kevin or me.

Best Regards

W. Asia Polus
Corridor Management Planner

Ministry of Transportation
Central Region, Highway Corridor Management Section
159 Sir William Hearst Ave. 7th Floor
Toronto, ON M3M 0B7
Tel. 416 - 235-3991
Fax 416 - 235-4267

Pre-Development Visual OTTHYMO Output (2-year to 100-year storms)

```

=====
V   V   I   SSSSS U   U   A   L
V   V   I   SS   U   U   A A L
V   V   I   SS   U   U   AAAAA L
V   V   I   SS   U   U   A   A L
VV    I   SSSSS UUUUU A   A LLLLL

OOO   TTTTT TTTTT H   H   Y   Y M   M   OOO
O   O   T   T   H   H   Y   Y MM MM O   O
O   O   T   T   H   H   Y   Y M   M O   O
OOO   T   T   H   H   Y   Y M   M   OOO
    
```

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***** D E T A I L E D O U T P U T *****

Input filename: C:\Program Files (x86)\Visual OTTHYMO 2.3.3\voin.dat
 Output filename: P:\2018\18204\Visual OTTHYMO\Rev1\18204 vo2\Pre-Development.out
 Summary filename: P:\2018\18204\Visual OTTHYMO\Rev1\18204 vo2\Pre-Development.sum

DATE: 7/26/2019 TIME: 1:50:07 PM

USER:

COMMENTS: _____

 ** SIMULATION NUMBER: 1 **

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| CHICAGO STORM | IDF curve parameters: A= 592.600
| Ptotal= 32.34 mm | B= 6.000
| | C= .780
-----
used in: INTENSITY = A / (t + B)^C

Duration of storm = 4.00 hrs
Storm time step = 10.00 min
Time to peak ratio = .33
    
```

TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.17	2.21	1.17	17.15	2.17	5.20	3.17	2.63
.33	2.53	1.33	68.16	2.33	4.43	3.33	2.44
.50	2.98	1.50	22.38	2.50	3.87	3.50	2.28
.67	3.65	1.67	11.94	2.67	3.45	3.67	2.14
.83	4.81	1.83	8.24	2.83	3.11	3.83	2.02
1.00	7.29	2.00	6.35	3.00	2.85	4.00	1.92

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| CALIB |
| STANDHYD (0003) | Area (ha)= .19
| ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 90.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 90.00
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```

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)
Surface Area (ha)=	.17	.02
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00
Length (m)=	35.60	40.00
Mannings n =	.013	.250

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

---- TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH ----

TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.083	2.21	1.083	17.15	2.083	5.20	3.08	2.63
.167	2.21	1.167	17.15	2.167	5.20	3.17	2.63
.250	2.53	1.250	68.16	2.250	4.43	3.25	2.44
.333	2.53	1.333	68.16	2.333	4.43	3.33	2.44
.417	2.98	1.417	22.38	2.417	3.87	3.42	2.28
.500	2.98	1.500	22.38	2.500	3.87	3.50	2.28
.583	3.65	1.583	11.94	2.583	3.45	3.58	2.14
.667	3.65	1.667	11.94	2.667	3.45	3.67	2.14
.750	4.81	1.750	8.24	2.750	3.11	3.75	2.02
.833	4.81	1.833	8.24	2.833	3.11	3.83	2.02
.917	7.29	1.917	6.35	2.917	2.85	3.92	1.92
1.000	7.29	2.000	6.35	3.000	2.85	4.00	1.92

Max.Eff.Inten. (mm/hr)=	68.16	118.19	
over (min)	5.00	10.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.60 (ii)	5.02 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	10.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.32	.16	
			TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.03	.00	.033 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.42	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	31.34	10.36	29.22
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	32.34	32.34	32.34
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.97	.32	.90

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

 | CALIB |
 | STANDHYD (0002) | Area (ha)= .08
 | ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 99.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 99.00

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.08	.00	
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00	
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00	
Length (m)=	23.10	40.00	
Mannings n =	.013	.250	
Max.Eff.Inten. (mm/hr)=	68.16	590.93	
over (min)	5.00	5.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.24 (ii)	2.55 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.33	.29	
			TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.01	.00	.015 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.33	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	31.34	10.36	31.13
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	32.34	32.34	32.34
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.97	.32	.96

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

 | CALIB |
 | STANDHYD (0001) | Area (ha)= .58
 | ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 30.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 30.00

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.17	.41	
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00	
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00	
Length (m)=	62.20	40.00	
Mannings n =	.013	.250	

Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	68.16	15.57	
over (min)	5.00	20.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	2.24 (ii)	17.09 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	20.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.30	.06	
			TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.03	.01	.036 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.58	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	31.34	10.36	16.63
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	32.34	32.34	32.34
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.97	.32	.51

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

CALIB				
STANDHYD (0006)		Area (ha)=	.12	
ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min		Total Imp(%)=	99.00	Dir. Conn.(%)= 99.00

		IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.12	.00		
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00		
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00		
Length (m)=	28.30	40.00		
Mannings n =	.013	.250		
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	68.16	663.36		
over (min)	5.00	5.00		
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.40 (ii)	2.71 (ii)		
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00		
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.33	.29		
				TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.02	.00	.023 (iii)	
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.33	1.33	
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	31.34	10.36	31.13	
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	32.34	32.34	32.34	
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.97	.32	.96	

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

CALIB				
STANDHYD (0005)		Area (ha)=	.16	
ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min		Total Imp(%)=	30.00	Dir. Conn.(%)= 30.00

		IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.05	.11		
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00		
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00		
Length (m)=	32.70	40.00		
Mannings n =	.013	.250		
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	68.16	15.57		
over (min)	5.00	20.00		
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.52 (ii)	16.37 (ii)		
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	20.00		
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.33	.06		
				TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.01	.00	.010 (iii)	
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.58	1.33	
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	31.34	10.36	16.60	
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	32.34	32.34	32.34	
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.97	.32	.51	

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

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-----
| CALIB |
| STANDHYD (0004) | Area (ha)= .09
|ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 90.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 90.00
-----

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	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.08	.01	
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00	
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00	
Length (m)=	24.50	40.00	
Mannings n =	.013	.250	
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	68.16	66.34	
over (min)	5.00	5.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.28 (ii)	4.70 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.33	.22	
			TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.02	.00	.016 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.33	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	31.34	10.36	29.23
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	32.34	32.34	32.34
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.97	.32	.90

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0007) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----

```

	AREA (ha)	QPEAK (cms)	TPEAK (hrs)	R.V. (mm)
ID1= 1 (0002):	.08	.015	1.33	31.13
+ ID2= 2 (0001):	.58	.036	1.33	16.63
=====				
ID = 3 (0007):	.66	.051	1.33	18.39

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0009) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----

```

	AREA (ha)	QPEAK (cms)	TPEAK (hrs)	R.V. (mm)
ID1= 1 (0005):	.16	.010	1.33	16.60
+ ID2= 2 (0004):	.09	.016	1.33	29.23
=====				
ID = 3 (0009):	.25	.026	1.33	21.15

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0008) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----

```

	AREA (ha)	QPEAK (cms)	TPEAK (hrs)	R.V. (mm)
ID1= 1 (0003):	.19	.033	1.33	29.22
+ ID2= 2 (0007):	.66	.051	1.33	18.39
=====				
ID = 3 (0008):	.85	.084	1.33	20.81

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0010) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----
                AREA   QPEAK   TPEAK   R.V.
                (ha)   (cms)   (hrs)   (mm)
    ID1= 1 (0006):   .12   .023   1.33   31.13
    + ID2= 2 (0009):   .25   .026   1.33   21.15
    =====
    ID = 3 (0010):   .37   .048   1.33   24.38
    
```

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

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*****
** SIMULATION NUMBER: 2 **
*****
    
```

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-----
| CHICAGO STORM |   IDF curve parameters: A= 697.400
| Ptotal= 41.69 mm |   B= 5.000
-----
                                   C= .764
used in: INTENSITY = A / (t + B)^C

Duration of storm = 4.00 hrs
Storm time step = 10.00 min
Time to peak ratio = .33

    TIME   RAIN | TIME   RAIN | TIME   RAIN | TIME   RAIN
    hrs  mm/hr | hrs  mm/hr | hrs  mm/hr | hrs  mm/hr
    .17   2.98 | 1.17  21.37 | 2.17   6.78 | 3.17   3.52
    .33   3.40 | 1.33  88.09 | 2.33   5.81 | 3.33   3.28
    .50   3.97 | 1.50  27.73 | 2.50   5.11 | 3.50   3.08
    .67   4.84 | 1.67  15.03 | 2.67   4.57 | 3.67   2.90
    .83   6.29 | 1.83  10.53 | 2.83   4.15 | 3.83   2.74
    1.00   9.36 | 2.00   8.21 | 3.00   3.81 | 4.00   2.60
    
```

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-----
| CALIB |
| STANDHYD (0003) | Area (ha)= .19
| ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 90.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 90.00
-----
                IMPERVIOUS   PERVIOUS (i)
Surface Area (ha)= .17 .02
Dep. Storage (mm)= 1.00 1.00
Average Slope (%)= 1.00 2.00
Length (m)= 35.60 40.00
Mannings n = .013 .250
    
```

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

```

-----
                ---- TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH ----
    TIME   RAIN | TIME   RAIN | TIME   RAIN | TIME   RAIN
    hrs  mm/hr | hrs  mm/hr | hrs  mm/hr | hrs  mm/hr
    .083  2.98 | 1.083  21.37 | 2.083  6.78 | 3.08   3.52
    .167  2.98 | 1.167  21.37 | 2.167  6.78 | 3.17   3.52
    .250  3.40 | 1.250  88.09 | 2.250  5.81 | 3.25   3.28
    .333  3.40 | 1.333  88.09 | 2.333  5.81 | 3.33   3.28
    .417  3.97 | 1.417  27.73 | 2.417  5.11 | 3.42   3.08
    .500  3.97 | 1.500  27.73 | 2.500  5.11 | 3.50   3.08
    .583  4.84 | 1.583  15.03 | 2.583  4.57 | 3.58   2.90
    .667  4.84 | 1.667  15.03 | 2.667  4.57 | 3.67   2.90
    .750  6.29 | 1.750  10.53 | 2.750  4.15 | 3.75   2.74
    .833  6.29 | 1.833  10.53 | 2.833  4.15 | 3.83   2.74
    .917  9.36 | 1.917   8.21 | 2.917  3.81 | 3.92   2.60
    1.000  9.36 | 2.000   8.21 | 3.000  3.81 | 4.00   2.60
    
```

```

Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 88.09 33.17
over (min) 5.00 5.00
Storage Coeff. (min)= 1.45 (ii) 4.53 (ii)
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= 5.00 5.00
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)= .33 .23

                *TOTALS*
PEAK FLOW (cms)= .04 .00 .043 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.33 1.33 1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 40.69 15.89 38.20
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= 41.69 41.69 41.69
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .98 .38 .92
    
```

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

```

-----
| CALIB |
| STANDHYD (0002) | Area (ha)= .08
| ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 99.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 99.00
-----
    
```

	IMPERVIOUS	PVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.08	.00	
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00	
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00	
Length (m)=	23.10	40.00	
Mannings n =	.013	.250	
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	88.09	165.84	
over (min)	5.00	5.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.12 (ii)	2.30 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.34	.30	
			TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.02	.00	.019 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.33	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	40.69	15.89	40.44
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	41.69	41.69	41.69
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.98	.38	.97

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

```

-----
| CALIB |
| STANDHYD (0001) | Area (ha)= .58
| ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 30.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 30.00
-----
    
```

	IMPERVIOUS	PVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.17	.41	
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00	
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00	
Length (m)=	62.20	40.00	
Mannings n =	.013	.250	
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	88.09	24.33	
over (min)	5.00	15.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	2.02 (ii)	14.44 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	15.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.31	.08	
			TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.04	.02	.051 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.50	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	40.69	15.89	23.32
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	41.69	41.69	41.69
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.98	.38	.56

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

```

-----
| CALIB |
| STANDHYD (0006) | Area (ha)= .12
| ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 99.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 99.00
-----
    
```

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.12	.00	
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00	
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00	
Length (m)=	28.30	40.00	
Mannings n =	.013	.250	
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	88.09	1050.17	
over (min)	5.00	5.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.26 (ii)	2.44 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.33	.30	
			TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.03	.00	.029 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.33	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	40.69	15.89	40.44
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	41.69	41.69	41.69
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.98	.38	.97

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

```

-----
| CALIB |
| STANDHYD (0005) | Area (ha)= .16
|ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 30.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 30.00
-----
    
```

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.05	.11	
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00	
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00	
Length (m)=	32.70	40.00	
Mannings n =	.013	.250	
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	88.09	24.33	
over (min)	5.00	15.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.37 (ii)	13.80 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	15.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.33	.08	
			TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.01	.01	.014 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.50	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	40.69	15.89	23.27
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	41.69	41.69	41.69
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.98	.38	.56

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

```

-----
| CALIB |
| STANDHYD (0004) | Area (ha)= .09
|ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 90.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 90.00
-----
    
```

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.08	.01	
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00	
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00	
Length (m)=	24.50	40.00	
Mannings n =	.013	.250	
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	88.09	105.02	
over (min)	5.00	5.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.16 (ii)	4.24 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.34	.24	
			TOTALS

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PEAK FLOW	(cms)=	.02	.00	.021 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK	(hrs)=	1.33	1.33	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME	(mm)=	40.69	15.89	38.20
TOTAL RAINFALL	(mm)=	41.69	41.69	41.69
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.98	.38	.92

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0007) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----
          AREA   QPEAK   TPEAK   R.V.
          (ha)   (cms)   (hrs)   (mm)
ID1= 1 (0002):  .08   .019   1.33   40.44
+ ID2= 2 (0001):  .58   .051   1.33   23.32
=====
ID = 3 (0007):  .66   .071   1.33   25.39
    
```

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0009) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----
          AREA   QPEAK   TPEAK   R.V.
          (ha)   (cms)   (hrs)   (mm)
ID1= 1 (0005):  .16   .014   1.33   23.27
+ ID2= 2 (0004):  .09   .021   1.33   38.20
=====
ID = 3 (0009):  .25   .035   1.33   28.65
    
```

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0008) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----
          AREA   QPEAK   TPEAK   R.V.
          (ha)   (cms)   (hrs)   (mm)
ID1= 1 (0003):  .19   .043   1.33   38.20
+ ID2= 2 (0007):  .66   .071   1.33   25.39
=====
ID = 3 (0008):  .85   .114   1.33   28.26
    
```

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0010) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----
          AREA   QPEAK   TPEAK   R.V.
          (ha)   (cms)   (hrs)   (mm)
ID1= 1 (0006):  .12   .029   1.33   40.44
+ ID2= 2 (0009):  .25   .035   1.33   28.65
=====
ID = 3 (0010):  .37   .064   1.33   32.47
    
```

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

 ** SIMULATION NUMBER: 3 **

```

-----
| CHICAGO STORM |
| Ptotal= 48.00 mm |
-----
IDF curve parameters: A= 798.500
                      B= 5.000
                      C= .763
used in: INTENSITY = A / (t + B)^C

Duration of storm = 4.00 hrs
Storm time step = 10.00 min
Time to peak ratio = .33
    
```

TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.17	3.45	1.17	24.60	2.17	7.83	3.17	4.07
.33	3.93	1.33	101.14	2.33	6.71	3.33	3.79
.50	4.59	1.50	31.91	2.50	5.90	3.50	3.55
.67	5.58	1.67	17.31	2.67	5.28	3.67	3.35
.83	7.26	1.83	12.14	2.83	4.79	3.83	3.17
1.00	10.79	2.00	9.47	3.00	4.40	4.00	3.01

 | CALIB |
 | STANDHYD (0003) | Area (ha)= .19
 | ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 90.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 90.00

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)
Surface Area (ha)=	.17	.02
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00
Length (m)=	35.60	40.00
Mannings n =	.013	.250

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

---- TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH ----

TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.083	3.45	1.083	24.60	2.083	7.83	3.08	4.07
.167	3.45	1.167	24.60	2.167	7.83	3.17	4.07
.250	3.93	1.250	101.14	2.250	6.71	3.25	3.79
.333	3.93	1.333	101.14	2.333	6.71	3.33	3.79
.417	4.59	1.417	31.91	2.417	5.90	3.42	3.55
.500	4.59	1.500	31.91	2.500	5.90	3.50	3.55
.583	5.58	1.583	17.31	2.583	5.28	3.58	3.35
.667	5.58	1.667	17.31	2.667	5.28	3.67	3.35
.750	7.26	1.750	12.14	2.750	4.79	3.75	3.17
.833	7.26	1.833	12.14	2.833	4.79	3.83	3.17
.917	10.79	1.917	9.47	2.917	4.40	3.92	3.01
1.000	10.79	2.000	9.47	3.000	4.40	4.00	3.01

Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	101.14	52.51
over (min)	5.00	5.00
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.37 (ii)	4.29 (ii)
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.33	.23
		TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.05	.00
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	47.00	19.99
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	48.00	48.00
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.98	.42
		.92

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

 | CALIB |
 | STANDHYD (0002) | Area (ha)= .08
 | ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 99.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 99.00

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)
Surface Area (ha)=	.08	.00
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00
Length (m)=	23.10	40.00
Mannings n =	.013	.250

Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	101.14	262.54
over (min)	5.00	5.00
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.06 (ii)	2.17 (ii)
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00

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Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.34	.31	
			TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.02	.00	.022 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.33	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	47.00	19.99	46.73
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	48.00	48.00	48.00
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.98	.42	.97

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

CALIB			
STANDHYD (0001)		Area (ha)= .58	
ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min		Total Imp(%)= 30.00	Dir. Conn.(%)= 30.00

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.17	.41	
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00	
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00	
Length (m)=	62.20	40.00	
Mannings n =	.013	.250	
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	101.14	30.92	
over (min)	5.00	15.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.91 (ii)	13.20 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	15.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.31	.08	
			TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.05	.02	.061 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.50	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	47.00	19.99	28.08
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	48.00	48.00	48.00
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.98	.42	.58

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

CALIB			
STANDHYD (0006)		Area (ha)= .12	
ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min		Total Imp(%)= 99.00	Dir. Conn.(%)= 99.00

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.12	.00	
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00	
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00	
Length (m)=	28.30	40.00	
Mannings n =	.013	.250	
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	101.14	1338.34	
over (min)	5.00	5.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.19 (ii)	2.31 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.33	.30	
			TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.03	.00	.034 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.33	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	47.00	19.99	46.73
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	48.00	48.00	48.00
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.98	.42	.97

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.

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(iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

```

-----
| CALIB |
| STANDHYD (0005) | Area (ha)= .16
| ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 30.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 30.00
-----
                IMPERVIOUS    PERVIOUS (i)
Surface Area    (ha)=         .05         .11
Dep. Storage    (mm)=         1.00         1.00
Average Slope   (%)=         1.00         2.00
Length          (m)=        32.70        40.00
Mannings n     =          .013         .250

Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 101.14        30.92
                    over (min)  5.00        15.00
Storage Coeff.  (min)=         1.30 (ii)  12.59 (ii)
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=         5.00        15.00
Unit Hyd. peak  (cms)=         .33         .08

                *TOTALS*
PEAK FLOW      (cms)=         .01         .01         .017 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK   (hrs)=         1.33         1.50         1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME  (mm)=         47.00        19.99        28.06
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=         48.00        48.00        48.00
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =         .98         .42         .58
    
```

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

```

-----
| CALIB |
| STANDHYD (0004) | Area (ha)= .09
| ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 90.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 90.00
-----
                IMPERVIOUS    PERVIOUS (i)
Surface Area    (ha)=         .08         .01
Dep. Storage    (mm)=         1.00         1.00
Average Slope   (%)=         1.00         2.00
Length          (m)=        24.50        40.00
Mannings n     =          .013         .250

Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 101.14        133.83
                    over (min)  5.00         5.00
Storage Coeff.  (min)=         1.09 (ii)  4.01 (ii)
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=         5.00         5.00
Unit Hyd. peak  (cms)=         .34         .24

                *TOTALS*
PEAK FLOW      (cms)=         .02         .00         .024 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK   (hrs)=         1.33         1.33         1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME  (mm)=         47.00        19.99        44.29
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=         48.00        48.00        48.00
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =         .98         .42         .92
    
```

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0007) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----
                AREA    QPEAK    TPEAK    R.V.
                (ha)    (cms)    (hrs)    (mm)
ID1= 1 (0002):    .08    .022    1.33    46.73
+ ID2= 2 (0001):    .58    .061    1.33    28.08
=====
ID = 3 (0007):    .66    .083    1.33    30.34
    
```

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0009) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----
                AREA   QPEAK   TPEAK   R.V.
                (ha)   (cms)   (hrs)   (mm)
    ID1= 1 (0005):   .16   .017   1.33   28.06
    + ID2= 2 (0004):   .09   .024   1.33   44.29
    -----
    ID = 3 (0009):   .25   .041   1.33   33.90
    
```

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0008) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----
                AREA   QPEAK   TPEAK   R.V.
                (ha)   (cms)   (hrs)   (mm)
    ID1= 1 (0003):   .19   .050   1.33   44.29
    + ID2= 2 (0007):   .66   .083   1.33   30.34
    -----
    ID = 3 (0008):   .85   .133   1.33   33.46
    
```

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0010) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----
                AREA   QPEAK   TPEAK   R.V.
                (ha)   (cms)   (hrs)   (mm)
    ID1= 1 (0006):   .12   .034   1.33   46.73
    + ID2= 2 (0009):   .25   .041   1.33   33.90
    -----
    ID = 3 (0010):   .37   .074   1.33   38.06
    
```

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

```

*****
** SIMULATION NUMBER: 4 **
*****
    
```

```

-----
| CHICAGO STORM |   IDF curve parameters: A= 926.900
| Ptotal= 56.03 mm |   B= 5.000
-----
                               C= .762
used in: INTENSITY = A / (t + B)^C

Duration of storm = 4.00 hrs
Storm time step = 10.00 min
Time to peak ratio = .33

    TIME    RAIN | TIME    RAIN | TIME    RAIN | TIME    RAIN
    hrs  mm/hr | hrs  mm/hr | hrs  mm/hr | hrs  mm/hr
    .17  4.04 | 1.17 28.70 | 2.17  9.15 | 3.17  4.77
    .33  4.60 | 1.33 117.72 | 2.33  7.85 | 3.33  4.44
    .50  5.37 | 1.50 37.22 | 2.50  6.90 | 3.50  4.16
    .67  6.54 | 1.67 20.22 | 2.67  6.18 | 3.67  3.92
    .83  8.49 | 1.83 14.18 | 2.83  5.61 | 3.83  3.71
    1.00 12.61 | 2.00 11.07 | 3.00  5.15 | 4.00  3.53
    
```

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-----
| CALIB |
| STANDHYD (0003) | Area (ha)= .19
| ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 90.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 90.00
-----
                IMPERVIOUS   PERVIOUS (i)
Surface Area (ha)= .17 .02
Dep. Storage (mm)= 1.00 1.00
Average Slope (%)= 1.00 2.00
Length (m)= 35.60 40.00
Mannings n = .013 .250
    
```

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

---- TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH ----

TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.083	4.04	1.083	28.70	2.083	9.15	3.08	4.77
.167	4.04	1.167	28.70	2.167	9.15	3.17	4.77
.250	4.60	1.250	117.72	2.250	7.85	3.25	4.44
.333	4.60	1.333	117.72	2.333	7.85	3.33	4.44
.417	5.37	1.417	37.22	2.417	6.90	3.42	4.16
.500	5.37	1.500	37.22	2.500	6.90	3.50	4.16
.583	6.54	1.583	20.22	2.583	6.18	3.58	3.92
.667	6.54	1.667	20.22	2.667	6.18	3.67	3.92
.750	8.49	1.750	14.18	2.750	5.61	3.75	3.71
.833	8.49	1.833	14.18	2.833	5.61	3.83	3.71
.917	12.61	1.917	11.07	2.917	5.15	3.92	3.53
1.000	12.61	2.000	11.07	3.000	5.15	4.00	3.53

Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	117.72	66.92	
over (min)	5.00	5.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.29 (ii)	4.03 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.33	.24	
			TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.06	.00	.059 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.33	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	55.03	25.55	52.06
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	56.03	56.03	56.03
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.98	.46	.93

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

CALIB	
STANDHYD (0002)	Area (ha)= .08
ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min	Total Imp(%)= 99.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 99.00

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.08	.00	
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00	
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00	
Length (m)=	23.10	40.00	
Mannings n =	.013	.250	
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	117.72	334.58	
over (min)	5.00	5.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	.99 (ii)	2.05 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.34	.31	
			TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.03	.00	.026 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.33	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	55.03	25.55	54.73
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	56.03	56.03	56.03
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.98	.46	.98

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

CALIB	
STANDHYD (0001)	Area (ha)= .58
ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min	Total Imp(%)= 30.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 30.00

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.17	.41	
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00	
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00	

Length (m)=	62.20	40.00	
Mannings n =	.013	.250	
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	117.72	49.58	
over (min)	5.00	15.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.80 (ii)	11.14 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	15.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.32	.09	
			TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.06	.03	.074 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.50	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	55.03	25.55	34.38
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	56.03	56.03	56.03
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.98	.46	.61

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

CALIB				
STANDHYD (0006)		Area (ha)=	.12	
ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min		Total Imp(%)=	99.00	Dir. Conn.(%)= 99.00

		IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.12	.00		
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00		
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00		
Length (m)=	28.30	40.00		
Mannings n =	.013	.250		
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	117.72	1735.18		
over (min)	5.00	5.00		
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.12 (ii)	2.17 (ii)		
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00		
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.34	.31		
				TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.04	.00	.039 (iii)	
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.33	1.33	
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	55.03	25.55	54.73	
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	56.03	56.03	56.03	
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.98	.46	.98	

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

CALIB				
STANDHYD (0005)		Area (ha)=	.16	
ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min		Total Imp(%)=	30.00	Dir. Conn.(%)= 30.00

		IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.05	.11		
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00		
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00		
Length (m)=	32.70	40.00		
Mannings n =	.013	.250		
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	117.72	49.58		
over (min)	5.00	15.00		
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.22 (ii)	10.57 (ii)		
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	15.00		
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.33	.09		
				TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.02	.01	.021 (iii)	
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.50	1.33	
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	55.03	25.55	34.35	
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	56.03	56.03	56.03	
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.98	.46	.61	

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

```

-----
| CALIB |
| STANDHYD (0004) | Area (ha)= .09
| ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 90.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 90.00
-----
    
```

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.08	.01	
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00	
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00	
Length (m)=	24.50	40.00	
Mannings n =	.013	.250	
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	117.72	173.52	
over (min)	5.00	5.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.03 (ii)	3.77 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.34	.25	
			TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.03	.00	.028 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.33	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	55.03	25.55	52.07
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	56.03	56.03	56.03
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.98	.46	.93

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0007) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 | AREA QPEAK TPEAK R.V.
| (ha) (cms) (hrs) (mm)
-----
ID1= 1 (0002): .08 .026 1.33 54.73
+ ID2= 2 (0001): .58 .074 1.33 34.38
=====
ID = 3 (0007): .66 .100 1.33 36.84
    
```

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0009) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 | AREA QPEAK TPEAK R.V.
| (ha) (cms) (hrs) (mm)
-----
ID1= 1 (0005): .16 .021 1.33 34.35
+ ID2= 2 (0004): .09 .028 1.33 52.07
=====
ID = 3 (0009): .25 .048 1.33 40.73
    
```

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0008) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 | AREA QPEAK TPEAK R.V.
| (ha) (cms) (hrs) (mm)
-----
ID1= 1 (0003): .19 .059 1.33 52.06
+ ID2= 2 (0007): .66 .100 1.33 36.84
=====
ID = 3 (0008): .85 .159 1.33 40.25
    
```

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.


```

-----
| ADD HYD (0010) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----
          AREA   QPEAK   TPEAK   R.V.
          (ha)   (cms)   (hrs)   (mm)
    ID1= 1 (0006):   .12   .039   1.33   54.73
    + ID2= 2 (0009):   .25   .048   1.33   40.73
    -----
    ID = 3 (0010):   .37   .087   1.33   45.27
    -----
    
```

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

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*****
** SIMULATION NUMBER: 5 **
*****
    
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-----
| CHICAGO STORM |   IDF curve parameters: A=1019.400
| Ptotal= 61.96 mm |   B= 5.000
-----
                               C= .761
used in:  INTENSITY = A / (t + B)^C

Duration of storm = 4.00 hrs
Storm time step = 10.00 min
Time to peak ratio = .33
    
```

TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.17	4.48	1.17	31.74	2.17	10.15	3.17	5.29
.33	5.10	1.33	129.82	2.33	8.70	3.33	4.93
.50	5.96	1.50	41.13	2.50	7.66	3.50	4.62
.67	7.25	1.67	22.38	2.67	6.86	3.67	4.35
.83	9.41	1.83	15.71	2.83	6.23	3.83	4.12
1.00	13.97	2.00	12.26	3.00	5.71	4.00	3.91

```

-----
| CALIB |
| STANDHYD (0003) |   Area (ha)= .19
| ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min |   Total Imp(%)= 90.00   Dir. Conn.(%)= 90.00
-----
          IMPERVIOUS   PERVIOUS (i)
Surface Area (ha)= .17 .02
Dep. Storage (mm)= 1.00 1.00
Average Slope (%)= 1.00 2.00
Length (m)= 35.60 40.00
Mannings n = .013 .250
    
```

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

```

-----
          ---- TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH ----
          TIME   RAIN | TIME   RAIN | TIME   RAIN | TIME   RAIN
          hrs   mm/hr | hrs   mm/hr | hrs   mm/hr | hrs   mm/hr
    .083  4.48 | 1.083  31.74 | 2.083  10.15 | 3.08  5.29
    .167  4.48 | 1.167  31.74 | 2.167  10.15 | 3.17  5.29
    .250  5.10 | 1.250  129.82 | 2.250  8.70 | 3.25  4.93
    .333  5.10 | 1.333  129.82 | 2.333  8.70 | 3.33  4.93
    .417  5.96 | 1.417  41.13 | 2.417  7.66 | 3.42  4.62
    .500  5.96 | 1.500  41.13 | 2.500  7.66 | 3.50  4.62
    .583  7.25 | 1.583  22.38 | 2.583  6.86 | 3.58  4.35
    .667  7.25 | 1.667  22.38 | 2.667  6.86 | 3.67  4.35
    .750  9.41 | 1.750  15.71 | 2.750  6.23 | 3.75  4.12
    .833  9.41 | 1.833  15.71 | 2.833  6.23 | 3.83  4.12
    .917  13.97 | 1.917  12.26 | 2.917  5.71 | 3.92  3.91
    1.000  13.97 | 2.000  12.26 | 3.000  5.71 | 4.00  3.91
    
```

```

Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 129.82   86.76
over (min)           5.00       5.00
Storage Coeff. (min)= 1.24 (ii)  3.88 (ii)
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= 5.00       5.00
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)= .33         .25

          *TOTALS*
PEAK FLOW (cms)= .06 .00 .065 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.33 1.33 1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 60.96 29.86 57.83
    
```

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FUNCTIONAL SERVICING REPORT

TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= 61.96 61.96 61.96
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .98 .48 .93

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR Pervious Losses:
CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

| CALIB |
| STANDHYD (0002) | Area (ha)= .08
| ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 99.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 99.00

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.08	.00	
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00	
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00	
Length (m)=	23.10	40.00	
Mannings n =	.013	.250	
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	129.82	433.80	
over (min)	5.00	5.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	.96 (ii)	1.97 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.34	.31	
			TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.03	.00	.029 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.33	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	60.96	29.86	60.64
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	61.96	61.96	61.96
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.98	.48	.98

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR Pervious Losses:
CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

| CALIB |
| STANDHYD (0001) | Area (ha)= .58
| ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 30.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 30.00

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.17	.41	
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00	
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00	
Length (m)=	62.20	40.00	
Mannings n =	.013	.250	
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	129.82	58.42	
over (min)	5.00	15.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.73 (ii)	10.48 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	15.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.32	.09	
			TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.06	.04	.084 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.50	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	60.96	29.86	39.17
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	61.96	61.96	61.96
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.98	.48	.63

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR Pervious Losses:
CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

CALIB

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 FUNCTIONAL SERVICING REPORT

 | STANDHYD (0006) | Area (ha)= .12
 |ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 99.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 99.00

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.12	.00	
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00	
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00	
Length (m)=	28.30	40.00	
Mannings n =	.013	.250	
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	129.82	2044.66	
over (min)	5.00	5.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.08 (ii)	2.09 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.34	.31	
			TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.04	.00	.043 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.33	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	60.96	29.86	60.64
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	61.96	61.96	61.96
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.98	.48	.98

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

 | CALIB |
 | STANDHYD (0005) | Area (ha)= .16
 |ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 30.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 30.00

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.05	.11	
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00	
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00	
Length (m)=	32.70	40.00	
Mannings n =	.013	.250	
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	129.82	58.42	
over (min)	5.00	10.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.18 (ii)	9.93 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	10.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.33	.11	
			TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.02	.01	.027 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.42	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	60.96	29.86	39.16
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	61.96	61.96	61.96
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.98	.48	.63

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

 | CALIB |
 | STANDHYD (0004) | Area (ha)= .09
 |ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 90.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 90.00

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.08	.01	
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00	
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00	
Length (m)=	24.50	40.00	
Mannings n =	.013	.250	
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	129.82	204.47	
over (min)	5.00	5.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	.99 (ii)	3.63 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00	

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Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.34	.25	
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.03	.00	*TOTALS* .031 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.33	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	60.96	29.86	57.84
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	61.96	61.96	61.96
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.98	.48	.93

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0007) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----
          AREA   QPEAK   TPEAK   R.V.
          (ha)   (cms)   (hrs)   (mm)
-----
ID1= 1 (0002):   .08   .029   1.33   60.64
+ ID2= 2 (0001):   .58   .084   1.33   39.17
-----
ID = 3 (0007):   .66   .113   1.33   41.78
    
```

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0009) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----
          AREA   QPEAK   TPEAK   R.V.
          (ha)   (cms)   (hrs)   (mm)
-----
ID1= 1 (0005):   .16   .027   1.33   39.16
+ ID2= 2 (0004):   .09   .031   1.33   57.84
-----
ID = 3 (0009):   .25   .057   1.33   45.88
    
```

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0008) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----
          AREA   QPEAK   TPEAK   R.V.
          (ha)   (cms)   (hrs)   (mm)
-----
ID1= 1 (0003):   .19   .065   1.33   57.83
+ ID2= 2 (0007):   .66   .113   1.33   41.78
-----
ID = 3 (0008):   .85   .178   1.33   45.37
    
```

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0010) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----
          AREA   QPEAK   TPEAK   R.V.
          (ha)   (cms)   (hrs)   (mm)
-----
ID1= 1 (0006):   .12   .043   1.33   60.64
+ ID2= 2 (0009):   .25   .057   1.33   45.88
-----
ID = 3 (0010):   .37   .100   1.33   50.67
    
```

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

 ** SIMULATION NUMBER: 6 **

```

-----
| CHICAGO STORM | IDF curve parameters: A=1114.100
| Ptotal= 67.71 mm | B= 5.000
-----
| | C= .761
used in: INTENSITY = A / (t + B)^C
Duration of storm = 4.00 hrs
    
```

PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT – 1157-1171 NORTH SHORE BOULEVARD
 FUNCTIONAL SERVICING REPORT

Storm time step = 10.00 min
 Time to peak ratio = .33

TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.17	4.90	1.17	34.68	2.17	11.09	3.17	5.78
.33	5.58	1.33	141.88	2.33	9.51	3.33	5.39
.50	6.52	1.50	44.96	2.50	8.37	3.50	5.05
.67	7.92	1.67	24.46	2.67	7.49	3.67	4.76
.83	10.29	1.83	17.17	2.83	6.80	3.83	4.50
1.00	15.27	2.00	13.40	3.00	6.24	4.00	4.28

 | CALIB |
 | STANDHYD (0003) | Area (ha)= .19
 | ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 90.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 90.00

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)
Surface Area (ha)=	.17	.02
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00
Length (m)=	35.60	40.00
Mannings n =	.013	.250

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

----- TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH -----

TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.083	4.90	1.083	34.68	2.083	11.09	3.08	5.78
.167	4.90	1.167	34.68	2.167	11.09	3.17	5.78
.250	5.58	1.250	141.88	2.250	9.51	3.25	5.39
.333	5.58	1.333	141.88	2.333	9.51	3.33	5.39
.417	6.52	1.417	44.96	2.417	8.37	3.42	5.05
.500	6.52	1.500	44.96	2.500	8.37	3.50	5.05
.583	7.92	1.583	24.46	2.583	7.49	3.58	4.76
.667	7.92	1.667	24.46	2.667	7.49	3.67	4.76
.750	10.29	1.750	17.17	2.750	6.80	3.75	4.50
.833	10.29	1.833	17.17	2.833	6.80	3.83	4.50
.917	15.27	1.917	13.40	2.917	6.24	3.92	4.28
1.000	15.27	2.000	13.40	3.000	6.24	4.00	4.28

Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	141.88	102.23
over (min)	5.00	5.00
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.20 (ii)	3.74 (ii)
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.33	.25
		TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.07	.071 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	66.71	63.45
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	67.71	67.71
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.99	.94

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

 | CALIB |
 | STANDHYD (0002) | Area (ha)= .08
 | ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 99.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 99.00

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)
Surface Area (ha)=	.08	.00
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00
Length (m)=	23.10	40.00
Mannings n =	.013	.250

Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	141.88	511.17
over (min)	5.00	5.00

Storage Coeff. (min)=	.92 (ii)	1.90 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.34	.32	
TOTALS			
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.03	.00	.031 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.33	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	66.71	34.18	66.39
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	67.71	67.71	67.71
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.99	.50	.98

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

CALIB				
STANDHYD (0001)		Area (ha)=	.58	
ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min		Total Imp(%)=	30.00	Dir. Conn.(%)= 30.00

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.17	.41	
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00	
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00	
Length (m)=	62.20	40.00	
Mannings n =	.013	.250	
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	141.88	67.54	
over (min)	5.00	10.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.67 (ii)	9.93 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	10.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.32	.11	
TOTALS			
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.07	.05	.108 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.42	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	66.71	34.18	43.93
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	67.71	67.71	67.71
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.99	.50	.65

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

CALIB				
STANDHYD (0006)		Area (ha)=	.12	
ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min		Total Imp(%)=	99.00	Dir. Conn.(%)= 99.00

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.12	.00	
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00	
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00	
Length (m)=	28.30	40.00	
Mannings n =	.013	.250	
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	141.88	2363.74	
over (min)	5.00	5.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.04 (ii)	2.02 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.34	.31	
TOTALS			
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.05	.00	.047 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.33	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	66.71	34.18	66.38
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	67.71	67.71	67.71
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.99	.50	.98

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)

- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

```

-----
| CALIB |
| STANDHYD (0005) | Area (ha)= .16
| ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 30.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 30.00
-----

```

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.05	.11	
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00	
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00	
Length (m)=	32.70	40.00	
Mannings n =	.013	.250	
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	141.88	67.54	
over (min)	5.00	10.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.14 (ii)	9.39 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	10.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.34	.12	
			TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.02	.01	.030 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.42	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	66.71	34.18	43.91
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	67.71	67.71	67.71
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.99	.50	.65

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

```

-----
| CALIB |
| STANDHYD (0004) | Area (ha)= .09
| ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 90.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 90.00
-----

```

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)	
Surface Area (ha)=	.08	.01	
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00	
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00	
Length (m)=	24.50	40.00	
Mannings n =	.013	.250	
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	141.88	236.37	
over (min)	5.00	5.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	.96 (ii)	3.50 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.34	.26	
			TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.03	.00	.034 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.33	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	66.71	34.18	63.45
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	67.71	67.71	67.71
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.99	.50	.94

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0007) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----

```

	AREA (ha)	QPEAK (cms)	TPEAK (hrs)	R.V. (mm)
ID1= 1 (0002):	.08	.031	1.33	66.39
+ ID2= 2 (0001):	.58	.108	1.33	43.93
=====				
ID = 3 (0007):	.66	.139	1.33	46.65

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0009) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----
          AREA   QPEAK   TPEAK   R.V.
          (ha)   (cms)   (hrs)   (mm)
    ID1= 1 (0005):   .16   .030   1.33   43.91
    + ID2= 2 (0004):   .09   .034   1.33   63.45
    =====
    ID = 3 (0009):   .25   .064   1.33   50.95
    
```

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0008) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----
          AREA   QPEAK   TPEAK   R.V.
          (ha)   (cms)   (hrs)   (mm)
    ID1= 1 (0003):   .19   .071   1.33   63.45
    + ID2= 2 (0007):   .66   .139   1.33   46.65
    =====
    ID = 3 (0008):   .85   .210   1.33   50.40
    
```

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0010) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----
          AREA   QPEAK   TPEAK   R.V.
          (ha)   (cms)   (hrs)   (mm)
    ID1= 1 (0006):   .12   .047   1.33   66.38
    + ID2= 2 (0009):   .25   .064   1.33   50.95
    =====
    ID = 3 (0010):   .37   .111   1.33   55.95
    
```

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

FINISH

Post-Development Visual OTTHYMO Model Output (2-year to 100-year storms)

```

=====
V V I SSSSS U U A L
V V I SS U U A A L
V V I SS U U A A A A L
V V I SS U U A A L
VV I SSSSS UUUUU A A LLLLL

OOO TTTT TTTT H H Y Y M M OOO
O O T T H H Y Y MM MM O O
O O T T H H Y M M O O
OOO T T H H Y M M OOO
  
```

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***** D E T A I L E D O U T P U T *****

Input filename: C:\Program Files (x86)\Visual OTTHYMO 2.3.3\voin.dat
 Output filename: P:\2018\18204\Visual OTTHYMO\Rev2\18204 vo2\Post-Development.out
 Summary filename: P:\2018\18204\Visual OTTHYMO\Rev2\18204 vo2\Post-Development.sum

DATE: 8/16/2019 TIME: 8:08:14 AM

USER:

COMMENTS: _____

 ** SIMULATION NUMBER: 1 **

```

-----
| CHICAGO STORM | IDF curve parameters: A= 592.600
| Ptotal= 32.34 mm | B= 6.000
| | C= .780
-----
used in: INTENSITY = A / (t + B)^C

Duration of storm = 4.00 hrs
Storm time step = 10.00 min
Time to peak ratio = .33
  
```

TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.17	2.21	1.17	17.15	2.17	5.20	3.17	2.63
.33	2.53	1.33	68.16	2.33	4.43	3.33	2.44
.50	2.98	1.50	22.38	2.50	3.87	3.50	2.28
.67	3.65	1.67	11.94	2.67	3.45	3.67	2.14
.83	4.81	1.83	8.24	2.83	3.11	3.83	2.02
1.00	7.29	2.00	6.35	3.00	2.85	4.00	1.92

```

-----
| CALIB |
| STANDHYD (0003) | Area (ha)= .16
| ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 90.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 90.00
-----
  
```

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)
Surface Area (ha)=	.14	.02
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00
Length (m)=	32.70	40.00
Mannings n =	.013	.250

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

---- TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH ----

TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.083	2.21	1.083	17.15	2.083	5.20	3.08	2.63
.167	2.21	1.167	17.15	2.167	5.20	3.17	2.63
.250	2.53	1.250	68.16	2.250	4.43	3.25	2.44
.333	2.53	1.333	68.16	2.333	4.43	3.33	2.44
.417	2.98	1.417	22.38	2.417	3.87	3.42	2.28
.500	2.98	1.500	22.38	2.500	3.87	3.50	2.28
.583	3.65	1.583	11.94	2.583	3.45	3.58	2.14
.667	3.65	1.667	11.94	2.667	3.45	3.67	2.14
.750	4.81	1.750	8.24	2.750	3.11	3.75	2.02
.833	4.81	1.833	8.24	2.833	3.11	3.83	2.02
.917	7.29	1.917	6.35	2.917	2.85	3.92	1.92
1.000	7.29	2.000	6.35	3.000	2.85	4.00	1.92

Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 68.16 18.95
 over (min) 5.00 5.00
 Storage Coeff. (min)= 1.52 (ii) 4.94 (ii)
 Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= 5.00 5.00
 Unit Hyd. peak (cms)= .33 .22

TOTALS

PEAK FLOW (cms)= .03 .00 .028 (iii)
 TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.33 1.33 1.33
 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 31.34 10.36 29.23
 TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= 32.34 32.34 32.34
 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .97 .32 .90

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

 | CALIB |
 | NASHYD (0002) | Area (ha)= .47 Curve Number (CN)= 80.0
 | ID= 1 DT=10.0 min | Ia (mm)= 5.00 # of Linear Res.(N)= 3.00
 |-----| U.H. Tp(hrs)= .20

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 10.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

---- TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH ----

TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.167	2.21	1.167	17.15	2.167	5.20	3.17	2.63
.333	2.53	1.333	68.16	2.333	4.43	3.33	2.44
.500	2.98	1.500	22.38	2.500	3.87	3.50	2.28
.667	3.65	1.667	11.94	2.667	3.45	3.67	2.14
.833	4.81	1.833	8.24	2.833	3.11	3.83	2.02
1.000	7.29	2.000	6.35	3.000	2.85	4.00	.00

Unit Hyd Qpeak (cms)= .090

PEAK FLOW (cms)= .010 (i)
 TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.500
 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 7.855
 TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= 32.020
 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .245

- (i) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

 | CALIB |
 | STANDHYD (0001) | Area (ha)= .56
 | ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 99.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 99.00

IMPERVIOUS PERVIOUS (i)

Surface Area (ha)= .55 .01
 Dep. Storage (mm)= 1.00 1.00
 Average Slope (%)= 1.00 2.00
 Length (m)= 61.10 40.00
 Mannings n = .013 .250

PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT – 1157-1171 NORTH SHORE BOULEVARD
 FUNCTIONAL SERVICING REPORT

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

---- TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH ----

TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.083	2.21	1.083	17.15	2.083	5.20	3.08	2.63
.167	2.21	1.167	17.15	2.167	5.20	3.17	2.63
.250	2.53	1.250	68.16	2.250	4.43	3.25	2.44
.333	2.53	1.333	68.16	2.333	4.43	3.33	2.44
.417	2.98	1.417	22.38	2.417	3.87	3.42	2.28
.500	2.98	1.500	22.38	2.500	3.87	3.50	2.28
.583	3.65	1.583	11.94	2.583	3.45	3.58	2.14
.667	3.65	1.667	11.94	2.667	3.45	3.67	2.14
.750	4.81	1.750	8.24	2.750	3.11	3.75	2.02
.833	4.81	1.833	8.24	2.833	3.11	3.83	2.02
.917	7.29	1.917	6.35	2.917	2.85	3.92	1.92
1.000	7.29	2.000	6.35	3.000	2.85	4.00	1.92

Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	68.16	94.77	
over (min)	5.00	5.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	2.22 (ii)	3.53 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.30	.26	
			TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.10	.00	.104 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.33	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	31.34	10.36	31.13
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	32.34	32.34	32.34
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.97	.32	.96

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

ADD HYD (0004)				
1 + 2 = 3	AREA	QPEAK	TPEAK	R.V.
	(ha)	(cms)	(hrs)	(mm)
ID1= 1 (0002):	.47	.010	1.50	7.85
+ ID2= 2 (0001):	.56	.104	1.33	31.13
=====				
ID = 3 (0004):	1.03	.112	1.33	20.51

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

ADD HYD (0005)				
1 + 2 = 3	AREA	QPEAK	TPEAK	R.V.
	(ha)	(cms)	(hrs)	(mm)
ID1= 1 (0003):	.16	.028	1.33	29.23
+ ID2= 2 (0004):	1.03	.112	1.33	20.51
=====				
ID = 3 (0005):	1.19	.140	1.33	21.68

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

RESERVOIR (0006)				
IN= 2----> OUT= 1				
DT= 5.0 min				
	OUTFLOW	STORAGE	OUTFLOW	STORAGE
	(cms)	(ha.m.)	(cms)	(ha.m.)
	.0000	.0000	.0580	.0136
	.0170	.0034	.0740	.0170
	.0280	.0068	.0870	.0204
	.0350	.0102	.0970	.0238
	AREA	QPEAK	TPEAK	R.V.
	(ha)	(cms)	(hrs)	(mm)
INFLOW : ID= 2 (0005)	1.190	.140	1.33	21.68
OUTFLOW: ID= 1 (0006)	1.190	.038	1.58	21.64

PEAK FLOW REDUCTION [Qout/Qin] (%) = 26.83
 TIME SHIFT OF PEAK FLOW (min) = 15.00
 MAXIMUM STORAGE USED (ha.m.) = .0106

 ** SIMULATION NUMBER: 2 **

 | CHICAGO STORM | IDF curve parameters: A= 697.400
 | Ptotal= 41.69 mm | B= 5.000
 C= .764
 used in: INTENSITY = A / (t + B)^C
 Duration of storm = 4.00 hrs
 Storm time step = 10.00 min
 Time to peak ratio = .33

TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.17	2.98	1.17	21.37	2.17	6.78	3.17	3.52
.33	3.40	1.33	88.09	2.33	5.81	3.33	3.28
.50	3.97	1.50	27.73	2.50	5.11	3.50	3.08
.67	4.84	1.67	15.03	2.67	4.57	3.67	2.90
.83	6.29	1.83	10.53	2.83	4.15	3.83	2.74
1.00	9.36	2.00	8.21	3.00	3.81	4.00	2.60

 | CALIB |
 | STANDHYD (0003) | Area (ha) = .16
 | ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp (%) = 90.00 Dir. Conn. (%) = 90.00

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)
Surface Area (ha) =	.14	.02
Dep. Storage (mm) =	1.00	1.00
Average Slope (%) =	1.00	2.00
Length (m) =	32.70	40.00
Mannings n =	.013	.250

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

---- TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH ----

TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.083	2.98	1.083	21.37	2.083	6.78	3.08	3.52
.167	2.98	1.167	21.37	2.167	6.78	3.17	3.52
.250	3.40	1.250	88.09	2.250	5.81	3.25	3.28
.333	3.40	1.333	88.09	2.333	5.81	3.33	3.28
.417	3.97	1.417	27.73	2.417	5.11	3.42	3.08
.500	3.97	1.500	27.73	2.500	5.11	3.50	3.08
.583	4.84	1.583	15.03	2.583	4.57	3.58	2.90
.667	4.84	1.667	15.03	2.667	4.57	3.67	2.90
.750	6.29	1.750	10.53	2.750	4.15	3.75	2.74
.833	6.29	1.833	10.53	2.833	4.15	3.83	2.74
.917	9.36	1.917	8.21	2.917	3.81	3.92	2.60
1.000	9.36	2.000	8.21	3.000	3.81	4.00	2.60

Max. Eff. Inten. (mm/hr) =	88.09	30.00
over (min)	5.00	5.00
Storage Coeff. (min) =	1.37 (ii)	4.46 (ii)
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min) =	5.00	5.00
Unit Hyd. peak (cms) =	.33	.23

TOTALS
 .037 (iii)
 1.33
 38.20
 41.69
 .92

PEAK FLOW (cms) =	.04	.00
TIME TO PEAK (hrs) =	1.33	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm) =	40.69	15.89
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm) =	41.69	41.69
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.98	.38

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.

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(iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

```

-----
| CALIB |
| NASHYD (0002) | Area (ha)= .47 Curve Number (CN)= 80.0
| ID= 1 DT=10.0 min | Ia (mm)= 5.00 # of Linear Res.(N)= 3.00
-----
| U.H. Tp(hrs)= .20
    
```

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 10.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

```

-----
          ---- TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH ----
TIME      RAIN | TIME      RAIN | TIME      RAIN | TIME      RAIN
  hrs     mm/hr |  hrs     mm/hr |  hrs     mm/hr |  hrs     mm/hr
.167     2.98 | 1.167    21.37 | 2.167     6.78 | 3.17     3.52
.333     3.40 | 1.333    88.09 | 2.333     5.81 | 3.33     3.28
.500     3.97 | 1.500    27.73 | 2.500     5.11 | 3.50     3.08
.667     4.84 | 1.667    15.03 | 2.667     4.57 | 3.67     2.90
.833     6.29 | 1.833    10.53 | 2.833     4.15 | 3.83     2.74
1.000     9.36 | 2.000     8.21 | 3.000     3.81 | 4.00     .00
    
```

Unit Hyd Qpeak (cms)= .090

PEAK FLOW (cms)= .017 (i)
 TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.500
 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 12.836
 TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= 41.259
 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .311

(i) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

```

-----
| CALIB |
| STANDHYD (0001) | Area (ha)= .56
| ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 99.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 99.00
-----
    
```

```

          IMPERVIOUS      PERVIOUS (i)
Surface Area (ha)= .55 .01
Dep. Storage (mm)= 1.00 1.00
Average Slope (%)= 1.00 2.00
Length (m)= 61.10 40.00
Mannings n = .013 .250
    
```

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

```

-----
          ---- TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH ----
TIME      RAIN | TIME      RAIN | TIME      RAIN | TIME      RAIN
  hrs     mm/hr |  hrs     mm/hr |  hrs     mm/hr |  hrs     mm/hr
.083     2.98 | 1.083    21.37 | 2.083     6.78 | 3.08     3.52
.167     2.98 | 1.167    21.37 | 2.167     6.78 | 3.17     3.52
.250     3.40 | 1.250    88.09 | 2.250     5.81 | 3.25     3.28
.333     3.40 | 1.333    88.09 | 2.333     5.81 | 3.33     3.28
.417     3.97 | 1.417    27.73 | 2.417     5.11 | 3.42     3.08
.500     3.97 | 1.500    27.73 | 2.500     5.11 | 3.50     3.08
.583     4.84 | 1.583    15.03 | 2.583     4.57 | 3.58     2.90
.667     4.84 | 1.667    15.03 | 2.667     4.57 | 3.67     2.90
.750     6.29 | 1.750    10.53 | 2.750     4.15 | 3.75     2.74
.833     6.29 | 1.833    10.53 | 2.833     4.15 | 3.83     2.74
.917     9.36 | 1.917     8.21 | 2.917     3.81 | 3.92     2.60
1.000     9.36 | 2.000     8.21 | 3.000     3.81 | 4.00     2.60
    
```

Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 88.09 150.02
 over (min) 5.00 5.00
 Storage Coeff. (min)= 2.00 (ii) 3.18 (ii)
 Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= 5.00 5.00
 Unit Hyd. peak (cms)= .31 .27

TOTALS
 PEAK FLOW (cms)= .13 .00 .135 (iii)
 TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.33 1.33 1.33
 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 40.69 15.89 40.44
 TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= 41.69 41.69 41.69
 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .98 .38 .97

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

(i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)

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- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0004) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----
                AREA   QPEAK   TPEAK   R.V.
                (ha)   (cms)   (hrs)   (mm)
    ID1= 1 (0002):   .47   .017   1.50   12.84
    + ID2= 2 (0001):   .56   .135   1.33   40.44
    =====
    ID = 3 (0004):   1.03   .149   1.33   27.85
    
```

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0005) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----
                AREA   QPEAK   TPEAK   R.V.
                (ha)   (cms)   (hrs)   (mm)
    ID1= 1 (0003):   .16   .037   1.33   38.20
    + ID2= 2 (0004):   1.03   .149   1.33   27.85
    =====
    ID = 3 (0005):   1.19   .186   1.33   29.24
    
```

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

```

-----
| RESERVOIR (0006) |
| IN= 2---> OUT= 1 |
| DT= 5.0 min |
-----
                OUTFLOW   STORAGE   OUTFLOW   STORAGE
                (cms)   (ha.m.) | (cms)   (ha.m.)
    .0000         .0000 | .0580   .0136
    .0170         .0034 | .0740   .0170
    .0280         .0068 | .0870   .0204
    .0350         .0102 | .0970   .0238
    -----
                AREA   QPEAK   TPEAK   R.V.
                (ha)   (cms)   (hrs)   (mm)
    INFLOW : ID= 2 (0005)  1.190   .186   1.33   29.24
    OUTFLOW: ID= 1 (0006)  1.190   .057   1.58   29.20
    
```

PEAK FLOW REDUCTION [Qout/Qin] (%) = 30.85
 TIME SHIFT OF PEAK FLOW (min) = 15.00
 MAXIMUM STORAGE USED (ha.m.) = .0137

 ** SIMULATION NUMBER: 3 **

```

-----
| CHICAGO STORM |
| Ptotal= 48.00 mm |
-----
                IDF curve parameters: A= 798.500
                B= 5.000
                C= .763
                used in: INTENSITY = A / (t + B)^C

                Duration of storm = 4.00 hrs
                Storm time step = 10.00 min
                Time to peak ratio = .33

                TIME   RAIN | TIME   RAIN | TIME   RAIN | TIME   RAIN
                hrs   mm/hr | hrs   mm/hr | hrs   mm/hr | hrs   mm/hr
    .17   3.45 | 1.17  24.60 | 2.17   7.83 | 3.17   4.07
    .33   3.93 | 1.33 101.14 | 2.33   6.71 | 3.33   3.79
    .50   4.59 | 1.50  31.91 | 2.50   5.90 | 3.50   3.55
    .67   5.58 | 1.67  17.31 | 2.67   5.28 | 3.67   3.35
    .83   7.26 | 1.83  12.14 | 2.83   4.79 | 3.83   3.17
    1.00  10.79 | 2.00   9.47 | 3.00   4.40 | 4.00   3.01
    
```

```

-----
| CALIB |
| STANDHYD (0003) |
| ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min |
-----
                Area (ha) = .16
                Total Imp (%) = 90.00   Dir. Conn. (%) = 90.00
    
```

PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT – 1157-1171 NORTH SHORE BOULEVARD
 FUNCTIONAL SERVICING REPORT

		IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)
Surface Area	(ha)=	.14	.02
Dep. Storage	(mm)=	1.00	1.00
Average Slope	(%)=	1.00	2.00
Length	(m)=	32.70	40.00
Mannings n	=	.013	.250

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

---- TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH ----

TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.083	3.45	1.083	24.60	2.083	7.83	3.08	4.07
.167	3.45	1.167	24.60	2.167	7.83	3.17	4.07
.250	3.93	1.250	101.14	2.250	6.71	3.25	3.79
.333	3.93	1.333	101.14	2.333	6.71	3.33	3.79
.417	4.59	1.417	31.91	2.417	5.90	3.42	3.55
.500	4.59	1.500	31.91	2.500	5.90	3.50	3.55
.583	5.58	1.583	17.31	2.583	5.28	3.58	3.35
.667	5.58	1.667	17.31	2.667	5.28	3.67	3.35
.750	7.26	1.750	12.14	2.750	4.79	3.75	3.17
.833	7.26	1.833	12.14	2.833	4.79	3.83	3.17
.917	10.79	1.917	9.47	2.917	4.40	3.92	3.01
1.000	10.79	2.000	9.47	3.000	4.40	4.00	3.01

Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	101.14	38.24	
over (min)	5.00	5.00	
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.30 (ii)	4.22 (ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00	
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.33	.24	
			TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.04	.00	.042 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.33	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	47.00	19.99	44.29
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	48.00	48.00	48.00
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.98	.42	.92

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

CALIB					
NASHYD (0002)	Area (ha)=	.47	Curve Number (CN)=	80.0	
ID= 1 DT=10.0 min	Ia (mm)=	5.00	# of Linear Res.(N)=	3.00	
-----	U.H. Tp(hrs)=	.20			

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 10.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

---- TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH ----

TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.167	3.45	1.167	24.60	2.167	7.83	3.17	4.07
.333	3.93	1.333	101.14	2.333	6.71	3.33	3.79
.500	4.59	1.500	31.91	2.500	5.90	3.50	3.55
.667	5.58	1.667	17.31	2.667	5.28	3.67	3.35
.833	7.26	1.833	12.14	2.833	4.79	3.83	3.17
1.000	10.79	2.000	9.47	3.000	4.40	4.00	.00

Unit Hyd Qpeak (cms)=	.090
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.023 (i)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.500
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	16.596
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	47.499
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.349

- (i) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

| CALIB |

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| STANDHYD (0001) | Area (ha)= .56
 | ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 99.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 99.00

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)
Surface Area (ha)=	.55	.01
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00
Length (m)=	61.10	40.00
Mannings n =	.013	.250

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

---- TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH ----

TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.083	3.45	1.083	24.60	2.083	7.83	3.08	4.07
.167	3.45	1.167	24.60	2.167	7.83	3.17	4.07
.250	3.93	1.250	101.14	2.250	6.71	3.25	3.79
.333	3.93	1.333	101.14	2.333	6.71	3.33	3.79
.417	4.59	1.417	31.91	2.417	5.90	3.42	3.55
.500	4.59	1.500	31.91	2.500	5.90	3.50	3.55
.583	5.58	1.583	17.31	2.583	5.28	3.58	3.35
.667	5.58	1.667	17.31	2.667	5.28	3.67	3.35
.750	7.26	1.750	12.14	2.750	4.79	3.75	3.17
.833	7.26	1.833	12.14	2.833	4.79	3.83	3.17
.917	10.79	1.917	9.47	2.917	4.40	3.92	3.01
1.000	10.79	2.000	9.47	3.000	4.40	4.00	3.01

Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	101.14	191.19
over (min)	5.00	5.00
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.89 (ii)	3.01 (ii)
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.32	.28
		TOTALS
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.16	.00
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	47.00	19.99
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	48.00	48.00
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.98	.42
		.156 (iii)
		1.33
		46.73
		48.00
		.97

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

ADD HYD (0004)	AREA	QPEAK	TPEAK	R.V.
1 + 2 = 3	(ha)	(cms)	(hrs)	(mm)
ID1= 1 (0002):	.47	.023	1.50	16.60
+ ID2= 2 (0001):	.56	.156	1.33	46.73
=====				
ID = 3 (0004):	1.03	.175	1.33	32.98

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

ADD HYD (0005)	AREA	QPEAK	TPEAK	R.V.
1 + 2 = 3	(ha)	(cms)	(hrs)	(mm)
ID1= 1 (0003):	.16	.042	1.33	44.29
+ ID2= 2 (0004):	1.03	.175	1.33	32.98
=====				
ID = 3 (0005):	1.19	.217	1.33	34.50

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

RESERVOIR (0006)	OUTFLOW	STORAGE	OUTFLOW	STORAGE
IN= 2---> OUT= 1				
DT= 5.0 min				

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	(cms)	(ha.m.)	(cms)	(ha.m.)
	.0000	.0000	.0580	.0136
	.0170	.0034	.0740	.0170
	.0280	.0068	.0870	.0204
	.0350	.0102	.0970	.0238

	AREA (ha)	QPEAK (cms)	TPEAK (hrs)	R.V. (mm)
INFLOW : ID= 2 (0005)	1.190	.217	1.33	34.50
OUTFLOW: ID= 1 (0006)	1.190	.068	1.58	34.46

PEAK FLOW REDUCTION [Qout/Qin](%)= 31.16
 TIME SHIFT OF PEAK FLOW (min)= 15.00
 MAXIMUM STORAGE USED (ha.m.)= .0158

 ** SIMULATION NUMBER: 4 **

TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.17	4.04	1.17	28.70	2.17	9.15	3.17	4.77
.33	4.60	1.33	117.72	2.33	7.85	3.33	4.44
.50	5.37	1.50	37.22	2.50	6.90	3.50	4.16
.67	6.54	1.67	20.22	2.67	6.18	3.67	3.92
.83	8.49	1.83	14.18	2.83	5.61	3.83	3.71
1.00	12.61	2.00	11.07	3.00	5.15	4.00	3.53

CHICAGO STORM | IDF curve parameters: A= 926.900
 Ptotal= 56.03 mm | B= 5.000
 C= .762
 used in: INTENSITY = A / (t + B)^C

Duration of storm = 4.00 hrs
 Storm time step = 10.00 min
 Time to peak ratio = .33

Surface Area	(ha)=	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)
Dep. Storage	(mm)=	1.00	1.00
Average Slope	(%)=	1.00	2.00
Length	(m)=	32.70	40.00
Mannings n	=	.013	.250

CALIB |
 STANDHYD (0003) | Area (ha)= .16
 ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 90.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 90.00

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

---- TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH ----

TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.083	4.04	1.083	28.70	2.083	9.15	3.08	4.77
.167	4.04	1.167	28.70	2.167	9.15	3.17	4.77
.250	4.60	1.250	117.72	2.250	7.85	3.25	4.44
.333	4.60	1.333	117.72	2.333	7.85	3.33	4.44
.417	5.37	1.417	37.22	2.417	6.90	3.42	4.16
.500	5.37	1.500	37.22	2.500	6.90	3.50	4.16
.583	6.54	1.583	20.22	2.583	6.18	3.58	3.92
.667	6.54	1.667	20.22	2.667	6.18	3.67	3.92
.750	8.49	1.750	14.18	2.750	5.61	3.75	3.71
.833	8.49	1.833	14.18	2.833	5.61	3.83	3.71
.917	12.61	1.917	11.07	2.917	5.15	3.92	3.53
1.000	12.61	2.000	11.07	3.000	5.15	4.00	3.53

Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	117.72	49.58
over (min)	5.00	5.00
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.22 (ii)	3.97 (ii)
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.33	.24

TOTALS

PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.05	.00	.049 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.33	1.33

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 FUNCTIONAL SERVICING REPORT

RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	55.03	25.55	52.07
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	56.03	56.03	56.03
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.98	.46	.93

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

```

-----
| CALIB |
| NASHYD (0002) | Area (ha)= .47 Curve Number (CN)= 80.0
| ID= 1 DT=10.0 min | Ia (mm)= 5.00 # of Linear Res.(N)= 3.00
-----
| U.H. Tp(hrs)= .20
    
```

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 10.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

```

-----
          ---- TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH ----
          TIME RAIN | TIME RAIN | TIME RAIN | TIME RAIN
          hrs mm/hr | hrs mm/hr | hrs mm/hr | hrs mm/hr
          .167 4.04 | 1.167 28.70 | 2.167 9.15 | 3.17 4.77
          .333 4.60 | 1.333 117.72 | 2.333 7.85 | 3.33 4.44
          .500 5.37 | 1.500 37.22 | 2.500 6.90 | 3.50 4.16
          .667 6.54 | 1.667 20.22 | 2.667 6.18 | 3.67 3.92
          .833 8.49 | 1.833 14.18 | 2.833 5.61 | 3.83 3.71
          1.000 12.61 | 2.000 11.07 | 3.000 5.15 | 4.00 .00
    
```

Unit Hyd Qpeak (cms)= .090

PEAK FLOW (cms)= .030 (i)
 TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.500
 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 21.748
 TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= 55.439
 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .392

- (i) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

```

-----
| CALIB |
| STANDHYD (0001) | Area (ha)= .56
| ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 99.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 99.00
-----
    
```

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)
Surface Area (ha)=	.55	.01
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00
Length (m)=	61.10	40.00
Mannings n =	.013	.250

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

```

-----
          ---- TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH ----
          TIME RAIN | TIME RAIN | TIME RAIN | TIME RAIN
          hrs mm/hr | hrs mm/hr | hrs mm/hr | hrs mm/hr
          .083 4.04 | 1.083 28.70 | 2.083 9.15 | 3.08 4.77
          .167 4.04 | 1.167 28.70 | 2.167 9.15 | 3.17 4.77
          .250 4.60 | 1.250 117.72 | 2.250 7.85 | 3.25 4.44
          .333 4.60 | 1.333 117.72 | 2.333 7.85 | 3.33 4.44
          .417 5.37 | 1.417 37.22 | 2.417 6.90 | 3.42 4.16
          .500 5.37 | 1.500 37.22 | 2.500 6.90 | 3.50 4.16
          .583 6.54 | 1.583 20.22 | 2.583 6.18 | 3.58 3.92
          .667 6.54 | 1.667 20.22 | 2.667 6.18 | 3.67 3.92
          .750 8.49 | 1.750 14.18 | 2.750 5.61 | 3.75 3.71
          .833 8.49 | 1.833 14.18 | 2.833 5.61 | 3.83 3.71
          .917 12.61 | 1.917 11.07 | 2.917 5.15 | 3.92 3.53
          1.000 12.61 | 2.000 11.07 | 3.000 5.15 | 4.00 3.53
    
```

Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 117.72 247.88
 over (min) 5.00 5.00
 Storage Coeff. (min)= 1.78 (ii) 2.83 (ii)
 Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= 5.00 5.00
 Unit Hyd. peak (cms)= .32 .28

TOTALS

PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT – 1157-1171 NORTH SHORE BOULEVARD
 FUNCTIONAL SERVICING REPORT

PEAK FLOW	(cms)=	.18	.00	.182 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK	(hrs)=	1.33	1.33	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME	(mm)=	55.03	25.55	54.73
TOTAL RAINFALL	(mm)=	56.03	56.03	56.03
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	=	.98	.46	.98

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0004) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----

```

	AREA (ha)	QPEAK (cms)	TPEAK (hrs)	R.V. (mm)
ID1= 1 (0002):	.47	.030	1.50	21.75
+ ID2= 2 (0001):	.56	.182	1.33	54.73
=====				
ID = 3 (0004):	1.03	.207	1.33	39.68

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0005) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----

```

	AREA (ha)	QPEAK (cms)	TPEAK (hrs)	R.V. (mm)
ID1= 1 (0003):	.16	.049	1.33	52.07
+ ID2= 2 (0004):	1.03	.207	1.33	39.68
=====				
ID = 3 (0005):	1.19	.257	1.33	41.35

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

```

-----
| RESERVOIR (0006) |
| IN= 2---> OUT= 1 |
| DT= 5.0 min |
-----

```

	OUTFLOW (cms)	STORAGE (ha.m.)	OUTFLOW (cms)	STORAGE (ha.m.)
	.0000	.0000	.0580	.0136
	.0170	.0034	.0740	.0170
	.0280	.0068	.0870	.0204
	.0350	.0102	.0970	.0238

	AREA (ha)	QPEAK (cms)	TPEAK (hrs)	R.V. (mm)
INFLOW : ID= 2 (0005)	1.190	.257	1.33	41.35
OUTFLOW: ID= 1 (0006)	1.190	.080	1.58	41.31

PEAK FLOW REDUCTION [Qout/Qin](%)= 31.15
 TIME SHIFT OF PEAK FLOW (min)= 15.00
 MAXIMUM STORAGE USED (ha.m.)= .0187

 ** SIMULATION NUMBER: 5 **

```

-----
| CHICAGO STORM |
| Ptotal= 61.96 mm |
-----

```

IDF curve parameters: A=1019.400
 B= 5.000
 C= .761

used in: INTENSITY = A / (t + B)^C

Duration of storm = 4.00 hrs
 Storm time step = 10.00 min
 Time to peak ratio = .33

TIME hrs	RAIN mm/hr	TIME hrs	RAIN mm/hr	TIME hrs	RAIN mm/hr	TIME hrs	RAIN mm/hr
.17	4.48	1.17	31.74	2.17	10.15	3.17	5.29
.33	5.10	1.33	129.82	2.33	8.70	3.33	4.93
.50	5.96	1.50	41.13	2.50	7.66	3.50	4.62

PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT – 1157-1171 NORTH SHORE BOULEVARD
 FUNCTIONAL SERVICING REPORT

.67	7.25	1.67	22.38	2.67	6.86	3.67	4.35
.83	9.41	1.83	15.71	2.83	6.23	3.83	4.12
1.00	13.97	2.00	12.26	3.00	5.71	4.00	3.91

 | CALIB |
 | STANDHYD (0003) | Area (ha)= .16
 |ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 90.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 90.00

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)
Surface Area (ha)=	.14	.02
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00
Length (m)=	32.70	40.00
Mannings n =	.013	.250

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

---- TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH ----

TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.083	4.48	1.083	31.74	2.083	10.15	3.08	5.29
.167	4.48	1.167	31.74	2.167	10.15	3.17	5.29
.250	5.10	1.250	129.82	2.250	8.70	3.25	4.93
.333	5.10	1.333	129.82	2.333	8.70	3.33	4.93
.417	5.96	1.417	41.13	2.417	7.66	3.42	4.62
.500	5.96	1.500	41.13	2.500	7.66	3.50	4.62
.583	7.25	1.583	22.38	2.583	6.86	3.58	4.35
.667	7.25	1.667	22.38	2.667	6.86	3.67	4.35
.750	9.41	1.750	15.71	2.750	6.23	3.75	4.12
.833	9.41	1.833	15.71	2.833	6.23	3.83	4.12
.917	13.97	1.917	12.26	2.917	5.71	3.92	3.91
1.000	13.97	2.000	12.26	3.000	5.71	4.00	3.91

Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	129.82	58.42
over (min)	5.00	5.00
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.18 (ii)	3.82 (ii)
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.33	.25

TOTALS

PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.05	.00	.055 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.33	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	60.96	29.86	57.83
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	61.96	61.96	61.96
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.98	.48	.93

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

 | CALIB |
 | NASHYD (0002) | Area (ha)= .47 Curve Number (CN)= 80.0
 |ID= 1 DT=10.0 min | Ia (mm)= 5.00 # of Linear Res.(N)= 3.00

 U.H. Tp(hrs)= .20

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 10.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

---- TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH ----

TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.167	4.48	1.167	31.74	2.167	10.15	3.17	5.29
.333	5.10	1.333	129.82	2.333	8.70	3.33	4.93
.500	5.96	1.500	41.13	2.500	7.66	3.50	4.62
.667	7.25	1.667	22.38	2.667	6.86	3.67	4.35
.833	9.41	1.833	15.71	2.833	6.23	3.83	4.12
1.000	13.97	2.000	12.26	3.000	5.71	4.00	.00

Unit Hyd Qpeak (cms)=	.090
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.036 (i)

PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT – 1157-1171 NORTH SHORE BOULEVARD
 FUNCTIONAL SERVICING REPORT

TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.500
 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 25.774
 TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= 61.305
 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .420

(i) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

 | CALIB |
 | STANDHYD (0001) | Area (ha)= .56
 | ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min | Total Imp(%)= 99.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 99.00

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)
Surface Area (ha)=	.55	.01
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00
Length (m)=	61.10	40.00
Mannings n =	.013	.250

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

----- TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH -----

TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.083	4.48	1.083	31.74	2.083	10.15	3.08	5.29
.167	4.48	1.167	31.74	2.167	10.15	3.17	5.29
.250	5.10	1.250	129.82	2.250	8.70	3.25	4.93
.333	5.10	1.333	129.82	2.333	8.70	3.33	4.93
.417	5.96	1.417	41.13	2.417	7.66	3.42	4.62
.500	5.96	1.500	41.13	2.500	7.66	3.50	4.62
.583	7.25	1.583	22.38	2.583	6.86	3.58	4.35
.667	7.25	1.667	22.38	2.667	6.86	3.67	4.35
.750	9.41	1.750	15.71	2.750	6.23	3.75	4.12
.833	9.41	1.833	15.71	2.833	6.23	3.83	4.12
.917	13.97	1.917	12.26	2.917	5.71	3.92	3.91
1.000	13.97	2.000	12.26	3.000	5.71	4.00	3.91

Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=	129.82	292.09
over (min)	5.00	5.00
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.71 (ii)	2.72 (ii)
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.32	.29

TOTALS
 PEAK FLOW (cms)= .20 .00 .200 (iii)
 TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.33 1.33 1.33
 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 60.96 29.86 60.65
 TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= 61.96 61.96 61.96
 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .98 .48 .98

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

 | ADD HYD (0004) |
 | 1 + 2 = 3 | AREA QPEAK TPEAK R.V.
 (ha) (cms) (hrs) (mm)

 ID1= 1 (0002): .47 .036 1.50 25.77
 + ID2= 2 (0001): .56 .200 1.33 60.65
 =====
 ID = 3 (0004): 1.03 .232 1.33 44.73

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

 | ADD HYD (0005) |
 | 1 + 2 = 3 | AREA QPEAK TPEAK R.V.
 (ha) (cms) (hrs) (mm)

 ID1= 1 (0003): .16 .055 1.33 57.83
 + ID2= 2 (0004): 1.03 .232 1.33 44.73

PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT – 1157-1171 NORTH SHORE BOULEVARD
 FUNCTIONAL SERVICING REPORT

=====
 ID = 3 (0005): 1.19 .286 1.33 46.49

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

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-----
| RESERVOIR (0006) |
| IN= 2---> OUT= 1 |
| DT= 5.0 min |
-----

```

	OUTFLOW (cms)	STORAGE (ha.m.)	OUTFLOW (cms)	STORAGE (ha.m.)
	.0000	.0000	.0580	.0136
	.0170	.0034	.0740	.0170
	.0280	.0068	.0870	.0204
	.0350	.0102	.0970	.0238

	AREA (ha)	QPEAK (cms)	TPEAK (hrs)	R.V. (mm)
INFLOW : ID= 2 (0005)	1.190	.286	1.33	46.49
OUTFLOW: ID= 1 (0006)	1.190	.089	1.58	46.46

PEAK FLOW REDUCTION [Qout/Qin] (%)	TIME SHIFT OF PEAK FLOW (min)	MAXIMUM STORAGE USED (ha.m.)
30.90	15.00	.0211

 ** SIMULATION NUMBER: 6 **

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-----
| CHICAGO STORM |
| Ptotal= 67.71 mm |
-----

```

IDF curve parameters: A=1114.100
 B= 5.000
 C= .761

used in: INTENSITY = A / (t + B)^C

Duration of storm = 4.00 hrs
 Storm time step = 10.00 min
 Time to peak ratio = .33

TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.17	4.90	1.17	34.68	2.17	11.09	3.17	5.78
.33	5.58	1.33	141.88	2.33	9.51	3.33	5.39
.50	6.52	1.50	44.96	2.50	8.37	3.50	5.05
.67	7.92	1.67	24.46	2.67	7.49	3.67	4.76
.83	10.29	1.83	17.17	2.83	6.80	3.83	4.50
1.00	15.27	2.00	13.40	3.00	6.24	4.00	4.28

```

-----
| CALIB |
| STANDHYD (0003) |
| ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min |
-----

```

Area (ha)= .16
 Total Imp(%)= 90.00 Dir. Conn.(%)= 90.00

	IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)
Surface Area (ha)=	.14	.02
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00
Length (m)=	32.70	40.00
Mannings n =	.013	.250

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

---- TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH ----

TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.083	4.90	1.083	34.68	2.083	11.09	3.08	5.78
.167	4.90	1.167	34.68	2.167	11.09	3.17	5.78
.250	5.58	1.250	141.88	2.250	9.51	3.25	5.39
.333	5.58	1.333	141.88	2.333	9.51	3.33	5.39
.417	6.52	1.417	44.96	2.417	8.37	3.42	5.05
.500	6.52	1.500	44.96	2.500	8.37	3.50	5.05
.583	7.92	1.583	24.46	2.583	7.49	3.58	4.76
.667	7.92	1.667	24.46	2.667	7.49	3.67	4.76
.750	10.29	1.750	17.17	2.750	6.80	3.75	4.50
.833	10.29	1.833	17.17	2.833	6.80	3.83	4.50
.917	15.27	1.917	13.40	2.917	6.24	3.92	4.28

PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT – 1157-1171 NORTH SHORE BOULEVARD
 FUNCTIONAL SERVICING REPORT

	1.000	15.27	2.000	13.40	3.000	6.24	4.00	4.28
Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr)=		141.88		67.54				
over (min)		5.00		5.00				
Storage Coeff. (min)=		1.14 (ii)		3.68 (ii)				
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=		5.00		5.00				
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=		.34		.25				
						TOTALS		
PEAK FLOW (cms)=		.06		.00		.060 (iii)		
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=		1.33		1.33		1.33		
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=		66.71		34.18		63.45		
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=		67.71		67.71		67.71		
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =		.99		.50		.94		

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

CALIB			
NASHYD (0002)	Area (ha)=	.47	Curve Number (CN)= 80.0
ID= 1 DT=10.0 min	Ia (mm)=	5.00	# of Linear Res.(N)= 3.00
-----	U.H. Tp(hrs)=	.20	

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 10.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

---- TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH ----							
TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.167	4.90	1.167	34.68	2.167	11.09	3.17	5.78
.333	5.58	1.333	141.88	2.333	9.51	3.33	5.39
.500	6.52	1.500	44.96	2.500	8.37	3.50	5.05
.667	7.92	1.667	24.46	2.667	7.49	3.67	4.76
.833	10.29	1.833	17.17	2.833	6.80	3.83	4.50
1.000	15.27	2.000	13.40	3.000	6.24	4.00	.00

Unit Hyd Qpeak (cms)=	.090
PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.042 (i)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.500
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	29.833
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	67.000
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.445

- (i) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

CALIB			
STANDHYD (0001)	Area (ha)=	.56	
ID= 1 DT= 5.0 min	Total Imp(%)=	99.00	Dir. Conn.(%)= 99.00

		IMPERVIOUS	PERVIOUS (i)
Surface Area (ha)=	.55	.01	
Dep. Storage (mm)=	1.00	1.00	
Average Slope (%)=	1.00	2.00	
Length (m)=	61.10	40.00	
Mannings n =	.013	.250	

NOTE: RAINFALL WAS TRANSFORMED TO 5.0 MIN. TIME STEP.

---- TRANSFORMED HYETOGRAPH ----							
TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.083	4.90	1.083	34.68	2.083	11.09	3.08	5.78
.167	4.90	1.167	34.68	2.167	11.09	3.17	5.78
.250	5.58	1.250	141.88	2.250	9.51	3.25	5.39
.333	5.58	1.333	141.88	2.333	9.51	3.33	5.39
.417	6.52	1.417	44.96	2.417	8.37	3.42	5.05
.500	6.52	1.500	44.96	2.500	8.37	3.50	5.05
.583	7.92	1.583	24.46	2.583	7.49	3.58	4.76
.667	7.92	1.667	24.46	2.667	7.49	3.67	4.76
.750	10.29	1.750	17.17	2.750	6.80	3.75	4.50

PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT – 1157-1171 NORTH SHORE BOULEVARD
 FUNCTIONAL SERVICING REPORT

.833	10.29	1.833	17.17	2.833	6.80	3.83	4.50
.917	15.27	1.917	13.40	2.917	6.24	3.92	4.28
1.000	15.27	2.000	13.40	3.000	6.24	4.00	4.28

Max.Eff.Inten. (mm/hr)=	141.88	337.68
over (min)	5.00	5.00
Storage Coeff. (min)=	1.65 (ii)	2.63 (ii)
Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)=	5.00	5.00
Unit Hyd. peak (cms)=	.32	.29

PEAK FLOW (cms)=	.22	.00	.219 (iii)
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)=	1.33	1.33	1.33
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)=	66.71	34.18	66.39
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)=	67.71	67.71	67.71
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =	.99	.50	.98

TOTALS

***** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
 CN* = 80.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
 THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0004) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----
          AREA   QPEAK   TPEAK   R.V.
          (ha)   (cms)   (hrs)   (mm)
-----
ID1= 1 (0002):   .47   .042   1.50   29.83
+ ID2= 2 (0001):   .56   .219   1.33   66.39
=====
ID = 3 (0004):   1.03   .256   1.33   49.71
    
```

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

```

-----
| ADD HYD (0005) |
| 1 + 2 = 3 |
-----
          AREA   QPEAK   TPEAK   R.V.
          (ha)   (cms)   (hrs)   (mm)
-----
ID1= 1 (0003):   .16   .060   1.33   63.45
+ ID2= 2 (0004):   1.03   .256   1.33   49.71
=====
ID = 3 (0005):   1.19   .316   1.33   51.55
    
```

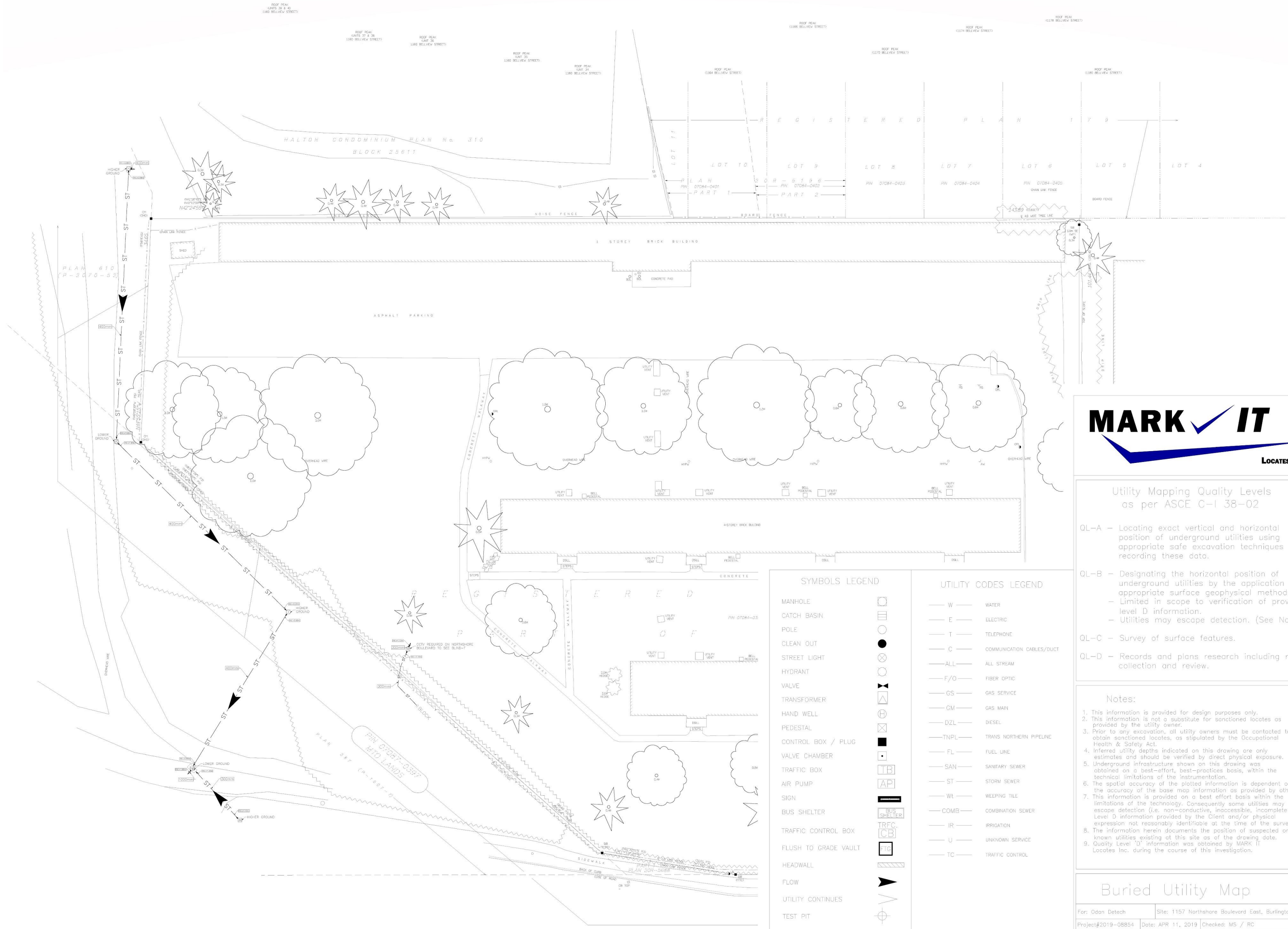
NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

```

-----
| RESERVOIR (0006) |
| IN= 2---> OUT= 1 |
| DT= 5.0 min |
-----
          OUTFLOW   STORAGE   OUTFLOW   STORAGE
          (cms)   (ha.m.)   (cms)   (ha.m.)
-----
          .0000   .0000   |   .0580   .0136
          .0170   .0034   |   .0740   .0170
          .0280   .0068   |   .0870   .0204
          .0350   .0102   |   .0970   .0238
-----
          AREA   QPEAK   TPEAK   R.V.
          (ha)   (cms)   (hrs)   (mm)
-----
INFLOW : ID= 2 (0005)   1.190   .316   1.33   51.55
OUTFLOW: ID= 1 (0006)   1.190   .096   1.58   51.52
    
```

PEAK FLOW REDUCTION [Qout/Qin](%)= 30.28
 TIME SHIFT OF PEAK FLOW (min)= 15.00
 MAXIMUM STORAGE USED (ha.m.)= .0235

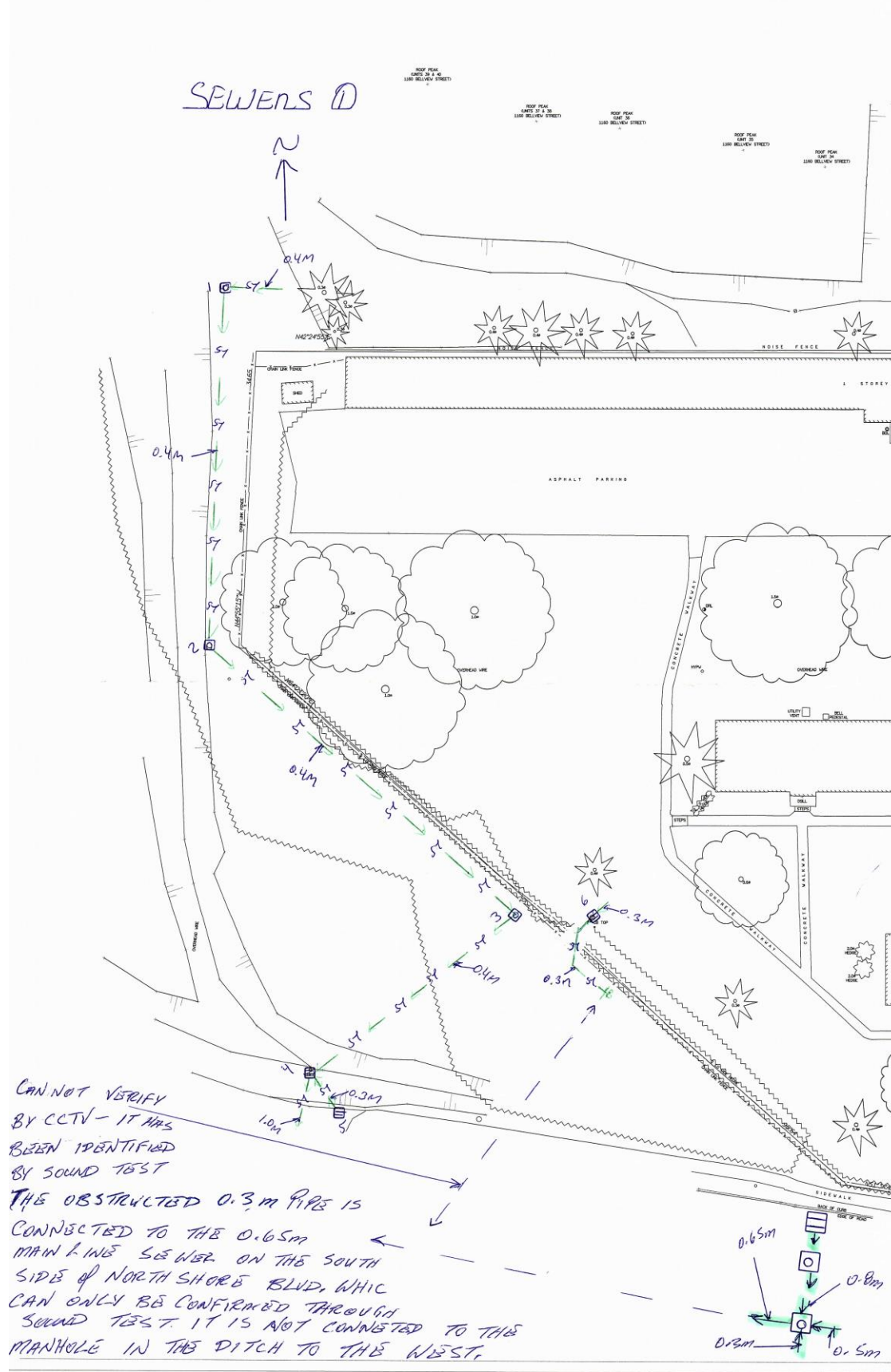
FINISH



- Utility Mapping Quality Levels
as per ASCE C-1 38-02
- QL-A - Locating exact vertical and horizontal position of underground utilities using appropriate safe excavation techniques and recording these data.
 - QL-B - Designating the horizontal position of underground utilities by the application of appropriate surface geophysical methods.
 - Limited in scope to verification of provided level D information.
 - Utilities may escape detection. (See Notes)
 - QL-C - Survey of surface features.
 - QL-D - Records and plans research including record collection and review.

- Notes:
1. This information is provided for design purposes only.
 2. This information is not a substitute for sanctioned locates as provided by the utility owner.
 3. Prior to any excavation, all utility owners must be contacted to obtain sanctioned locates, as stipulated by the Occupational Health & Safety Act.
 4. Inferred utility depths indicated on this drawing are only estimates and should be verified by direct physical exposure.
 5. Underground infrastructure shown on this drawing was obtained on a best-effort, best-practices basis, within the technical limitations of the instrumentation.
 6. The spatial accuracy of the plotted information is dependent on the accuracy of the base map information as provided by others.
 7. This information is provided on a best effort basis within the limitations of the technology. Consequently some utilities may escape detection (i.e. non-conductive, inaccessible, incomplete Level D information provided by the Client and/or physical expression not reasonably identifiable at the time of the survey, etc.)
 8. The information herein documents the position of suspected or known utilities existing at this site as of the drawing date.
 9. Quality Level 'D' information was obtained by MARK IT Locates Inc. during the course of this investigation.

SYMBOLS LEGEND		UTILITY CODES LEGEND	
MANHOLE		— W —	WATER
CATCH BASIN		— E —	ELECTRIC
POLE		— T —	TELEPHONE
CLEAN OUT		— C —	COMMUNICATION CABLES/DUCT
STREET LIGHT		— ALL —	ALL STREAM
HYDRANT		— F/O —	FIBER OPTIC
VALVE		— GS —	GAS SERVICE
TRANSFORMER		— GM —	GAS MAIN
HAND WELL		— DZL —	DIESEL
PEDESTAL		— TNPL —	TRANS NORTHERN PIPELINE
CONTROL BOX / PLUG		— FL —	FUEL LINE
VALVE CHAMBER		— SAN —	SANITARY SEWER
TRAFFIC BOX		— ST —	STORM SEWER
AIR PUMP		— WT —	WEeping TILE
SIGN		— COME —	COMBINATION SEWER
BUS SHELTER		— IR —	IRRIGATION
TRAFFIC CONTROL BOX		— U —	UNKNOWN SERVICE
FLUSH TO GRADE VAULT		— TC —	TRAFFIC CONTROL
HEADWALL			
FLOW			
UTILITY CONTINUES			
TEST PIT			



ETV Canada Verified



The Stormceptor® STC

Technology Fact Sheet for Imbrium Systems Inc.

Performance Claim

The Stormceptor® STC is capable of removing the following pollutants from stormwater runoff when designed in accordance with the PCSWMM for Stormceptor:

- Total Suspended Solids (TSS) overall loading removal range from 76% to 94%
- Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN) overall loading removal range from 43% to 65%

The TSS claim is based on three overall loading tests performed at three geographically different sites. Site 1 included eight rain events, site 2 had three rain events and site 3 had four rain events. The rain events varied in intensity and duration.

The TKN claim is based on two overall loading tests performed at two geographically different sites. Site 1 included eight rain events and site 3 had four rain events. The rain events varied in intensity and duration.

Simulations produced by the PCSWMM for Stormceptor are based on runoff that is generated from a stabilized catchment with all areas covered by vegetation, concrete, asphalt, structures and/or other non-erodible surfaces.

Technology Application

The patented Stormceptor® STC is a stormwater quality treatment device that can be installed in place of a conventional maintenance hole in a storm drainage system.

The Stormceptor® STC is a vertically oriented precast concrete cylindrical chamber that is separated into upper and lower compartments by a fiberglass insert.

Technology Operation

Stormceptor® STC flows into the upper by-pass chamber from the sewer. Inflows less than the design flow rate are diverted by a weir and orifice/drop pipe-assembly through the fiberglass insert into the lower treatment chamber. The drop pipe discharges water parallel to the circular chamber wall to increase detention time and inhibit mixing. From the treatment chamber, water flows up through the riser pipe into the by-pass chamber on the downstream side of the weir and is discharged into the storm sewer.

The water velocity slows when it enters the treatment chamber. Oil or other liquids with a specific gravity less than water will rise and become trapped beneath the fiberglass insert. These pollutants are retained in the treatment chamber because the entrance to the outlet riser pipe is submerged. Sediment will settle to the bottom of the chamber by gravity.

Flows in excess of the orifice/drop pipe capacity will flow over the weir and into the downstream sewer. This action prevents high flows from entering the lower treatment chamber and ensures that captured pollutants are not resuspended.

Performance Claim Conditions

The conditions for this performance claim are as follows:

St. Paul, MN, COMO PARK - SITE 1 0.4 ha

	3 Aug 98	7 Aug 98	27 Aug 98	19 Sep 98	23 Sep 98	7 Sep 99	11 Sep 99	19 Sep 99	OVERALL
TSS in, kg	5.22	19.47	1.35	1.42	0.72	0.25	14.59	0.13	43.15
TSS out, kg	1.30	3.61	0.40	1.70	0.89	0.21	2.31	0.03	10.45
TSS removed, kg	3.92	15.86	0.95	-0.28	-0.17	0.04	12.28	0.10	32.70
removal % mass	75	81	70	-19	-24	16	84	77	76
TKN in, kg	0.188	0.141	0.011	0.153	0.011	0.013	0.486	0.002	1.005
TKN out, kg	0.166	0.055	0.012	0.066	0.011	0.001	0.091	0.001	0.345
TKN removed, kg	0.08	0.09	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.01	0.40	0.00	0.66
removal % mass	44	61	-9	57	0	92	81	50	65

Boston, MA, Westwood - SITE 2 0.3 ha

	5 Aug 97	21 Aug 97	29 Sep 97	OVERALL
TSS in, kg	0.185	0.099	0.120	0.404
TSS out, kg	0.002	0.008	0.013	0.023
TSS removed, kg	0.183	0.091	0.107	0.381
removal % mass	99	92	89	94
TKN in, kg	-	-	-	-
TKN out, kg	-	-	-	-
TKN removed, kg	-	-	-	-
removal % mass	-	-	-	-

Seattle, WA, Seatac - SITE 3 0.4 ha

	13 Mar 99	25 Apr 99	3 May 99	28 Oct 99	OVERALL
TSS in, kg	1.891	0.699	0.296	7.401	10.287
TSS out, kg	0.658	0.315	0.093	0.308	1.373
TSS removed, kg	1.233	0.384	0.203	7.093	8.914
removal % mass	65	55	69	96	87
TKN in, kg	0.099	0.024	0.028	0.083	0.234
TKN out, kg	0.033	0.024	0.024	0.052	0.133
TKN removed, kg	0.066	0.000	0.004	0.031	0.101
removal % mass	67	0	14	37	43

The performance claim is based on the above data from three field studies conducted at three geographically different locations, comprising fourteen storm events of varying intensity (1 to 131 mm/hr, 1 to 24 hrs duration).

Verification

Testing was done by the following: Service Environmental & Engineering (St. Paul, MN site); Environmental Sampling Technology (Boston, MA site); Associated Earth Sciences Inc. (Seattle, WA site). The evaluation was conducted by Pollutech Group of Companies Inc. following the Canadian ETV Program's General Verification Protocol (March 2000).

What is the ETV Program?

The Canadian Environmental Technology Verification (ETV) Program is delivered by The Bloom Centre for Sustainability (BLOOM) under a license agreement from Environment Canada. The Canadian ETV Program is designed to support Canada's environment industry by providing credible and independent verification of technology performance claims.

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Fax: (905) 822-3558
E-mail: melhallak@bloomcentre.com
www.etvcanada.ca



Limitation of Verification

Environment Canada, BLOOM, and the Verification Entity provide the verification services solely on the basis of the information supplied by the applicant or vendor and assume no liability thereafter. The responsibility for the information supplied remains solely with the applicant or vendor and the liability for the purchase, installation, and operation (whether consequential or otherwise) is not transferred to any other party as a result of the verification.

VERIFICATION STATEMENT

GLOBE Performance Solutions

Verifies the performance of

Jellyfish[®] Filter JF4-2-1

Developed by Imbrium Systems, Inc.,
Whitby, Ontario, Canada

In accordance with

ISO 14034:2016

**Environmental management —
Environmental technology verification (ETV)**



John D. Wiebe, PhD
Executive Chairman
GLOBE Performance Solutions



August 3, 2017
Vancouver, BC, Canada

Verification Body
GLOBE Performance Solutions
404 – 999 Canada Place | Vancouver, B.C | Canada |V6C 3E2

Technology description and application

The Jellyfish® Filter is an engineered stormwater quality treatment technology designed to remove a variety of stormwater pollutants including floatable trash and debris, oil, coarse and fine suspended sediments, and particulate-bound pollutants such as nutrients, heavy metals, and hydrocarbons. The Jellyfish Filter combines gravitational pre-treatment (sedimentation and floatation) and membrane filtration in a single compact structure. The system utilizes membrane filtration cartridges comprised of multiple pleated filter elements (“filtration tentacles”) that provide high filtration surface area with the associated advantages of high flow rate, high sediment capacity, and low filtration flux rate.

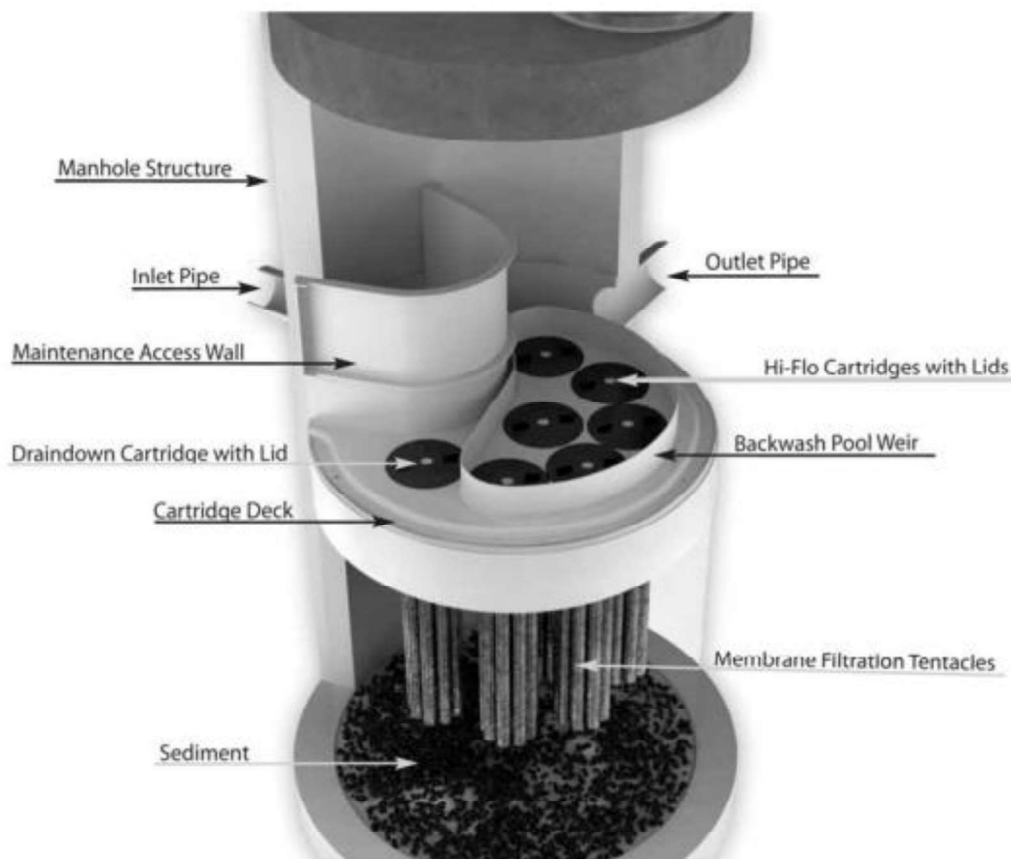


Figure 1. Cut-away graphic of a Jellyfish® Filter manhole with 6 hi-flo cartridges and 1 draindown cartridge

Figure 1 depicts a cut-away graphic of a typical 6-ft diameter Jellyfish® Filter manhole with 6 hi-flo cartridges and 1 draindown cartridge (JF6-6-1). Stormwater influent enters the system through the inlet pipe and builds a pond behind the maintenance access wall, with the pond elevation providing driving head. Flow is channeled downward into the lower chamber beneath the cartridge deck. A flexible separator skirt (not shown in the graphic) surrounds the filtration zone where the filtration tentacles of each cartridge are suspended, and the volume between the vessel wall and the outside surface of the separator skirt comprises a pretreatment channel. As flow spreads throughout the pretreatment channel, floatable pollutants accumulate at the surface of the pond behind the maintenance access wall and also beneath the cartridge deck in the pretreatment channel, while coarse sediments settle to the sump. Flow proceeds under the separator skirt and upward into the filtration zone, entering each filtration tentacle and depositing fine suspended sediment and associated particulate-bound pollutants on the outside surface of the membranes. Filtered water proceeds up the center tube of each tentacle, with the flow from each tentacle combining under the cartridge lid, and discharging to the top of the

cartridge deck through the cartridge lid orifice. Filtered effluent from the hi-flo cartridges enters a pool enclosed by a 15-cm high weir, and if storm intensity and resultant driving head is sufficient, filtered water overflows the weir and proceeds across the cartridge deck to the outlet pipe. Filtered effluent discharging from the draindown cartridge(s) passes directly to the outlet pipe, and requires only a minimal amount of driving head (2.5 cm) to provide forward flow. As storm intensity subsides and driving head drops below 15 cm, filtered water within the backwash pool reverses direction and passes backward through the hi-flo cartridges, and thereby dislodges sediment from the membranes which subsequently settles to the sump below the filtration zone. During this passive backwashing process, water in the lower chamber is displaced only through the draindown cartridge(s). Additional self-cleaning processes include gravity, as well as vibrational pulses emitted when flow exits the orifice of each cartridge lid, and these combined processes significantly extend the cartridge service life and maintenance cleaning interval. Sediment removal from the sump by vacuum is required when sediment depths reach 30 cm, and cartridges are typically removed, externally rinsed, and recommissioned on an annual basis, or as site-specific maintenance conditions require. Filtration tentacle replacement is typically required every 3 – 5 years.

Performance conditions

The data and results published in this Technology Fact Sheet were obtained from a field monitoring program conducted on a Jellyfish® Filter JF4-2-1 (4-ft diameter manhole with 2 hi-flo cartridges and 1 draindown cartridge), in accordance with the provisions of the TARP Tier II Protocol (TARP, 2003) and New Jersey Tier II Stormwater Test Requirements—Amendments to TARP Tier II Protocol (NJDEP, 2009). Testing was completed by researchers led by Dr. John Sansalone at the University of Florida’s Engineering School of Sustainable Infrastructure and Environment. The drainage area providing stormwater runoff to the test unit varied between 502 m² and 799 m² (5400 ft² to 8600 ft²) depending on storm intensity and wind direction. The unit was monitored for a total of 25 TARP qualifying storm events (i.e. ≥ 2.5 mm of rainfall) contributing cumulative rainfall of 381 mm (15 in) over the 13-month period between May 28, 2010 and June 27, 2011. Only TARP-qualified storms were routed through the unit, and maintenance was not required during the testing period based on sediment accumulation less than the depth indicated for maintenance, and also based on hydraulic testing performed on the system after the conclusion of monitoring.

Table 1 shows the specified and achieved amended TARP criteria for storm selection and sampling. **Table 2** shows the observed ranges of operational conditions that occurred over the testing period.

Table 1. Specified and achieved amended TARP criteria for storm selection and sampling

Description	Criteria value	Achieved value
Total rainfall	≥ 2.5 mm (0.1 in)	> 2.5 mm (0.1 in)
Minimum inter-event period	6 hrs	10 hrs
Minimum flow-weighted composite sample storm coverage	70% including as much of the first 20% of the storm	100%
Minimum influent/effluent samples	10, but a minimum of 5 subsamples for composite samples	Minimum of 8 subsamples for composite samples
Total sampled rainfall	Minimum 381 mm (15 in)	384 mm (15.01 in)
Number of storms	Minimum 20	25

Table 2. Observed operational conditions for events monitored over the study period

Operational condition	Observed range
Storm durations	26 – 691 min
Previous dry hours	10 - 910 hrs
Rainfall depth	3 – 50 mm
Initial rainfall to runoff lag time	1 – 34 min
Runoff volume	206 – 13,229 L
Peak rainfall intensity	5 – 137 mm/hr
Peak runoff flow rate	0.5 – 14.3 L/s
Event median flow rate	0.01 – 5.5 L/s

The 4-ft diameter test unit has sedimentation surface area of 1.17 m² (12.56 ft²). Each of the three filter cartridges employed in the test unit uses filtration tentacles of 137 cm (54 in) length, with filter surface area of 35.4 m² (381 ft²) per cartridge, and total filter surface area of 106.2 m² (1143 ft²) for the three cartridges combined. The design treatment flow rate is 5 L/s (80 gal/min) for each of the two hi-flo cartridges and 2.5 L/s (40 gal/min) for the single draindown cartridge, for a total design treatment flow rate of 12.6 L/s (200 gal/min) at design driving head of 457 mm (18 in). This translates to a filtration flux rate (flow rate per unit filter surface area) of 0.14 L/s/m² (0.21 gal/min/ft²) for each hi-flo cartridge and 0.07 L/s/m² (0.11 gal/min/ft²) for the draindown cartridge. The design flow rate for each cartridge is controlled by the sizing of the orifice in the cartridge lid. The distance from the bottom of the filtration tentacles to the sump is 61 cm (24 in).

Performance claims

The Jellyfish® Filter demonstrated the removal efficiencies indicated in **Table 3** for respective constituents during field monitoring of 25 TARP qualified storm events with cumulative rainfall of 381 mm, conducted in accordance with the provisions of the TARP Tier II Protocol (TARP, 2003) and New Jersey Tier II Stormwater Test Requirements—Amendments to TARP Tier II Protocol (NJDEP, 2009), and using the following design parameters:

- System hydraulic loading rate (system treatment flow rate per unit of sedimentation surface area) of 10.8 L/s/m² (15.9 gal/min/ft²) or lower
- Filtration flux rate (flow rate per unit filter surface area) of 0.14 L/s/m² (0.21 gal/min/ft²) or lower for each hi-flo cartridge and 0.07 L/s/m² (0.11 gal/min/ft²) or lower for each draindown cartridge
- Distance from the bottom of the filtration tentacles to the sump of 61 cm (24 in) or greater
- Driving head of 457 mm (18 in) or greater

Table 3. Mean, median and 95% confidence interval (median) for removal efficiencies of selected stormwater constituents

Parameter	Mean	Median	Median - 95% Lower Limit	Median - 95% Upper Limit
TSS	84.7	85.6	82.8	89.8
SSC	97.5	98.3	97.1	98.7
Total phosphorus	48.8	49.1	43.3	60.1
Total nitrogen	37.9	39.3	31.2	54.6
Zinc	55.3	69	39	75
Copper	83.0	91.7	75.1	98.9
Oil and grease	60.1	60	42.7	100

N.B. As with any field test of stormwater treatment devices, removal efficiencies will vary based on pollutant influent concentrations and other site specific conditions.

Performance results

The frequency of rainfall depths monitored during the study is presented in **Figure 2**. The median and 90th percentile rainfall depths were 11 mm and 31.7 mm, respectively. These values represent the depth of rainfall that is not exceeded in 50 and 90 percent of the monitored rainfall events.

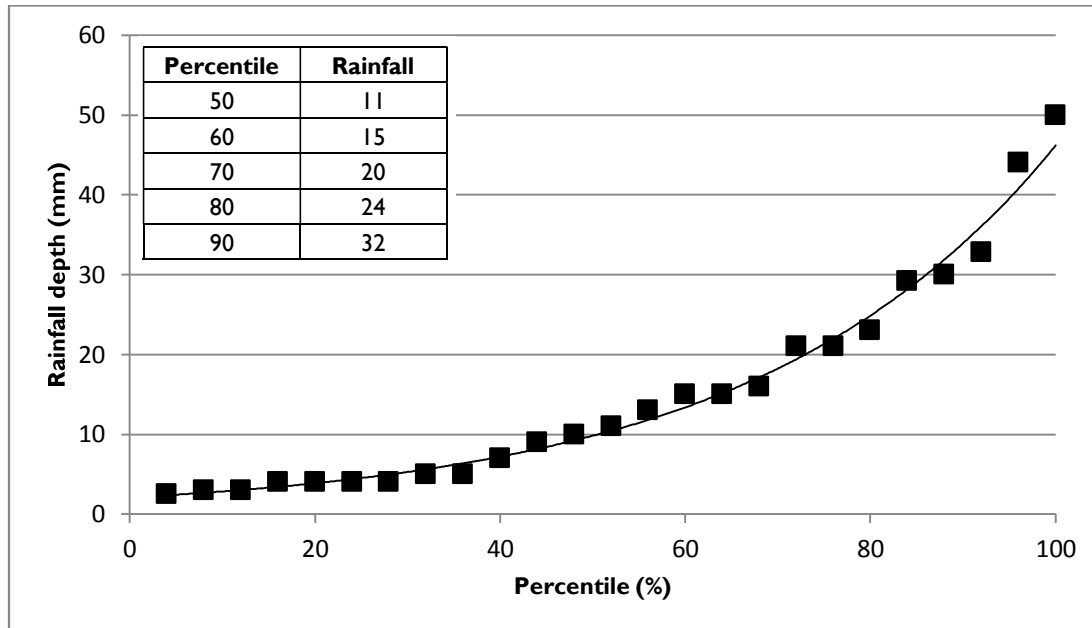


Figure 2. Rainfall depth frequency curve

Sediment removal performance was assessed by measuring the event mean concentration and mass of suspended sediment entering and leaving the unit during runoff events. This involved sampling the full cross-section of influent and effluent flows manually at 2 - 10 minute intervals for the full duration of each storm event and combining discrete samples into flow-weighted composites. Comparing the theoretical mass recovery from the sump calculated by the difference between the influent and effluent mass to the actual dry weight of the recovered sump mass showed an overall mass balance recovery of 94.5% over the study period.

The median d50 particle size (i.e. 50th percentile particle size) of the influent and effluent was 82 and 3 μm , respectively (**Figure 3**). The median influent particles sizes ranged between 22 and 263 μm , whereas median effluent particle sizes ranged between 1 and 11 μm .

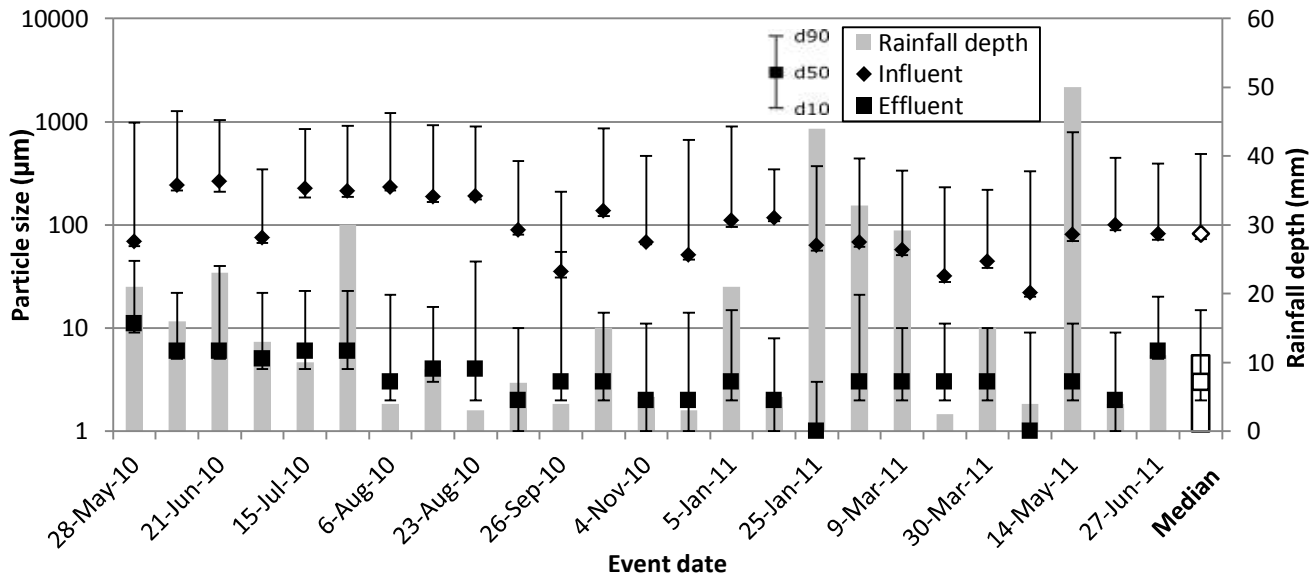


Figure 3. The rainfall depth and d10, d50, and d90 particle sizes of the influent and effluent composite samples for each monitored storm event over the 13-month testing period

Sampling of flows into and out of the Jellyfish Filter over the testing period showed statistically significant reductions ($p < 0.05$; Wilcoxon signed-rank test) in influent event mean concentrations for all selected stormwater constituents (Table 4 and Figure 4). Effluent event mean Suspended Sediment Concentrations (SSC) were below 19 mg/L during all monitored events. Load-based removal rates were also calculated based on the sum of loads over the study period. These removal rates ranged from 46.3 for Total Nitrogen to 98.6 for SSC (Table 4).

Table 4. Summary statistics for influent and effluent event mean concentrations for selected constituents

Water Quality Variable	Sampling Location	Min	Max	Median	Range	Mean	SD	Load based removal efficiency (%)
TSS	Influent (mg/L)	16.30	261.00	79.30	244.70	86.26	51.37	87.2
	Effluent (mg/L)	3.20	21.70	11.80	18.50	10.99	4.79	
SSC	Influent (mg/L)	78.20	1401.70	444.50	1323.50	482.26	338.34	98.6
	Effluent (mg/L)	2.80	18.10	7.30	15.30	7.88	3.77	
TP	Influent (µg/L)	887.00	8793.00	3063.00	7906.00	3550.20	1914.50	64.2
	Effluent (µg/L)	472.00	4769.00	1480.00	4297.00	1688.08	1059.98	
TN	Influent (µg/L)	1170.00	10479.00	3110.00	9309.00	3519.32	2161.47	46.3
	Effluent (µg/L)	553.00	6579.00	1610.00	6026.00	2091.76	1613.61	
Zn	Influent (µg/L)	0.005	7600.00	1500.00	7600.00	1792.00	1852.91	76.1
	Effluent (µg/L)	0.005	2760.00	450.00	2760.00	561.64	594.70	
Cu	Influent (µg/L)	0.001	880.40	79.50	880.40	171.28	229.33	92.1
	Effluent (µg/L)	0.001	51.30	6.90	51.30	14.36	17.22	
Oil and Grease	Influent (mg/L)	0.20	4.06	0.93	3.86	1.07	0.82	46.4
	Effluent (mg/L)	0.00	2.32	0.35	2.32	0.50	0.60	

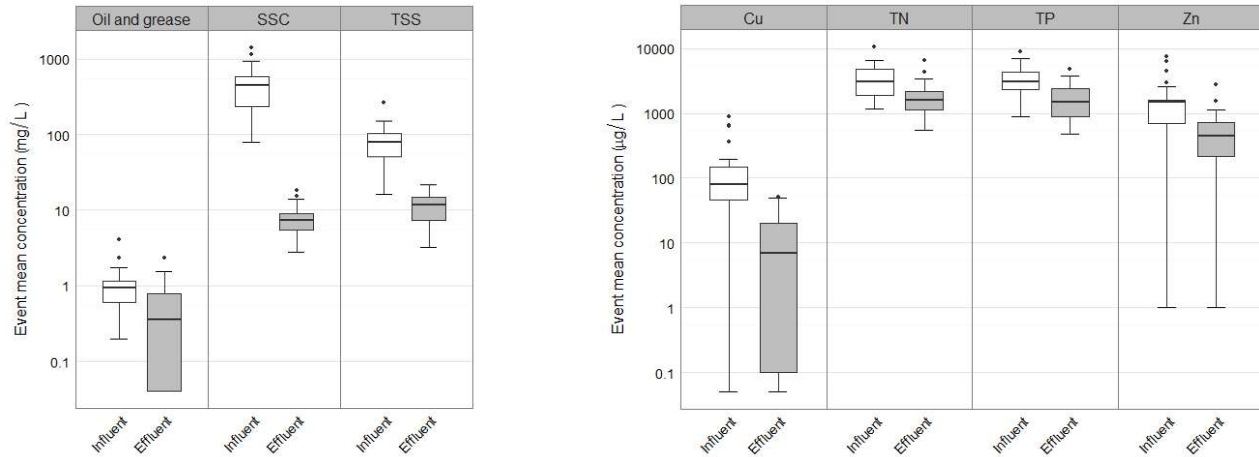


Figure 4. Boxplots showing the distribution of influent and effluent event mean concentrations (EMC) for selected stormwater constituents over the study period

Verification

The verification was completed by the Verification Expert, Toronto and Region Conservation Authority, contracted by GLOBE Performance Solutions, using the International Standard **ISO 14034:2016 Environmental management – Environmental technology verification (ETV)**. Data and information provided by Imbrium Systems to support the performance claim included the performance monitoring report prepared by University of Florida, Engineering School of Sustainable Infrastructure and Environment, and dated November 2011. This report is based on testing completed in accordance with the Technology Acceptance Reciprocity Partnership (TARP) Tier II Protocol (2003) and New Jersey Tier II Stormwater Test Requirements--Amendments to TARP Tier II Protocol (NJDEP, 2009).

What is ISO 14034:2016 Environmental management – Environmental technology verification (ETV)?

ISO 14034:2016 specifies principles, procedures and requirements for environmental technology verification (ETV), and was developed and published by the *International Organization for Standardization (ISO)*. The objective of ETV is to provide credible, reliable and independent verification of the performance of environmental technologies. An environmental technology is a technology that either results in an environmental added value or measures parameters that indicate an environmental impact. Such technologies have an increasingly important role in addressing environmental challenges and achieving sustainable development.

For more information on the Jellyfish® Filter please contact:

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V6C 3E2 Canada
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etv@globeperformance.com

Limitation of verification

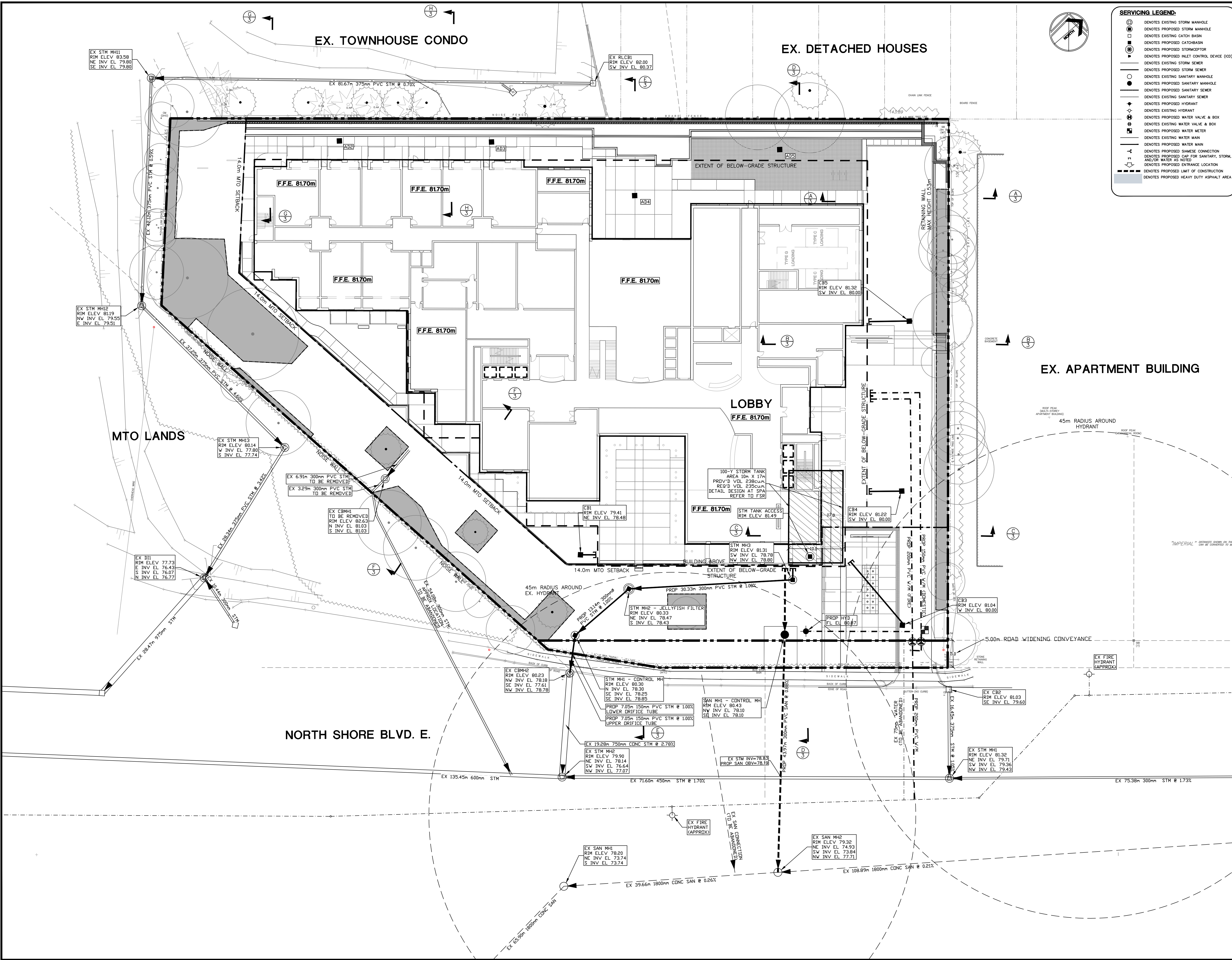
GLOBE Performance Solutions and the Verification Expert provide the verification services solely on the basis of the information supplied by the applicant or vendor and assume no liability thereafter. The responsibility for the information supplied remains solely with the applicant or vendor and the liability for the purchase, installation, and operation (whether consequential or otherwise) is not transferred to any other party as a result of the verification.

APPENDIX C

Functional Servicing Plan

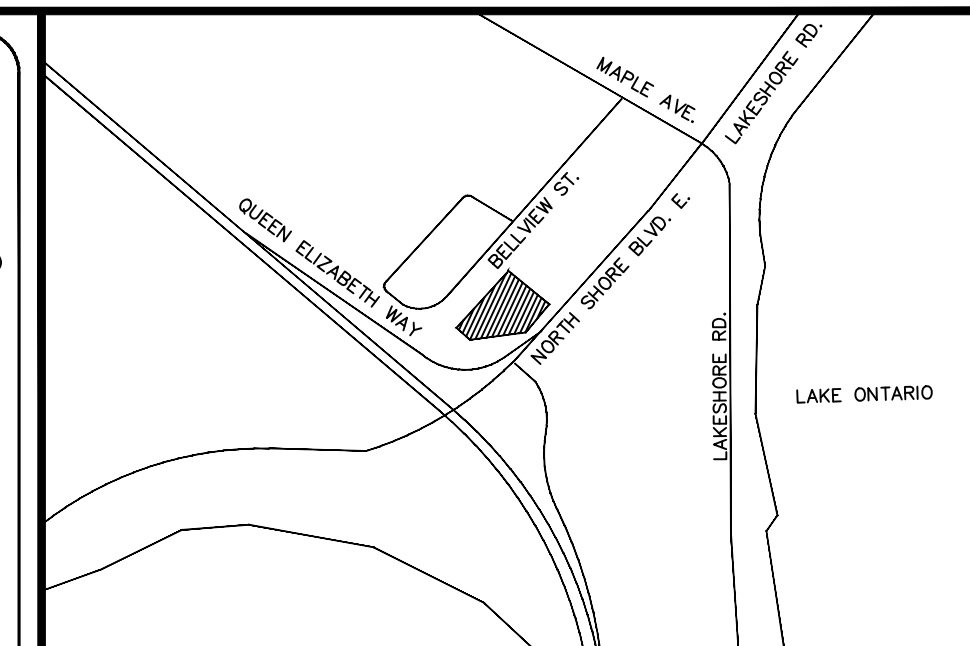
Functional Grading Plan

Functional Grading Sections



SERVICING LEGEND:

- DENOTES EXISTING STORM MANHOLE
- DENOTES PROPOSED STORM MANHOLE
- DENOTES EXISTING CATCH BASIN
- DENOTES PROPOSED CATCH BASIN
- DENOTES PROPOSED STORMCEPTOR
- DENOTES PROPOSED INLET CONTROL DEVICE (ICD)
- DENOTES EXISTING STORM SEWER
- DENOTES PROPOSED STORM SEWER
- DENOTES EXISTING SANITARY MANHOLE
- DENOTES PROPOSED SANITARY MANHOLE
- DENOTES EXISTING SANITARY SEWER
- DENOTES PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER
- DENOTES EXISTING HYDRANT
- DENOTES PROPOSED HYDRANT
- DENOTES PROPOSED WATER VALVE & BOX
- DENOTES EXISTING WATER VALVE & BOX
- DENOTES PROPOSED WATER METER
- DENOTES EXISTING WATER MAIN
- DENOTES PROPOSED WATER MAIN
- DENOTES PROPOSED SIAMSE CONNECTION
- DENOTES PROPOSED CAP FOR SANITARY, STORM, AND/OR WATER AS NOTED
- DENOTES PROPOSED ENTRANCE LOCATION
- DENOTES PROPOSED LIMIT OF CONSTRUCTION
- DENOTES PROPOSED HEAVY DUTY ASPHALT AREA



KEY PLAN
Scale: N.T.S.

SUBJECT LANDS

NOTE:
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EXISTING TOPOGRAPHIC AND BOUNDARY INFORMATION PROVIDED BY MACKAY MACKAY & PETERS LTD. IN THEIR BOUNDARY AND TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY DATED MARCH 12, 2018.

BENCH MARK:
CITY OF BURLINGTON BENCHMARK NO. 292 (ELEVATION = 83.708 METRES (CGVD-1929; 1978 ADJUSTMENT))
BRASS CAP IN SIDEWALK LOCATED AT THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF THE INTERSECTION OF NORTH SHORE BOULEVARD AND FRANCIS ROAD, MONUMENT LOCATED 15.25 METRES SOUTHWESTERLY FROM THE SOUTHWEST CORNER OF HOUSE NO. 1007 NORTH SHORE BOULEVARD, 6 METRES SOUTHWEST FROM THE HYDRO POLE (LIGHT POLE), FIRST POLE NORTH OF NORTH SHORE BOULEVARD ON THE EAST SIDE OF FRANCIS ROAD AND 8.2 METRES FROM THE CENTER LINE OF FRANCIS ROAD.

BEARING NOTE:
BEARINGS ARE ASTROGNOMIC AND ARE REFERRED TO THE NORTHWESTERLY LIMIT OF PLAN 20R-6415, HAVING A BEARING OF N42°28'50"E.

METRIC NOTE:
DISTANCES AND ELEVATIONS ON THIS PLAN ARE TYPICALLY SHOWN IN METRES AND CAN BE CONVERTED TO FEET BY DIVIDING BY 0.3048.

NO.	REVISIONS	DATE	BY
2.	ISSUED FOR ZBA RESUBMISSION	AUG 15/19	DB
1.	ISSUED FOR ZBA SUBMISSION	SEP 19/18	DB

SCALE: 0 10 20 30

DRAWING: **FUNCTIONAL SERVICING PLAN**

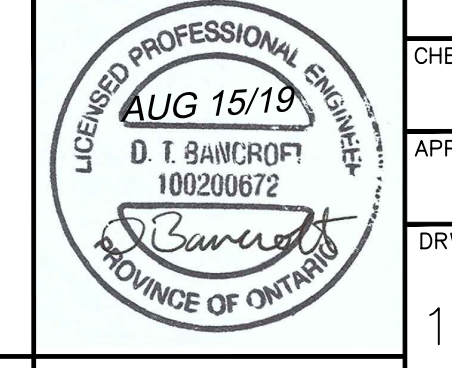
CLIENT: **SPRUCE PARTNERS**

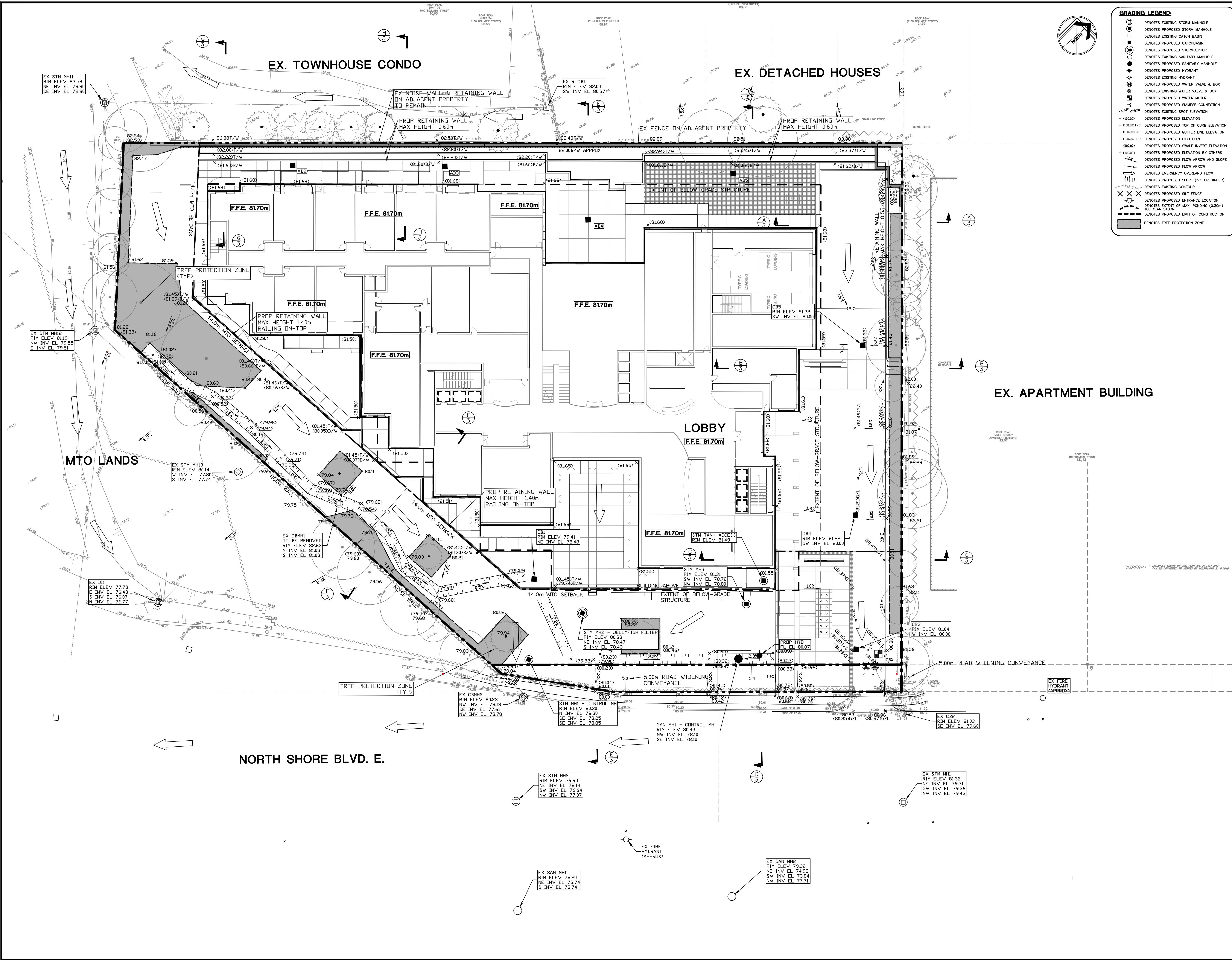
PROJECT: **PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL & RETIREMENT HOME DEVELOPMENT
1157-1171 NORTH SHORE BOULEVARD EAST
BURLINGTON, ON**

ODAN-DETECH CONSULTING ENGINEERS

The Odan+Detch Group Inc. P: (905) 632-3811 F: (905) 632-3363
8230 SOUTH SERVICE ROAD, BURLINGTON, ONTARIO, L7L 5K2

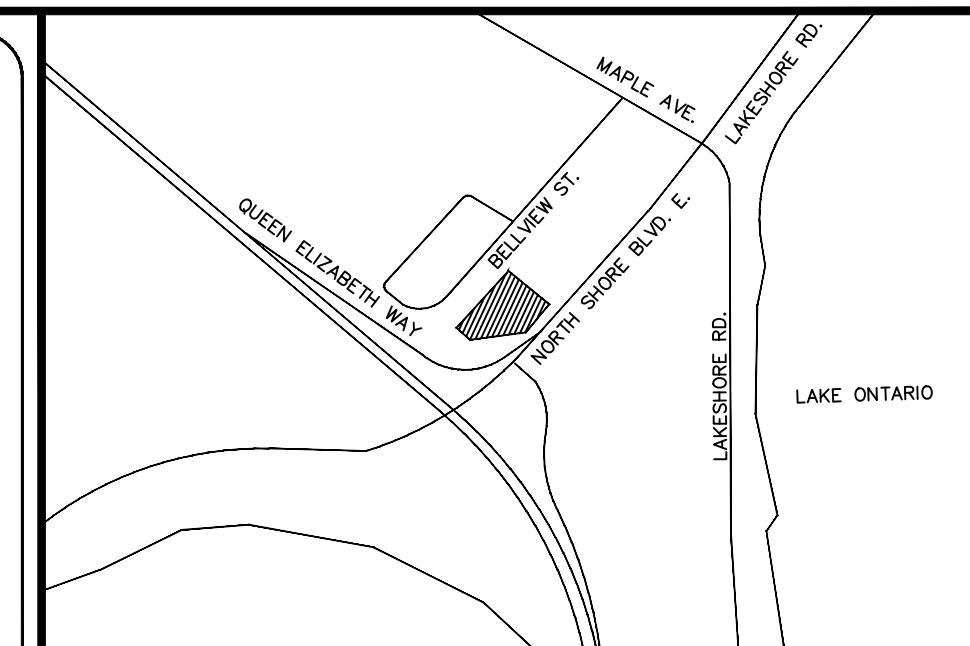
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18204-1B.dwg			D.B.
			CHECKED BY: D.C.S.
			APPROVED BY: D.C.S.
			DRWG. NO.: 1 OF 3





GRADING LEGEND:

- DENOTES EXISTING STORM MANHOLE
- DENOTES PROPOSED STORM MANHOLE
- DENOTES EXISTING CATCH BASIN
- DENOTES PROPOSED CATCH BASIN
- DENOTES EXISTING STORMCEPTOR
- DENOTES PROPOSED STORMCEPTOR
- DENOTES EXISTING SANITARY MANHOLE
- DENOTES PROPOSED SANITARY MANHOLE
- DENOTES EXISTING HYDRANT
- DENOTES PROPOSED HYDRANT
- DENOTES EXISTING WATER VALVE & BOX
- DENOTES PROPOSED WATER VALVE & BOX
- DENOTES EXISTING WATER METER
- DENOTES PROPOSED WATER METER
- DENOTES EXISTING SEWER CONNECTION
- DENOTES PROPOSED SEWER CONNECTION
- DENOTES EXISTING SPOT ELEVATION
- DENOTES PROPOSED ELEVATION
- DENOTES PROPOSED TOP OF CURB ELEVATION
- DENOTES PROPOSED GUTTER LINE ELEVATION
- DENOTES PROPOSED HIGH POINT
- DENOTES PROPOSED SWALE INVERT ELEVATION
- DENOTES PROPOSED ELEVATION BY OTHERS
- DENOTES PROPOSED FLOW ARROW AND SLOPE
- DENOTES PROPOSED FLOW ARROW
- DENOTES EMERGENCY OVERLAND FLOW
- DENOTES EXISTING CONTOUR
- DENOTES PROPOSED SLOPE (3:1 OR HIGHER)
- DENOTES EXISTING SLOPE
- DENOTES PROPOSED SLOPE
- DENOTES PROPOSED SLT FENCE
- DENOTES PROPOSED ENTRANCE LOCATION
- DENOTES EXTENT OF MAX. PONDING (0.30m)
- DENOTES PROPOSED LIMIT OF CONSTRUCTION
- DENOTES TREE PROTECTION ZONE



NOTE:

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EXISTING TOPOGRAPHIC AND BOUNDARY INFORMATION PROVIDED BY MACKAY MACKAY & PETERS LTD. IN THEIR BOUNDARY AND TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY DATED MARCH 12, 2018

BENCH MARK:

CITY OF BURLINGTON Bench Mark No. 292 (ELEVATION = 83.708 METRES (GGVD-1929: 1978 ADJUSTMENT))

BRASS CAP IN SIDEWALK LOCATED AT THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF THE INTERSECTION OF NORTH SHORE BOULEVARD AND FRANCIS ROAD MONUMENT LOCATED 15.25 METRES SOUTHWESTERLY FROM THE SOUTHWEST CORNER OF HOUSE NO. 1007 NORTH SHORE BOULEVARD, 6 METRES SOUTHWEST FROM THE HYDRO POLE (LIGHT POLE), FIRST POLE NORTH OF NORTH SHORE BOULEVARD ON THE EAST SIDE OF FRANCIS ROAD AND 8.2 METRES FROM THE CENTER LINE OF FRANCIS ROAD.

BEARING NOTE:

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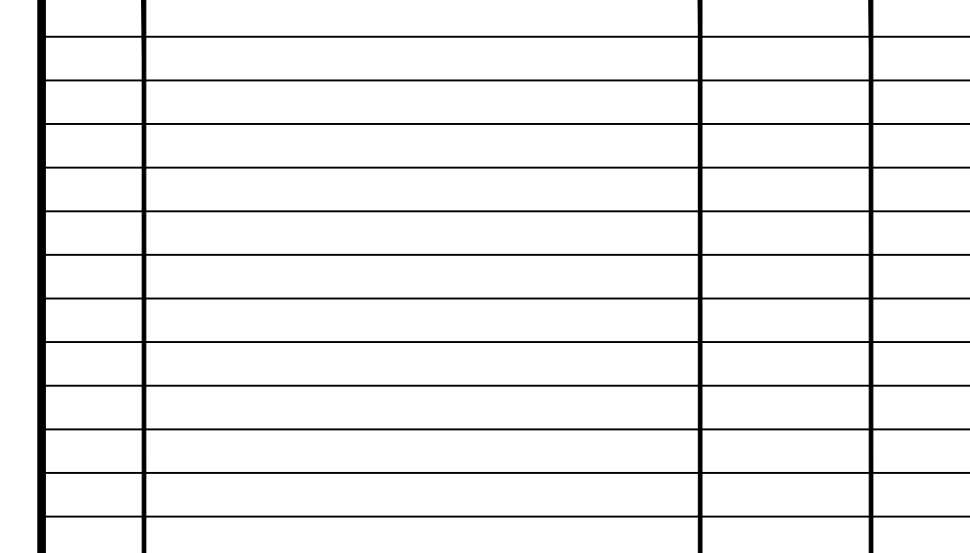
METRIC NOTE:

DISTANCES AND ELEVATIONS ON THIS PLAN ARE TYPICALLY SHOWN IN METRES AND CAN BE CONVERTED TO FEET BY DIVIDING BY 0.3048.

2. ISSUED FOR ZBA RESUBMISSION AUG 15/19 DB

1. ISSUED FOR ZBA SUBMISSION SEP 19/18 DB

NO.	REVISIONS	DATE	BY



DRAWING:

FUNCTIONAL GRADING PLAN

CLIENT:

SPRUCE PARTNERS

PROJECT:

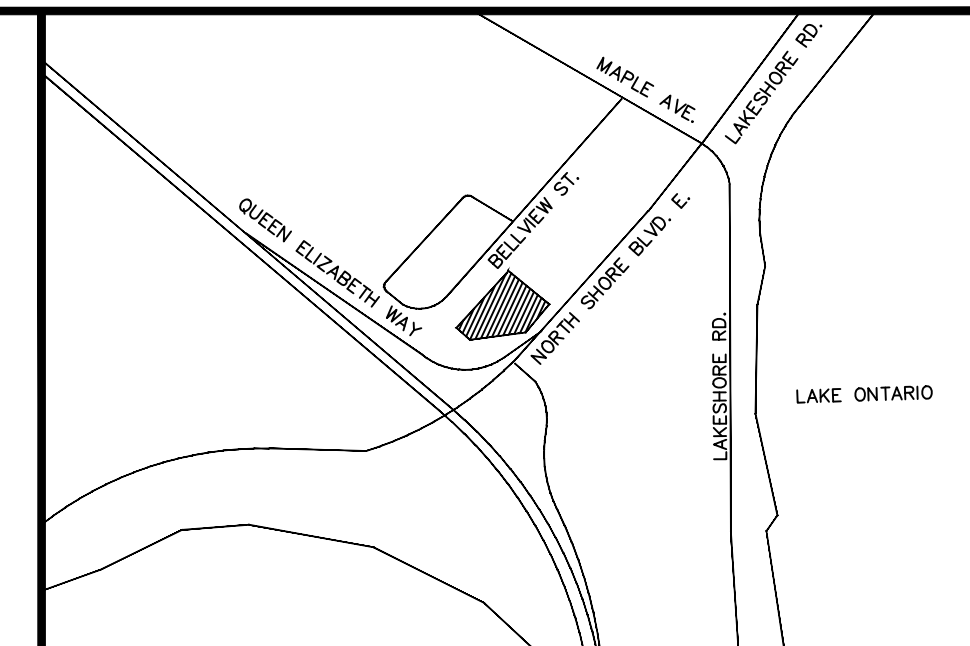
PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL & RETIREMENT HOME DEVELOPMENT

1157-1171 NORTH SHORE BOULEVARD EAST
BURLINGTON, ON



SCALE:	PROJ. NO.:	DATE STARTED:	DESIGN BY:
1:300	18204	MAY 2018	D.B.
18204-2B.dwg			DRAWN BY:
			D.B.
			CHECKED BY:
			D.C.S.
			APPROVED BY:
			D.C.S.
			DRWG. NO.:
			2 OF 3

ENGINEER



KEY PLAN
Scale: N.T.S.

SUBJECT LANDS

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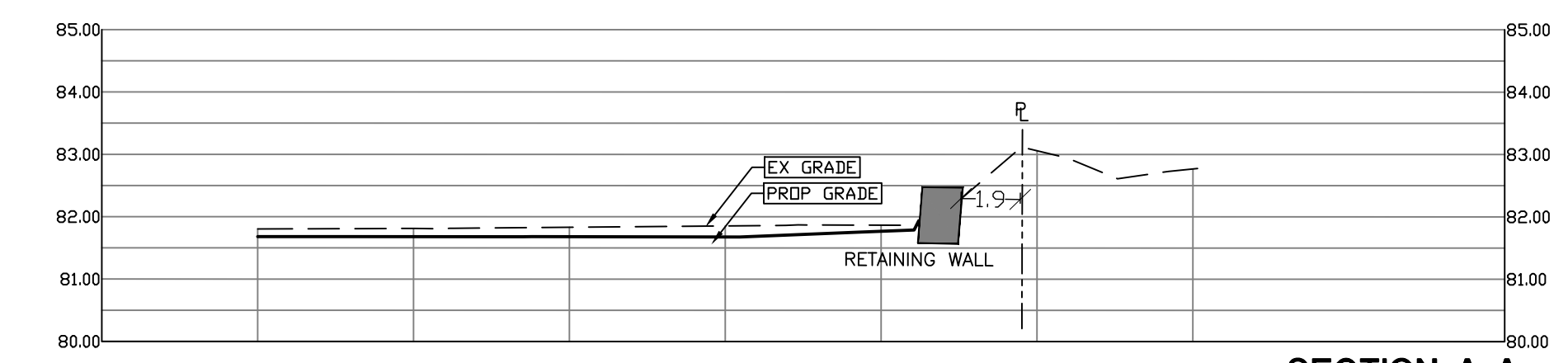
THE APPROVAL OF THIS PLAN DOES NOT EXEMPT THE OWNER'S CONTRACTOR FROM OBTAINING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING PERMITS: ROAD CUT, SEWER PERMITS, RELOCATION OF SERVICES, ENCROACHMENT AGREEMENTS, APPROACH APPROVAL PERMITS, ETC...

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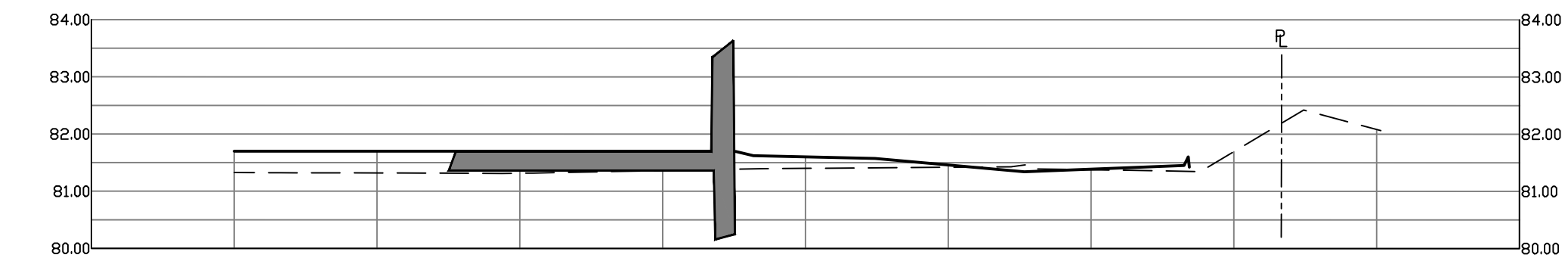
BENCH MARK:
CITY OF BURLINGTON BENCHMARK No. 292 ELEVATION = 83.708 METRES (CGVD-1929: 1978 ADJUSTMENT)
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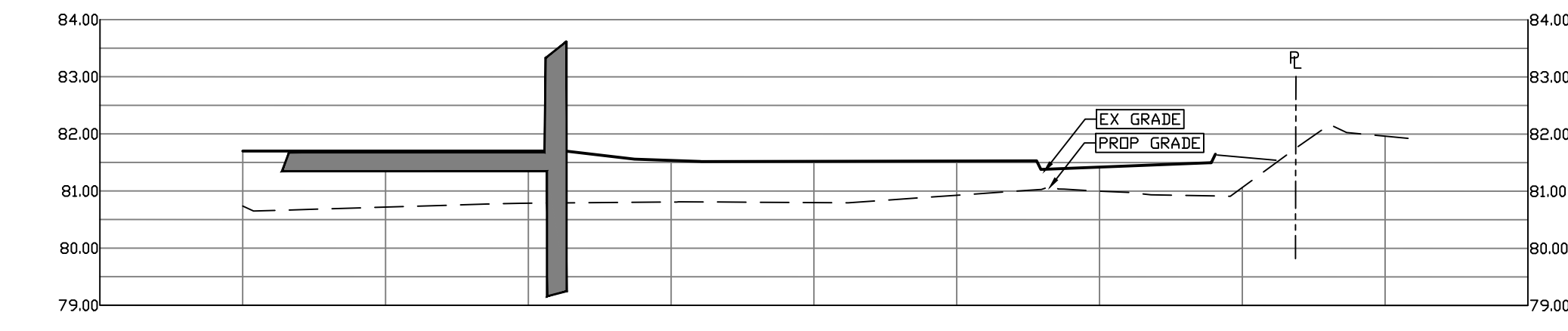
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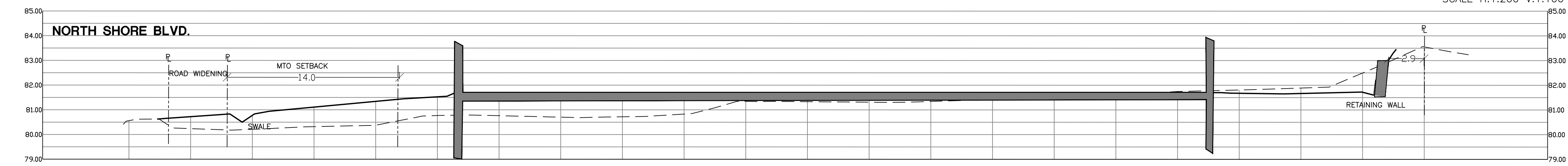
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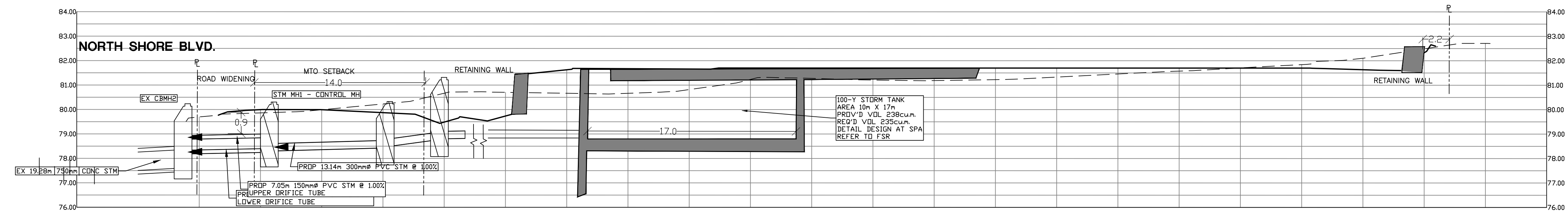
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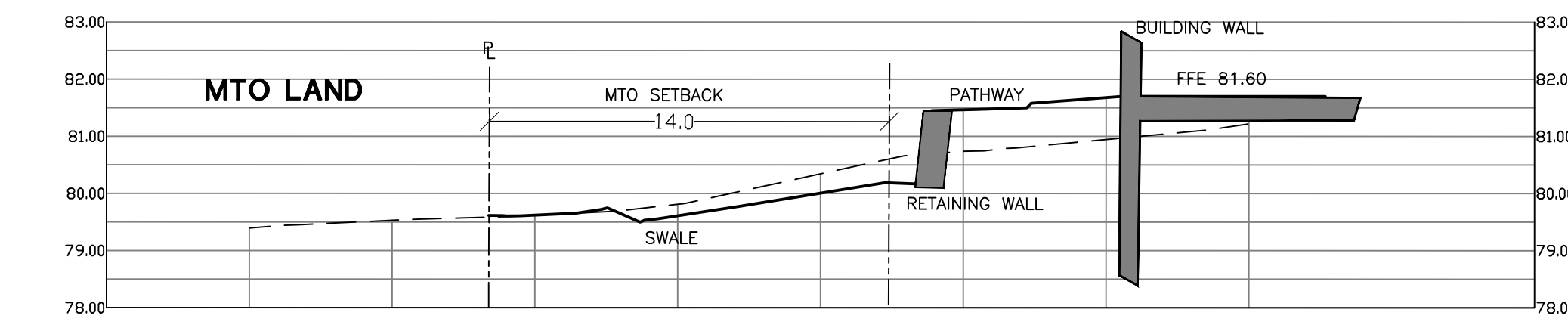
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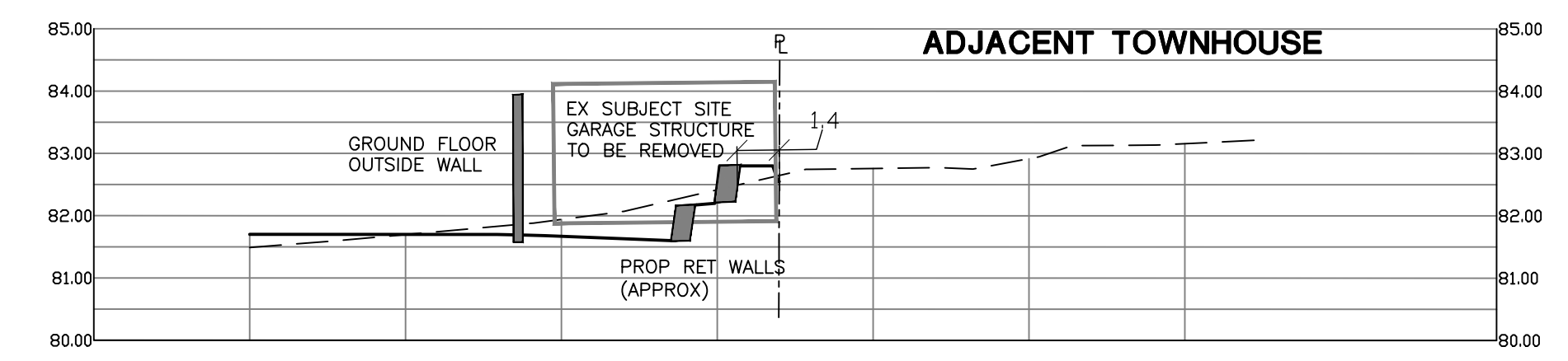
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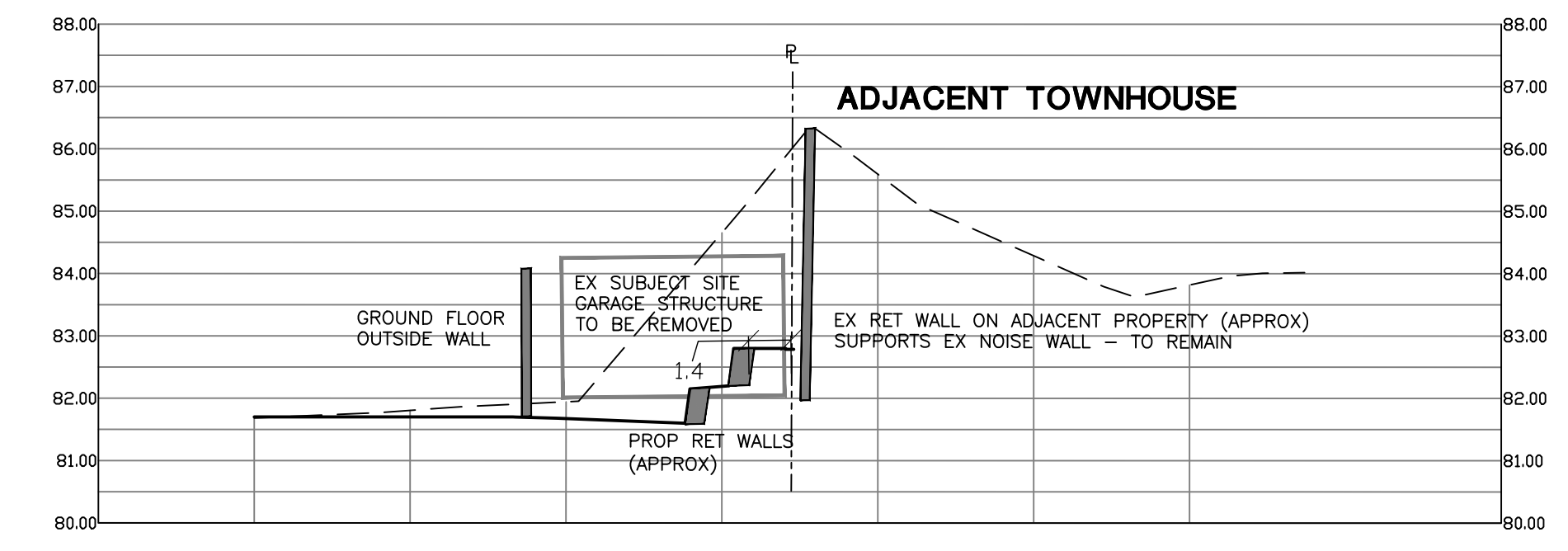
SECTION E-E
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SECTION F-F
SCALE H:1:200 V:1:100

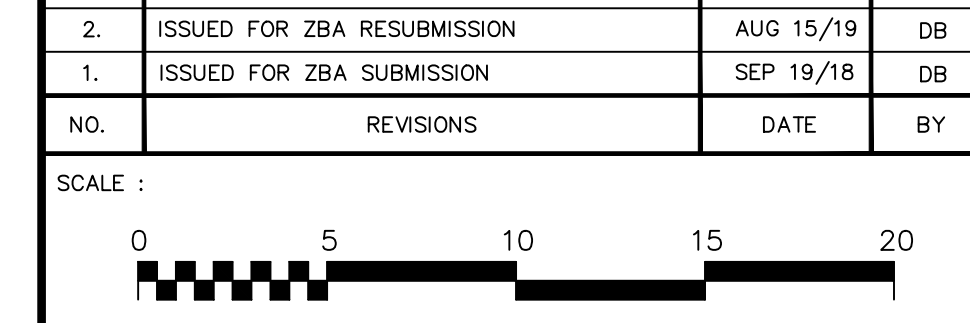


SECTION H-H
SCALE H:1:200 V:1:100



SECTION G-G
SCALE H:1:200 V:1:100

2.	ISSUED FOR ZBA RESUBMISSION	AUG 15/19	DB
1.	ISSUED FOR ZBA SUBMISSION	SEP 19/18	DB
NO.	REVISIONS	DATE	BY



CLIENT:
SPRUCE PARTNERS

PROJECT:
PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL & RETIREMENT HOME DEVELOPMENT
1157-1171 NORTH SHORE BOULEVARD EAST
BURLINGTON, ON

ODAN-DETECH CONSULTING ENGINEERS
The Odan+Detch Group Inc. P: (905) 632-3811 F: (905) 632-3383
8230 SOUTH SERVICE ROAD, BURLINGTON, ONTARIO, L7L 5K2

SCALE: H: 1:200 V: 1:100	PROJ. NO.: 18204	DATE STARTED: MAY 2018	DESIGN BY: D.B.
18204-3B.dwg			DRAWN BY: D.B.
			CHECKED BY: D.C.S.
			APPROVED BY: D.C.S.
			DRWG. NO.: 3 OF 3
ENGINEER			